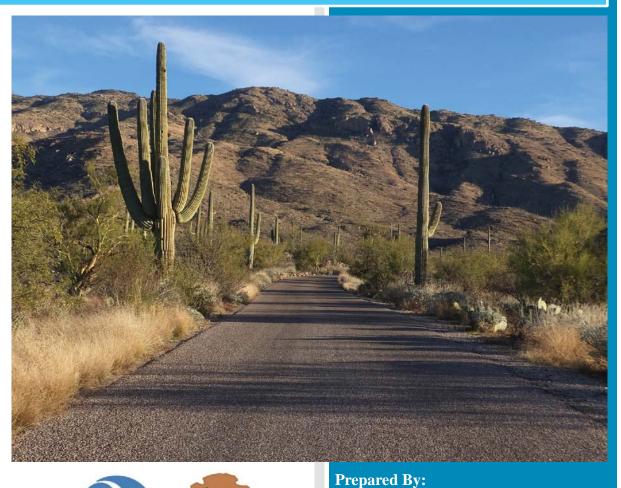


Final Report

Road Inventory and Condition Assessment of Paved Routes Saguaro National Park





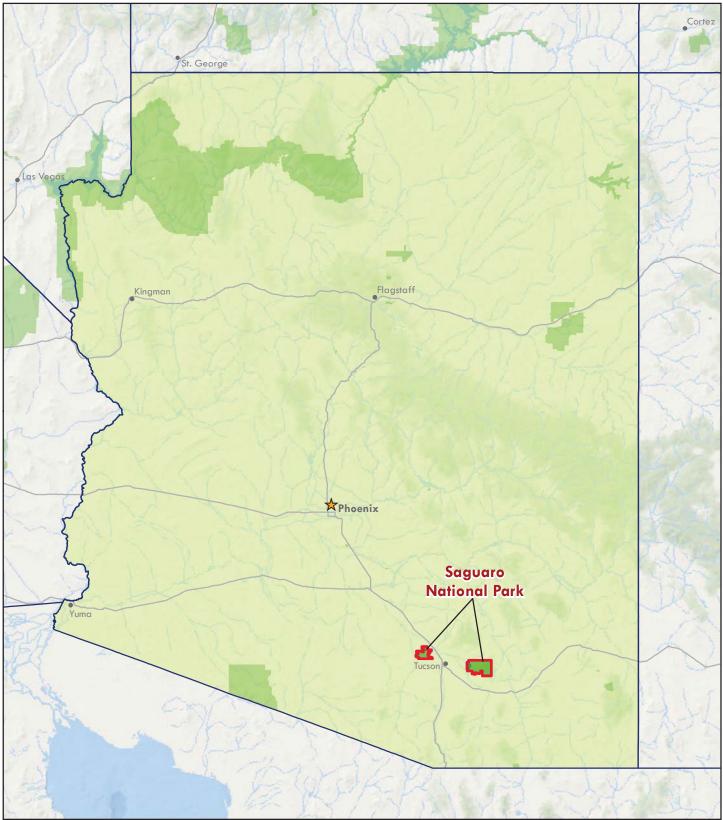
Road Inventory Program (RIP)

Report Date: May 2017

Federal Highway Administration

Eastern Federal Lands Highway Division

Saguaro National Park in Arizona

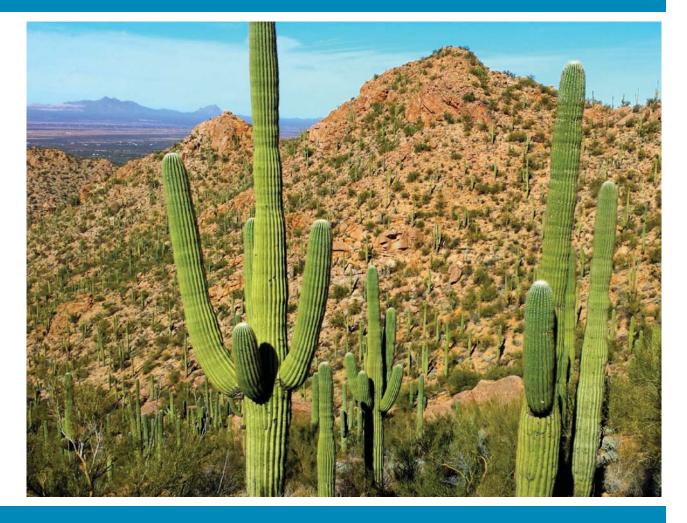


Esri, DeLorme, GEBCO, NOAA NGDC, and other contributors

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Section 1 Introduction



Saguaro National Park



Introduction

The Federal Highway Administration's (FHWA), Road Inventory Program (RIP) inventories all roads and parking areas in the National Park System, and performs condition inspections on all paved roads and parking areas for the National Park Service (NPS). This report contains the results of the Cycle 6 condition assessment of paved roads and parking lots for this park unit. This assessment was done using an automated, state-of-the-art pavement inspection vehicle as well as manual ratings. This information represents the condition of the paved assets at the time of the inspection. The pavement management system utilized by FHWA and the NPS uses these assessments to estimate future conditions and help prioritize pavement maintenance and rehabilitation projects. Further information about RIP data and its role in managing paved roads and bridges can be obtained by contacting the NPS Regional Transportation Program Manager.

A History of the Road Inventory Program:

The FHWA, in the mid-1970s, was charged with the task of identifying surface condition deficiencies and corrective priorities on NPS roads and parkways. Additionally, FHWA was tasked with establishing an integrated maintenance features inventory, locating features such as culverts, guardrails, and signs, among others, along NPS roads and parkways. As a result, in 1976 the NPS and FHWA entered into a Memorandum of Agreement (MOA) which established the RIP. This MOA was revised in 1980 to update RIP data collection standards and develop a long-range program to improve and maintain NPS roads to designated condition standards and establish a pavement management program.

The FHWA completed the initial phase of inventory in the early 1980s. As a result of this effort, each NPS unit included in the collection received a RIP Report known as the "Brown Book" which contained information that was inventoried during this first RIP phase. In the 1990s, a cyclical program was developed, and since then five cycles of collection have been completed. Cycle 6 is currently in progress. A summary of the RIP collection cycles is shown in the table below.

Cycle	Years	Parks Collected
Cycle 1	1994 - 1997	° 44 Large Parks
Cycle 2	1997 - 2001	 79 Large Parks 5 Small Parks
Cycle 3	2001 - 2004	 All Large Parks All Small Parks
Cycle 4	2006 - 2010	 86 Large Parks Several Small Parks
Cycle 5	2010 - 2014	 All Large Parks (Only functional class 1, 2, 7, and new/modified routes collected) All Small Parks (all roads and parking areas collected)
Cycle 6	2014 – 2020 (±)	 All roads and parking areas collected at all Parks Additional partial collections of functional class 1, 2, and 7 roads at Large Parks Cycle 6 is expected to last 6 years

Note: Large Parks have ≥ 10 Paved Miles; Small Parks have < 10 Paved Miles

Since 1984, the Road Inventory Program has been funded through the Federal Lands Highway Park Roads and Parkways (PRP) Program. Currently, coordination of the RIP with Federal Lands Highway (FLH) is under the NPS Washington Headquarters Park Facility Management Division. The FLH Washington office coordinates policy and prepares national reports and needs assessment studies for Congress.

In 1998, the Transportation Equity Act for the 21st Century (TEA-21) amended Title 23 U.S.C., and inserted Section 204(a)(6) requiring the FHWA and NPS, to develop by rule, a Pavement Management System (PMS) applied to park roads and parkways serving the National Park System.

In 2012, the Moving Ahead for Progress in the 21st Century Act (MAP-21) amended Title 23 U.S.C., and under Section 203(c)(1-2) stated that the National Park Service in cooperation with the DOT/FHWA, shall maintain a comprehensive national inventory of their transportation facilities, with the goal of quantifying transportation infrastructure needs within the National Park System.

A History of the Pavement Management System:

In 2005, the FHWA began implementing the use of a pavement management system to assist the NPS in prioritizing Pavement Maintenance and Rehabilitation activities. The system used by FHWA is the Highway Pavement Management Application (HPMA), which has the ability to store inventory and condition data from RIP and forecast future performance using prediction models. Outputs include performance and condition reports at the National, Regional, Park, or Route level. Regional prioritized lists and optimizations have been produced for most regions, and the Service's overall roadway Deferred Maintenance is calculated via the HPMA.

Overview of Cycle 6:

Cycle 6 launched in the spring of 2014 and will again comprise all NPS park units that are served by paved roads and/or parking areas. For Cycle 6, all paved roads (approximately 5,700 miles) and parking areas will be collected in all parks at least once, while the primary routes (functional class 1, 2, and 7 roads) at Large Parks will have additional collections. These multiple collections will provide updated condition data on a majority of the NPS's primary road network and help build a better pavement management system, allowing for more accurate pavement performance prediction models.

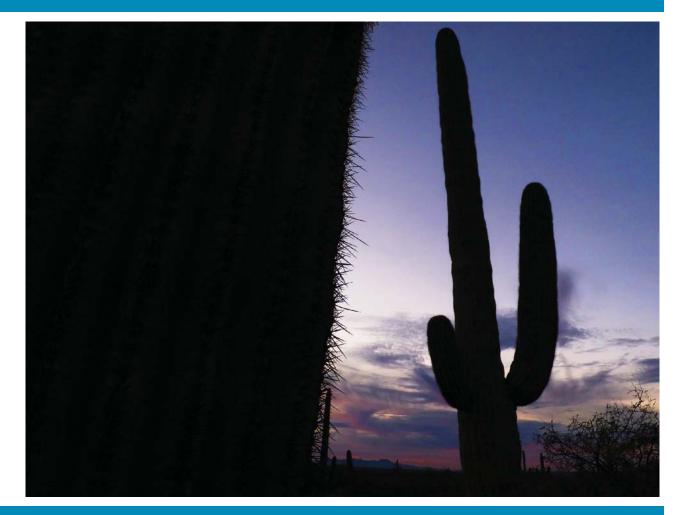
FLH is responsible for the accuracy of all data presented in this report. Any questions or comments concerning the contents of this report should be directed to the national RIP Coordinator located in Sterling, Virginia.

Respectfully,

FHWA RIP Team

FHWA/Eastern Federal Lands 21400 Ridgetop Circle Sterling, VA 20166 (571) 434-1574 FHWA/Central Federal Lands 12300 West Dakota Ave Lakewood, CO 80228 (720) 963-3556

Section 2 Park Route Inventory



Saguaro National Park



Page 1 of 9

Report Date: 05/02/2017

Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
				DCV = Data Collection Vehicle

Red text denotes:

*Unpaved route data was obtained from the NPS and was not collected by the Road Inventory Program (RIP).

DCV = Data Collection Vehicle MRL = Manually Rated Line

MRP = Manually Rated Polygon

PKG = Parking Areas

NC = Not Collected

	ROAD INVENTORY (1100 SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)															
Route No.	Cycle Collected	lteration Collected	FMSS Number	Concessio	Route Name	Route Dese	cription To	Maintenance District	FLTP	Paved Miles	Unpaved Miles	Total Mileage	Function Class	Area (SQ FT)	Surf. Type	Area Map
0010	6	1	78696		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD	FROM SOUTH OLD SPANISH TRAIL / WEST PARK BOUNDARY	TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AND ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	0.17	0.00	0.17	1		AS	2В
0012	6	1	64496		KINNEY ROAD	FROM MILE WIDE ROAD / SOUTH PARK BOUNDARY	TO ROUTE 0501 (SANDARIO ROAD) AT MP 1.58	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	2.74	0.00	2.74	1		AS	1,1A
0100	6	1	78691		JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD	FROM END OF ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AND BEGINNING OF ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)	TO ROUTE 0906 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA PARKING)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	1.65	0.00	1.65	1		AS	2,2A
0101	NC		64500		GOLDEN GATE ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0501 (SANDARIO ROAD) AT MP 1.83	TO ROUTE 0102 (PICTURE ROCKS ROAD) AT MP 0.71	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	6.21	6.21	2		GR	
0102	6	1	64497		PICTURE ROCKS ROAD	FROM WEST PARK BOUNDARY	TO EAST PARK BOUNDARY	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	3.01	0.00	3.01	7		AS	1
0200	NC		78671		MICA VIEW ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 2.09	TO ROUTE 0919 (MICA VIEW PUBLIC PARKING)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.67	0.67	3		NV	
0201	NC		64504		CAM-BOH PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0102 (PICTURE ROCKS ROAD) AT MP 0.04	TO ROUTE 0920 (CAM-BOH PICNIC AREA PARKING)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.06	0.06	3		NV	
0202	NC		78459		EZ-KIM-IN-ZIN PICNIC ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0101 (GOLDEN GATE ROAD)	TO ROUTE 0914 (EZ-KIM-IN-ZIN PICNIC AREA PARKING)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.14	0.14	3		NV	
0203	NC		78444		SIGNAL HILL PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0101 (GOLDEN GATE ROAD)	TO END OF LOOP AT ROUTE 0915 (SIGNAL HILL PICNIC AREA PARKING)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.48	0.48	3		NV	

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
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	ROAD INVENTORY (1100 SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)															
Route No.	Cycle Collected	lteration Collected	FMSS Number	Concessic	Route Name	Route Des	cription To	Maintenance District	FLTP	Paved Miles	Unpaved Miles	Total Mileage	Functior Class	Area (SQ FT)	Surf. Type	Area Map
0204	NC		64502		SUS PICNIC ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0300 (HOHOKAM ROAD)	TO END OF LOOP AT ROUTE 0916 (SUS PICNIC AREA PARKING)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.33	0.33	3		NV	
0205ZZ	6	1	244544		RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD	FROM ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)	TO ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	0.37	0.00	0.37	3		AS	2B
0300	NC		64501		HOHOKAM ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 2.55	TO ROUTE 0101 (GOLDEN GATE ROAD)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	2.32	2.32	3		NV	
0400	6	1	78692		HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AT MP 0.09 ON RIGHT	TO END OF LOOP	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	0.15	0.00	0.15	3		AS	2B
0401	6	1	78694		RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED)	FROM ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)	TO BEGINNING OF ROUTE 0410 (RESIDENCE ROAD (UNPAVED))	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.06	0.00	0.06	6		AS	2B
0402	6	1	64498		RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 0.84	TO ROUTE 0909 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE PARKING)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	0.07	0.00	0.07	5		AS	1A
0403	6	1	78623		RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0402 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD)	TO ROUTE 0910 (RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING)	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	0.10	0.00	0.10	5		AS	1A
0404	NC		78686		MADRONA ACCESS ROAD	FROM GATE AT SOUTH PARK BOUNDARY	TO END OF LOOP / RANGER STATION	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.50	0.50	6		NV	
0405	NC		106112		LOMA ALTA ACCESS ROAD	FROM SOUTH PARK BOUNDARY	TO ROUTE 0930 (LOMA ALTA TRAILHEAD PARKING)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.50	0.50	5		NV	
0406	6	1	110702		HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD	FROM SOUTH OLD SPANISH TRAIL / WEST PARK BOUNDARY	TO ROUTE 0931 (HELI-BASE PARKING)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.07	0.00	0.07	6		AS	2A

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	= Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
				DCV = Data Collection Vehicle

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MRL = Manually Rated Line

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	ROAD INVENTORY (1100 SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)															
Route No.	Cycle Collected	lteration Collected	FMSS Number	Concessic	Route Name	Route Dese	cription To	Maintenance District	FLTP	Paved Miles	Unpaved Miles	Total Mileage	Functior Class	Area (SQ FT)	Surf. Type	Area Map
0407	6	1	110704		HELI-BASE FLIGHTLINE ACCESS ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0406 (HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD)	TO BEGINNING OF ROUTE 0409 (MAGNETIC OBSERVATORY ACCESS ROAD)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.09	0.00	0.09	6		AS	2A
0408	NC		82422		MADRONA UNPAVED ROAD	FROM ROUTE 0404 (MADRONA ACCESS ROAD)	TO DEAD END	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.25	0.25	6		GR	
0409	NC		110707		MAGNETIC OBSERVATORY ACCESS ROAD	FROM END OF ROUTE 0407 (HELI-BASE FLIGHTLINE ACCESS ROAD)	TO END AT LAST BUILDING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.16	0.16	6		NV	
0410	NC		78688		RESIDENCE ROAD (UNPAVED)	FROM END OF ROUTE 0401 (RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED))	TO END AT HORSE CORRAL	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	0.00	0.08	0.08	6		GR	
0500	6	1	78693		CACTUS FOREST DRIVE	FROM INTERSECTION OF ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AND ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)	TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 1.24	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	6.82	0.00	6.82	1		AS	2,2A
0501	6	1	101952		SANDARIO ROAD	FROM MILE WIDE ROAD / SOUTH PARK BOUNDARY	TO RUDASILL ROAD / NORTH PARK BOUNDARY	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	4.52	0.00	4.52	7		AS	1

			5		NON-NP	S ROADS INVENTO	RY				-			
Route No.	Cycle Collected teration	FMSS Number	oncessio	Route Name	Route D	escription To	Maintenance District	FLTP	Paved Miles	Unpaved Miles	d Total 5 Mileage	U 0	Surf. Type	Area Map
								_			· · ·			· · ·
5000	6 1			BROADWAY BOULEVARD	FROM FREEMAN ROAD / WEST PARK BOUNDARY	TO DEAD END	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	1.00	0.00	1.00		AS	2,2B

Page 4 of 9 Report Date: 0	5/02/2017	Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Rou (Numerical By Summary Route and S	Federal Lands Highway Road Inventory Program	
Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	E Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas		
	Red text denotes: *Unpaved route data was obtained fi	rom the NPS and was not collected by the Roac	l Inventory Program (RIP).	DCV = Data Collection Vehicle MRL = Manually Rated Line MRP = Manually Rated Polygon PKG = Parking Areas NC = Not Collected

			5	NON-NP	S ROADS INVENTO	RY				-			
Route No.	Cycle Collected Iteration	FMSS Number	. <u></u>		escription	Maintenance District	LTP	Paved Miles	Unpaved Miles	ی دون Mileage کے ا	Area (SQ FT)	Surf. Type	Area Map
140.	ပ်ပိ≜ပိ	Nomber		From	То	Disirici	Ξ	Miles	Miles	willedge T D	(30(FI)	туре	Mup
5001	6 1		SPEEDWAY BOULEVARD	FROM WENTWORTH ROAD / WEST PARK BOUNDARY	TO ROUTE 0908 (DOUGLAS SPRINGS TRAILHEAD PARKING)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	2.00	0.00	2.00		AS	2

	PARKING AREA INVENTORY (1300 SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)												
Route	Cycle Collected	ration Ilected	FMSS	ncessior		Route De	scription	Maintenance District	FLTP	Access Level	Area (SQ FT)	Surf. Type	Area Map
No.	ပ်ပိ	° ≜	Number	ပိ	Route Name	From	То	Disirici	ш.	Level	(39, FT)	Type	map
0900ZZ	6	1	89923		HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREAS	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	NONPUBLIC	3,331	AS	2B
0901	6	1	89925		MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)	TO MAINTENANCE AREA AND ROUTE 0936 (RINCON MOUNTAIN MAINTENANCE EMPLOYEE PARKING)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	NONPUBLIC	9,569	AS	2В
0902A	6	1	89926		EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING A	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AT MP 0.13 ON RIGHT		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	4,556	AS	2В
0902B	6	1	89928		EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING B	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AT MP 0.13 ON LEFT		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	3,605	AS	2В
0903	6	1	89929		DESERT ECOLOGY TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 2.40		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	5,189	AS	2
0904	6	1	89930		FREEMAN HOMESTEAD TRAILHEAD PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 1.39	TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	4,839	AS	2
0906	6	1	89934		JAVELINA PICNIC AREA PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	17,707	AS	2
0907	NC		89935		TUCSON BASIN INFORMATION PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	2,500	GR	
0908	6	1	89936		DOUGLAS SPRINGS TRAILHEAD PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 5001 (SPEEDWAY BOULEVARD)	TO PARKING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	6,659	AS	2

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	= Concession Route
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	PARKING AREA INVENTORY (1300 SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)												
Route	le lected	lteration Collected	FMSS	Icession		Route De	scription	Maintenance	FLTP	Access	Area	Surf.	Area
No.	ပိ ပိ	Col	Number	Cor	Route Name	From	To District		H	Level	(SQ FT)	Туре	Мар
0909	6	1	89937		RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0402 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	NONPUBLIC	14,466	AS	1A
0910	6	1	89938		RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0403 (RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	31,344	AS	1A
0911	6	1	89941		RED HILLS VISITOR CENTER PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 0.94	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	44,792	AS	1A
0912	6	1	89942		DESERT DISCOVERY NATURE TRAIL PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 1.97		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	2,355	AS	1A
0913	6	1	89943		WILDLIFE WATERHOLE PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 1.30	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	2,883	AS	1A
0914	NC		89944		EZ-KIM-IN-ZIN PICNIC AREA PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0202 (EZ-KIM-IN-ZIN PICNIC ROAD)	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	700	GR	
0915	NC		89945		SIGNAL HILL PICNIC AREA PARKING	ADJACENT TO END OF ROUTE 0203 (SIGNAL HILL PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	2,240	GR	
0916	NC		89946		SUS PICNIC AREA PARKING	ADJACENT TO END OF ROUTE 0204 (SUS PICNIC ROAD)		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	1,230	NV	
0919	NC		89947		MICA VIEW PUBLIC PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0200 (MICA VIEW ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	7,880	NV	
0920	NC		89948		CAM-BOH PICNIC AREA PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0201 (CAM-BOH PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	750	NV	

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



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				-	PAR	KING AREA INVENTORY (1300 SERIES FMSS LOCAT	IONS)					
Route	rcle illected	lteration Collected	FMSS	ncessior		Route De	•	 District	FLTP	Access Level	Area (SQ FT)	Surf. Type	Area Map
No.	ပ်ပိ	≗ °	Number	Con	Route Name	From	То	Disinci		Level	(3971)	Type	map
0921	6	1	104134		DESERT VIEW PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 0.69		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	1,812	AS	1A
0922	6	1	114482		FUTURE GENERATIONS OVERLOOK PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 0.09		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	2,348	AS	2B
0923	6	1	111622		SONORAN DESERT OVERLOOK PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 0.81		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	3,987	AS	2
0924	6	1	111621		CACTUS FOREST OVERLOOK PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 1.59		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	1,643	AS	2
0925	6	1	111623		CACTUS FOREST NORTH TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 2.75		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	3,508	AS	2
0926	6	1	114483		LOMA VERDE TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 3.50		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	3,355	AS	2
0927	6	1	111624		RIPARIAN OVERLOOK PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 4.06		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	1,287	AS	2
0928	6	1	111625		RINCON MOUNTAINS OVERLOOK PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 5.03		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	3,217	AS	2
0929	6	1	111628		JAVELINA ROCKS OVERLOOK PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 6.07	TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	5,870	AS	2
0930	NC		107012		LOMA ALTA TRAILHEAD PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0405 (LOMA ALTA ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	3,375	NV	
0931	6	1	110703		HELI-BASE PARKING	FROM END OF ROUTE 0406 (HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD)	TO PARKING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	NONPUBLIC	12,109	AS	2A
0932	NC		100056		VALLEY VIEW PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0300 (HOHOKAM ROAD)		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	2,100	NV	
0933	NC		105563		HUGH NORRIS TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0300 (HOHOKAM ROAD)		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	1,600	NV	

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Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	1
	Red text denotes:			DCV = Data Collection Vehicle

*Unpaved route data was obtained from the NPS and was not collected by the Road Inventory Program (RIP).

MRL = Manually Rated Line

 $\mathsf{MRP}=\mathsf{Manually}\;\mathsf{Rated}\;\mathsf{Polygon}$

PKG = Parking Areas NC = Not Collected

	PARKING AREA INVENTORY (1300 SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)												
Route No.	le ected	rtion ected	FMSS	cession		Route De	scription	Maintenance	FLTP	Access	Area	Surf.	Area
No.	C C C	ltero Coll	Number	Con	Route Name	From	То	District	19	Level	(SQ FT)	Туре	Мар
0934	NC		105564		SENDERO ESPERANZA TRAILHEAD PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0101 (GOLDEN GATE ROAD)	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	26,800	NV	
0935	6	1	111630		DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.08	TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	4,081	AS	2B
0936	NC		111814		RINCON MOUNTAIN MAINTENANCE EMPLOYEE PARKING	FROM ROUTE 0901 (MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING)	TO PARKING	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	NONPUBLIC	2,000	GR	
0939ZZ	6	1	111629		CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	1,398	AS	2
0940	NC		109219		BROADWAY TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	2,000	GR	
0941	6	1	242905		CONTZEN PASS TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0102 (PICTURE ROCKS ROAD) AT MP 2.42		TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	6,773	AS	1
0942	6	1	242906		EL CAMINO DEL CERRO TRAILHEAD PARKING	FROM END OF EL CAMINO DEL CERRO	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	8,615	AS	1
0943	NC		105560		KING CANYON TRAILHEAD PARKING	FROM KINNEY ROAD (NON NPS)	TO PARKING	TUCSON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	PUBLIC	9,750	GR	
0944ZZ	6	1	242792		RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING AREAS	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205ZZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD)		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	NO	NONPUBLIC	5,734	AS	2В
0945	6	1	244470		SONORAN DESERT NETWORK / KINGSTON PARKING LOT	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205ZZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD)		RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT	YES	PUBLIC	2,442	AS	2B

Page 8 of 9 Report Date: 05/02/2017		Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Rout (Numerical By Summary Route and Su	Federal Lands Highway Road Inventory Program	
Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	= Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
	Red text denotes: *Unpaved route data was obtained from	n the NPS and was not collected by the Road I	nventory Program (RIP).	DCV = Data Collection Vehicle MRL = Manually Rated Line MRP = Manually Rated Polygon PKG = Parking Areas NC = Not Collected

Cycle 6 Summary Totals for Saguaro National Park

Cycle 6 Route Totals									
	NPS Maintained	Concessionaire Maintained	Park Totals						
Paved Roads, Data Collection Vehicle Rated (Miles)	19.82	0	19.82						
Paved Roads, Manually Rated Length (Miles)	0	0	0						
Paved Roads, Manually Rated Area (Sq. Ft.)	0	0	0						
Unpaved Roads (Miles)	11.70	0	11.70						
Paved Parking (Sq. Ft.)	219,474	0	219,474						
Unpaved Parking (Sq. Ft.)	62,925	0	62,925						

Cycle 6 Lane Miles and Overall Pavement Condition							
	Lanes Miles*	Pavement Condition Rating**					
Data Collection Vehicle Routes	34.88	73					
Manually Rated Roads	0	N/A					
Parking Areas	3.78	66					

 \ast Equivalent Lane Miles are calculated by route using the following equations:

**Parking and Manually Rated Routes are assigned the following PCR values based on the type of observed distresses:

- DCV and MRLs = - MRPs and PKGs =

- = (PAVE_WIDTH x PAVED_MI) / 11 foot lane = SQ_FEET / 5280 / 11 foot lane
- -Excellent = 97 -Good = 90 -Fair = 73 -Poor = 53, 30, or 0 -Construction / Not Rated = -1

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

Cycle 6 NPS / RIP Route ID Report

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Non-NPS Routes	Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
	Red text denotes:			DCV = Data Collection Vehicle MRL = Manually Rated Line

Conoral Dark Doad Eurotional Classification (EC) Table

*Unpaved route data was obtained from the NPS and was not collected by the Road Inventory Program (RIP).

MRP = Manually Rated Polygon

PKG = Parking Areas NC = Not Collected

FC	C Type User Access		Description	Route Numbers	Surface Types	
1	Principal Park Road Rural Parkway	Public	Roads which constitute the main access route, circulatory tour, or thoroughfare for park visitors. Rural Parkways (e.g. Natchez Trace) are numbered 0001 - 0009.	0001 - 0009 0010 - 0099	AS - Asphaltic Concrete Pavement	
2	Connector Park Road	Public	Roads which provide access within a park to areas of scenic, scientific, recreational or cultural interest, such as overlooks, campgrounds, etc.	0100 - 0199	BR - Brick or Pavers Road Bed CB - Cobble Stone Road Bed	
3	Special Purpose Park Road	Public	Roads which provide circulation within public areas, such as campgrounds, picnic areas, visitor center complexes, concessionaire facilities, etc. These roads generally serve low-speed traffic and are often designed for one-way circulation.	0200 - 0299	CO - Portland Cement Concrete Pavement GR - Gravel Road Bed	
4	Primitive Park Road	Public	Roads which provide circulation through remote areas and/or access to primitive campgrounds and undeveloped areas. These roads frequently have no minimum design standards and their use may be limited to specially equipped vehicles. Note: Functional Classes 3 and 4 have the same route numbers because, historically, they were numbered similarly.	0200 - 0299	NV - Native or Dirt Material Road Bed	
5	Administrative Park Road	Public	All public roads intended for access to administrative developments or structures such as park offices, employee quarters, or utility areas.	0400 - 0499	OT - Other Materials Road Bed	
6	Administrative Park Road (Restricted Access)	Nonpublic	All roads normally closed to the public, including patrol roads, truck trails, and other similar roads. Note: Functional Classes 5 and 6 have the same route numbers because historically they were numbered similarly and often there is little distinction between these routes. For example, because utility areas and employee housing are often closed to the public, this restriction would result in classification of FC 6 rather than FC 5.	0400 - 0499		
7	Urban Parkway	Public	These facilities serve high volumes of park and non-park related traffic and are restricted, limited-access facilities in an urban area. This category of roads primarily encompasses the major parkways which serve as gateways to our nation's capital. Other major park roads or portions thereof, however, may be included in this category.	0001 - 0009		
8	City Street	Public	City streets are usually extensions of the adjoining street system that are owned and maintained by the National Park Service. The construction and/or reconstruction should conform with accepted local engineering practice and local conditions.	0600 - 0699		
N/A	Non-NPS Roads	Public	State, County, or City owned roads which border, traverse, or provide access to Park Facilities or Locations. Non-NPS roads are not assigned functional classes and are driven for GPS and Video Log only.	5000 - 5999		
	L	<u> </u>	L			

A park road system contains those roads within or giving access to a park or other unit of the NPS which are administered by the NPS, or by the Service in cooperation with other agencies. The assignment of a functional classification (FC) to a park road is not based on traffic volumes or design speed, but on the intended use or function of that road or route.

The historic route numbering system also included a 300 series for interpretive roads, and a 500 series for one-way roads. There are approximately 250 roads nationwide which are designated by the 300 and 500 series. The numbers for these roads will be maintained for reporting consistency. However, since these interpretive and one-way routes are not as clearly tied to a specific functional class, the 300 and 500 series will be discontinued for future use.

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

NPS / RIP Subcomponent Details for SAGU

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Paved Routes, Non-NPS	Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
	Red text denotes: *Unpaved route data was obtained from	n the NPS and was not collected by the Road In	ventory Program (RIP).	DCV = Data Collection Vehicle MRL = Manually Rated Line MRP = Manually Rated Polygon PKG = Parking Areas

NC = Not Collected

		-	-	ion	SUMMARY ROUTE IN	IVENTORY FOR ROADS (11	00 SERIES FMSS LOCATION	IS)				nal	
Route Number	FMSS Number	Cycle Collected	Iteration Collected	Concess	Route Name	Route De	escription To	FLTP	Paved Miles	Unpaved Miles		Functio Class	Area (SQ FT)
0205ZZ	244544	6	1		RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD	FROM ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)	TO ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)	YES	0.37	0.00	0.37	3	

				r.	SUMMARY ROUTE INVEN	ITORY FOR PARKING AREAS (1300	SERIES FMSS LOCATIONS)			
Route Number	FMSS Number	Cycle Collected	lteration Collected	Concessic	Route Name	Route Descr	ription To	FLTP -	User Access	Area (SQ FT)
0900ZZ	89923	6	1		HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREAS	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)		NO	NONPUBLIC	3,331
0939ZZ	111629	6	1		CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90		YES	PUBLIC	1,398
0944ZZ	242792	6	1		RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING AREAS	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205ZZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD)		NO	NONPUBLIC	5,734

SAGU-	0205ZZ	Z Su	bco	mp	oonent Breakdown							a	
Route	FMSS Number	ile lected	ation lected	Icessic		Route Des	scription	_ ~		Unpaved	Total	nction Iss	Area
Number	Number	ပိုပ္ပို	lter Col	ç	Route Name	From	То	FLT	Miles	Miles	Mileage	Ъ. С	(SQ FT)
0205AZ	244544	6	1		SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP	FROM END OF ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD) ON LEFT	TO ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)	YES	0.23	0.00	0.23	3	
0205BZ	244544	6	1		SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP	FROM ROUTE 0205AZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP) AT MP 0.10	TO ROUTE 0205AZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP) AT MP 0.14	YES	0.15	0.00	0.15	3	

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Report Date: 05/02/2017

NPS / RIP Subcomponent Details for SAGU

(Numerical By Summary Route and Subcomponent #)



Shading Color Key	White = Paved Routes, DCV Driven	Grey = Paved Routes, DCV not Driven	Black = Paved Routes, Non-NPS	Concession Route
	Yellow = Unpaved Routes, DCV not Driven	Blue = Paved Parking Areas	Green = Unpaved Parking Areas	
	Red text denotes: *Unpaved route data was obtained from	n the NPS and was not collected by the Road Inv	entory Program (RIP).	DCV = Data Collection Vehicle MRL = Manually Rated Line MRP = Manually Rated Polygon PKG = Parking Areas NC = Not Collected

SAGU Saguaro National Park

SAGU-0900ZZ Subcomponent Breakdown

Route Number	FMSS Number	Cycle Collected	lteration Collected	Concession	Route Name	Route Desc	ription To	FLTP	User Access	Area (SQ FT)
0900AZ	89923	6	1		HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA A	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD) ON RIGHT		NO	NONPUBLIC	786
0900BZ	89923	6	1		HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA B	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD) ON LEFT		NO	NONPUBLIC	1,449
0900CZ	89923	6	1		HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA C	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD) ON LEFT		NO	NONPUBLIC	1,096

SAGU-	0939ZZ	Z Su	bco	mr	oonent Breakdown					
Route	FMSS Number	cle lected	ation lected	ncessio		Route Desc	ription	~	User	
Number	Number	δ̈́ð	lter Col	Ŝ	Route Name	From	То	FLT	Access	(SQ FT)
0939AZ	111629	6	1		CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING A	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90 ON LEFT		YES	PUBLIC	584
0939BZ	111629	6	1		CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING B	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90 ON RIGHT		YES	PUBLIC	814

SAGU-0944ZZ Subcomponent Breakdown

Route	FMSS	le lected	ation llected	ncessio		Route Desc	ription	0	User	Area
Number	Number	0 C C	lterati Collec	Cor	Route Name	From	То	FLTI	Access	(SQ FT)
0944AZ	242792	6	1		RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING A	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205BZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP) ON RIGHT		NO	NONPUBLIC	1,546
0944BZ	242792	6	1		RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING B	ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205BZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP) ON LEFT		NO	NONPUBLIC	4,188

Route Identification Changes to Paved Routes from Previous Cycle Saguaro National Park

	ROU	JTES ADDED FROM PF	REVIOUS INVENTORY:
Route No.	Route Name	Type of Change	Comments
0205ZZ	RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD	OTHER	PAVED ROAD ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0501	SANDARIO ROAD	OTHER	PAVED ROAD ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0922	FUTURE GENERATIONS OVERLOOK PARKING	OTHER	PAVED PARKING AREA WAS REMOVED IN CYCLE 5. IT WAS ADDED BACK TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0923	SONORAN DESERT OVERLOOK PARKING	OTHER	PAVED PARKING AREA WAS REMOVED IN CYCLE 5. IT WAS ADDED BACK TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0926	LOMA VERDE TRAILHEAD PARKING	OTHER	PAVED PARKING AREA WAS REMOVED IN CYCLE 5. IT WAS ADDED BACK TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0939ZZ	CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING	OTHER	PAVED PARKING ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0941	CONTZEN PASS TRAILHEAD PARKING	OTHER	PAVED PARKING ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0942	EL CAMINO DEL CERRO TRAILHEAD PARKING	OTHER	PAVED PARKING ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0944ZZ	RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING AREAS	OTHER	PAVED PARKING ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
0945	SONORAN DESERT NETWORK / KINGSTON PARKING LOT	OTHER	PAVED PARKING ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
5000	BROADWAY BOULEVARD	OTHER	NON-NPS ROAD ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.
5001	SPEEDWAY BOULEVARD	OTHER	NON-NPS ROAD ADDED TO THE INVENTORY IN CYCLE 6.

	ROUTES MODIFIED FROM PREVIOUS INVENTORY:						
Route No.	Route Name	Type of Change	Comments				
0100	JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD		FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGED FROM 2 TO 1 BECAUSE IT IS A PRIMARY TOUR ROAD FOR THE VISITING PUBLIC.				

Route Identification Changes to Paved Routes from Previous Cycle Saguaro National Park

	ROUT	TES MODIFIED FROM P	REVIOUS INVENTORY:
Route No.	Route Name	Type of Change	Comments
0401	RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED)	LENGTH CHANGE	UNPAVED LENGTH REMOVED FROM ROUTE 0401 BECAUSE THE UNPAVED SECTION IS ROUTE 0410.
0402	RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD	FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGE	FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGED FROM 6 TO 5 BECAUSE THE PUBLIC HAS ACCESS TO THE EDUCATION CENTER AT ROUTE 0910.
0403	RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD	FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGE	FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGED FROM 6 TO 5 BECAUSE THE PUBLIC HAS ACCESS TO THE EDUCATION CENTER AT ROUTE 0910.
0500	CACTUS FOREST DRIVE	FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGE	FUNCTIONAL CLASS CHANGED FROM 2 TO 1 BECAUSE IT IS A PRIMARY TOUR ROAD FOR THE VISITING PUBLIC.
0906	JAVELINA PICNIC AREA PARKING	SQ FEET CHANGE	IMPROVED GPS COLLECTED AND SQUARE FOOTAGE UPDATED.
0907	TUCSON BASIN INFORMATION PARKING	SURFACE TYPE CHANGE	ROUTE WAS MISIDENTIFIED IN CYCLE 4 AND WAS COLLECTED AS "DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING" (ROUTE 0935 IN CYCLE 6). ROUTE 0907 IS NOW SHOWN AS UNPAVED.
0909	RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE PARKING	SQ FEET CHANGE	IMPROVED GPS COLLECTED AND SQUARE FOOTAGE UPDATED.
0910	RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING	OTHER	CHANGED FROM NONPUBLIC TO PUBLIC BECAUSE PUBLIC CAN ACCESS THE EDUCATION CENTER.
0925	CACTUS FOREST NORTH TRAILHEAD PARKING	ROUTE NAME	ROUTE NAME CHANGED FROM "CACTUS FOREST NORTH OVERLOOK PARKING" IN ORDER TO MATCH THE NAME IN FMSS.
0935	DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING	ROUTE NUMBER	PARKING AREA WAS IDENTIFIED INCORRECTLY AS ROUTE 0907 IN PREVIOUS CYCLES. ROUTE NUMBER CHANGED FROM 0907 TO 0935.

Section 3 Park Summary Information



Saguaro National Park



Parkwide Paved Route Condition Summary Saguaro National Park

Table 1: Paved Route Miles and Parking Area Square Footages by Access Level and PCR

	POOR (PCR of 0 - 60)	FAIR (PCR of 61 - 84)	GOOD (PCR of 85 - 94)	EXCELLENT (PCR of 95 -100)	
		PAVED	ROADS		
Functional Class	Length (miles)	Length (miles)	Length (miles)	Length (miles)	Total Mileage by FC
1	0.26	1.22	2.62	7.22	11.32
2					
3	0.43	0.09			0.52
4					
5				0.17	0.17
6	0.12	0.10			0.22
7	5.79	1.74			7.53
8					
Total Mileage by PCR	6.60	3.15	2.62	7.39	19.76
		PAVED P	ARKING		
Access Level	Area (sq. ft.)	Area (sq. ft.)	Area (sq. ft.)	Area (sq. ft.)	Total Area
PUBLIC	47,495	93,201	33,569		174,265
NONPUBLIC	40,332	1,096	3,781		45,209
Total Area by PCR	87,827	94,297	37,350	0	219,474

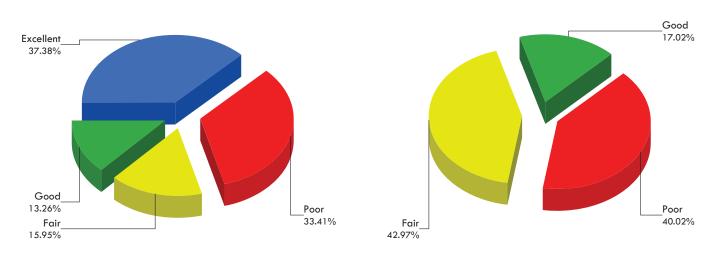
Breakdown of Pavement Condition Rating (PCR) Based on Access Level

NOTES:

1. Data are reported in the table only for paved roads and parking lots that received a condition rating.

2. Non-linear roads (MRP collected routes) are measured by area and converted to equivalent route miles based on a 22-ft pavement width in order to be included in the mileage totals for paved roads shown above.

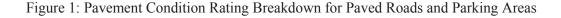
3. Quantities in the table above are derived from the route condition data within the PMS_20, PMS_MRL, PMS_MRP, and PMS_PKG tables in the Park geodatabase.



Parkwide Condition Percentages

Road Condition Percentages

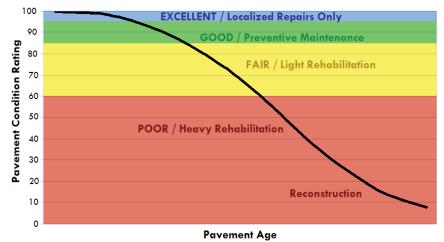
Parking Area Condition Percentages



Explanation of the Excellent, Good, Fair, and Poor Condition Descriptions

The Road Inventory Program aims to provide assistance in translating the excellent / good / fair / poor rating categories into pavement needs categories. The PCR can be used to indicate the place in the Pavement Life Cycle and the type of treatments that should be considered now and into the future.

- Excellent / New: PCR of 95-100
 - o Pavements in this range will require only spot repairs
- Good: PCR of 85-94
 - o Pavements in this range will likely be candidates for Preventive Maintenance. Examples include Chip and Slurry Seals, Micro Surfacing and Thin Overlays.
- Fair: PCR of 61-84
 - Pavements in this range will likely be candidates of Light Rehabilitation (L3R). Examples include singlelift overlays up to 2.5 inches in total thickness, milling and overlays.
- Poor: PCR of 0-60
 - Pavements in this range will likely be candidates of Heavy Rehabilitation or Reconstruction (H3R or 4R).
 Examples include Pulverization, Multiple Lift Overlays, and Reconstruction.



CONDITION CATEGORIES AND TREATMENTS

At this time, specific Maintenance and Rehabilitation activities should be evaluated and recommended at the project level. Site-specific conditions that influence treatment type should be determined based on performing a subsurface investigation and/or pavement condition survey, and not be based solely on RIP data. Additionally, RIP produces a snapshot of conditions at the time in which the data were collected. For further information or to obtain additional Pavement Management System's data from our Highway Pavement Management Application (HPMA) please contact the Eastern Federal Lands pavement team.



Cycle 6 - Road Inventory Program

Road Condition Summary Report for Data Collection Vehicle (DCV) Rated Roads

Saguaro National Park

Condition (Rating / Index) Legend

EXCELLENT (95 - 100)
GOOD (85 - 94)
FAIR (61 - 84)
POOR (0 - 60)
NR = NOT RATED

Notes:

• This condition summary report contains only the roads rated with the Data Collection Vehicle (DCV).

• Condition on roads that were manually rated and parking areas are shown in separate reports.

• Additional details on individual road ratings can be found in Section 5 of the Cycle 6 RIP Report.

• Refer to the RIP Report Appendix for an explanation of the rating system and rating methods.

Route No.	<u>Route-</u> FMSS No.	Level Condition for Roads Rated with the Data Colle Route Name	Functional	Surf. Type	Paved Length (Miles)	Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	Structural Crack Index	Alligator Crack Index	Longitudinal Cracking Index	Transverse Cracking Index	Patch / Pothole Index	Rutting Index
SAGU-0010	78696	RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD	1	AS	0.17	90	NR	90	93	100	93	90	100	94
SAGU-0012	64496	KINNEY ROAD	1	AS	2.74	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
SAGU-0100	78691	JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD	1	AS	1.65	9 1	84	96	98	100	98	96	100	98
SAGU-0102	64497	PICTURE ROCKS ROAD	7	AS	3.01	56	63	52	70	99	71	52	100	95
SAGU-0205AZ	244544	SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP	3	AS	0.23	0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
SAGU-0205BZ	244544	SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP	3	AS	0.15	0	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR	NR
SAGU-0400	78692	HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD	3	AS	0.15	64	NR	64	91	100	91	64	100	92
SAGU-0401	78694	RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED)	6	AS	0.06	60	NR	60	68	100	68	60	100	93
SAGU-0402	64498	RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD	5	AS	0.07	100	NR	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
SAGU-0403	78623	RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD	5	AS	0.10	99	NR	99	100	100	100	100	100	99
SAGU-0406	110702	HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD	6	AS	0.07	45	NR	45	99	100	99	45	99	94
SAGU-0407	110704	HELI-BASE FLIGHTLINE ACCESS ROAD	6	AS	0.09	66	NR	66	99	100	99	66	100	96
SAGU-0500	78693	CACTUS FOREST DRIVE	1	AS	6.82	97	NR	97	100	100	100	97	100	99
SAGU-0501	101952	SANDARIO ROAD	7	AS	4.52	37	92	0	79	100	79	0	100	98



Cycle 6 - Road Inventory Program

Parking Area Condition Summary Report

Saguaro National Park

Notes:

- A PCR of 0 indicates a paved parking area in very poor condition. Individual distresses could not be identified.
- Additional details on individual parking areas can be found in Section 6 of the Cycle 6 RIP Report.
- Refer to the RIP Report Appendix for an explanation of the rating system and rating methods.

Condition (Rating / Index) Legend

EXCELLENT (97)	
GOOD (90)	
FAIR (73)	
POOR* (0, 30, 53)	
NR = NOT RATED	

							Asphalt Surface Distresses Concrete S					ete Su	Surface Distresses			
Route No.	FMSS No.	Condition Rating Details for Parking Areas Route Name	User Access	Surf. Type	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	Alligator Cracking	Longitudinal / Tranverse Cracking	Rutting / Distortions	Potholes / Patching	HMA Patching	Surface Raveling / Bleeding	Joint Faulting	Slab Cracking	Joint Distresses	Delamination / Pop-Outs Potholes / Patching
SAGU-0900AZ	89923	HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA A	NONPUBLIC	AS	786	90	97	90	97	97	97	97				
SAGU-0900BZ	89923	HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA B	NONPUBLIC	AS	1,449	90	97	90	90	90	97	90				
SAGU-0900CZ	89923	HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA C	NONPUBLIC	AS	1,096	73	97	90	90	90	97	73				
SAGU-0901	89925	MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING	NONPUBLIC	AS	9,569	53	53	53	90	90	97	90				
SAGU-0902A	89926	EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING A	PUBLIC	AS	4,556	73	97	90	90	97	97	73				
SAGU-0902B	89928	EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING B	PUBLIC	AS	3,605	73	97	90	90	97	97	73				
SAGU-0903	89929	DESERT ECOLOGY TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	5,189	90	97	90	90	97	97	90				
SAGU-0904	89930	FREEMAN HOMESTEAD TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	4,839	73	97	90	90	97	97	73				
SAGU-0906	89934	JAVELINA PICNIC AREA PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	17,707	73	97	90	73	97	97	73				
SAGU-0908	89936	DOUGLAS SPRINGS TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	6,659	53	73	53	90	73	97	73				
SAGU-0909	89937	RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE PARKING	NONPUBLIC	AS	14,466	53	97	53	90	97	97	90				
SAGU-0910	89938	RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	31,344	53	90	53	90	97	97	90				
SAGU-0911	89941	RED HILLS VISITOR CENTER PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	44,792	73	97	90	73	97	97	90				
SAGU-0912	89942	DESERT DISCOVERY NATURE TRAIL PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	2,355	53	90	53	73	97	97	90				
SAGU-0913	89943	WILDLIFE WATERHOLE PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	2,883	53	73	53	73	97	97	90				
SAGU-0921	104134	DESERT VIEW PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	1,812	53	90	53	73	97	97	90				
SAGU-0922	114482	FUTURE GENERATIONS OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	2,348	90	97	90	97	97	97	90				
SAGU-0923	111622	SONORAN DESERT OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	3,987	90	97	90	90	97	97	90				
SAGU-0924	111621	CACTUS FOREST OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	1,643	90	97	90	97	97	97	90				
SAGU-0925	111623	CACTUS FOREST NORTH TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	3,508	90	97	90	90	97	97	90				
SAGU-0926	114483	LOMA VERDE TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	3,355	90	97	90	90	97	97	90				
SAGU-0927	111624	RIPARIAN OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	1,287	90	97	97	97	97	97	90				
SAGU-0928	111625	RINCON MOUNTAINS OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	3,217	73	97	90	97	97	97	73				
SAGU-0929	111628	JAVELINA ROCKS OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	5,870	73	97	90	90	97	97	73				
SAGU-0931	110703	HELI-BASE PARKING	NONPUBLIC	AS	12,109	53	97	53	73	97	90	73				
SAGU-0935	111630	DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	4,081	90	97	90	90	97	97	90				



Cycle 6 - Road Inventory Program

Parking Area Condition Summary Report

Saguaro National Park

Notes:

- A PCR of 0 indicates a paved parking area in very poor condition. Individual distresses could not be identified.
- Additional details on individual parking areas can be found in Section 6 of the Cycle 6 RIP Report.
- Refer to the RIP Report Appendix for an explanation of the rating system and rating methods.

Condition (Rating / Index) Legend

EXCELLENT (97)	
GOOD (90)	
FAIR (73)	
POOR* (0, 30, 53)	
NR = NOT RATED	

			Asphalt Surface Distresses				Concrete Surface Distresses										
Route No.	FMSS No.	Condition Rating Details for Parking Areas Route Name	User Access	Surf. Type	Area (Sq. Ft.)	Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)		Longitudinal / Tranverse Cracking	Rutting / Distortions	Potholes / Patching	HMA Patching	Surface Raveling / Bleeding	Joint Faulting	Slab Cracking	Joint Distresses	Pop-Outs	Potholes / Patching
SAGU-0939AZ	111629	CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING A	PUBLIC	AS	584	90	97	90	97	97	97	90					
SAGU-0939BZ	111629	CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING B	PUBLIC	AS	814	90	97	90	97	97	97	90					
SAGU-0941	242905	CONTZEN PASS TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	6,773	90	97	90	90	97	97	90					
SAGU-0942	242906	EL CAMINO DEL CERRO TRAILHEAD PARKING	PUBLIC	AS	8,615	73	90	90	90	73	97	73					
SAGU-0944AZ	242792	RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING A	NONPUBLIC	C AS	1,546	90	97	90	97	97	97	97					
SAGU-0944BZ	242792	RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING B	NONPUBLIC	C AS	4,188	0											
SAGU-0945	244470	SONORAN DESERT NETWORK / KINGSTON PARKING LOT	PUBLIC	AS	2,442	0											

Section 4 Park Route Location Maps

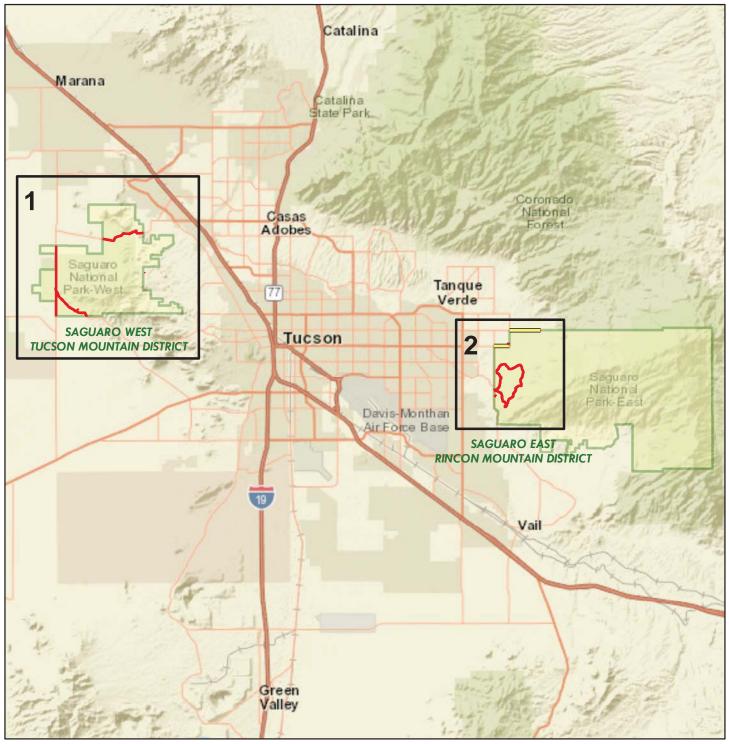


Saguaro National Park



ROUTE LOCATION MAP

Key Map

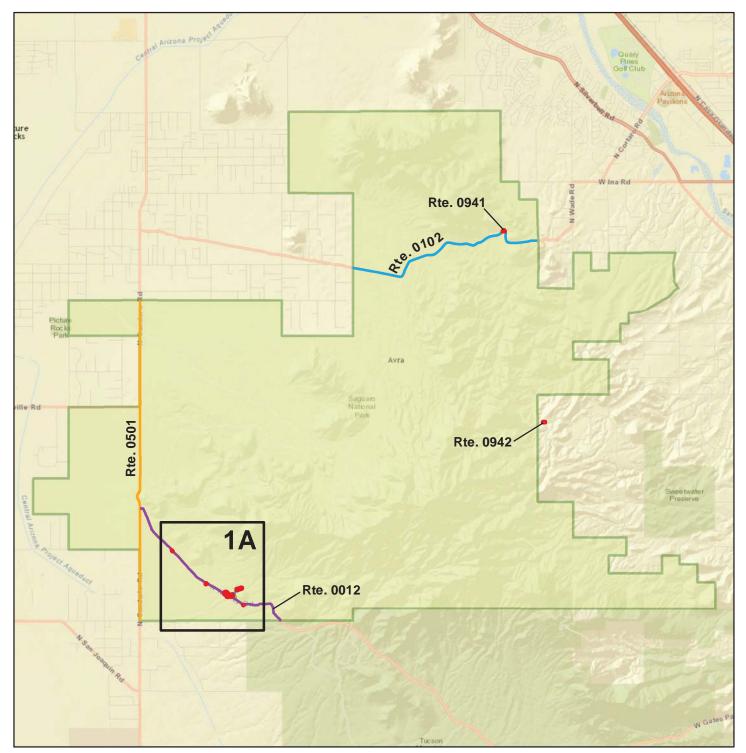


Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

	NPS Collected Routes =	Non-NPS Collected Rout	es
	Miles		N
0	20	40	\wedge

ROUTE LOCATION MAP

Map 1



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User

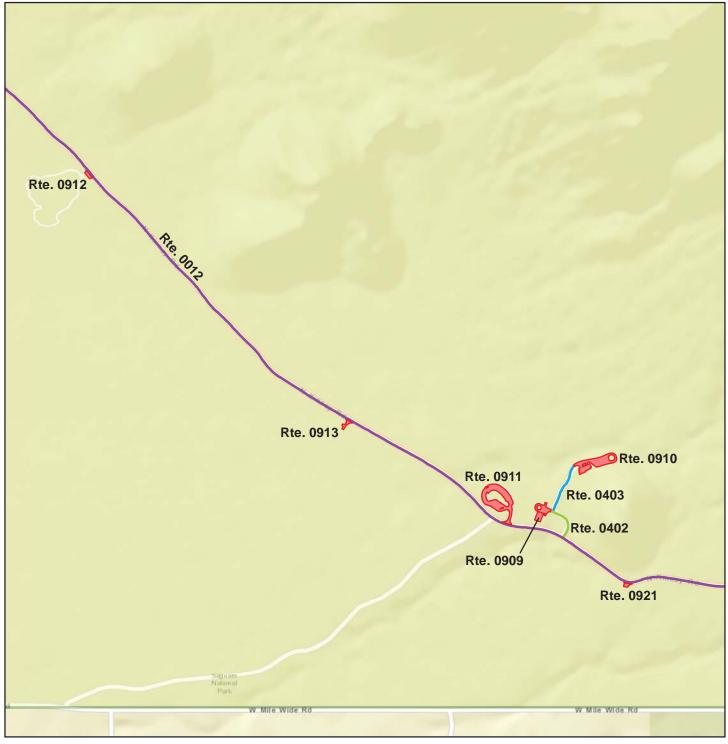
Note: Unique colors are used to differentiate roads



N

Non-NPS Collected Routes

ROUTE LOCATION MAP Map 1A



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User

1

Note: Unique colors are used to differentiate roads

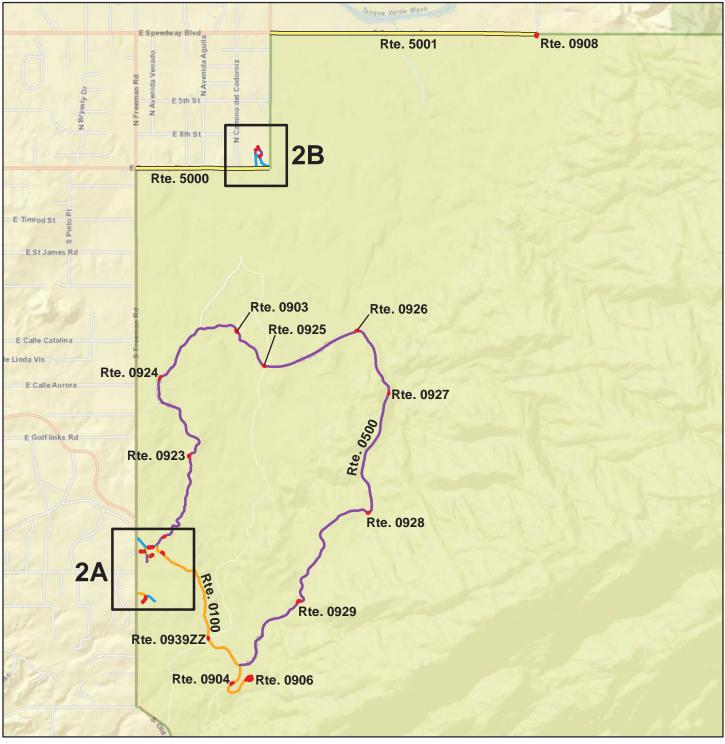
Miles 0.5 Non-NPS Collected Routes

0

N

ROUTE LOCATION MAP

Map 2



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User

Note: Unique colors are used to differentiate roads

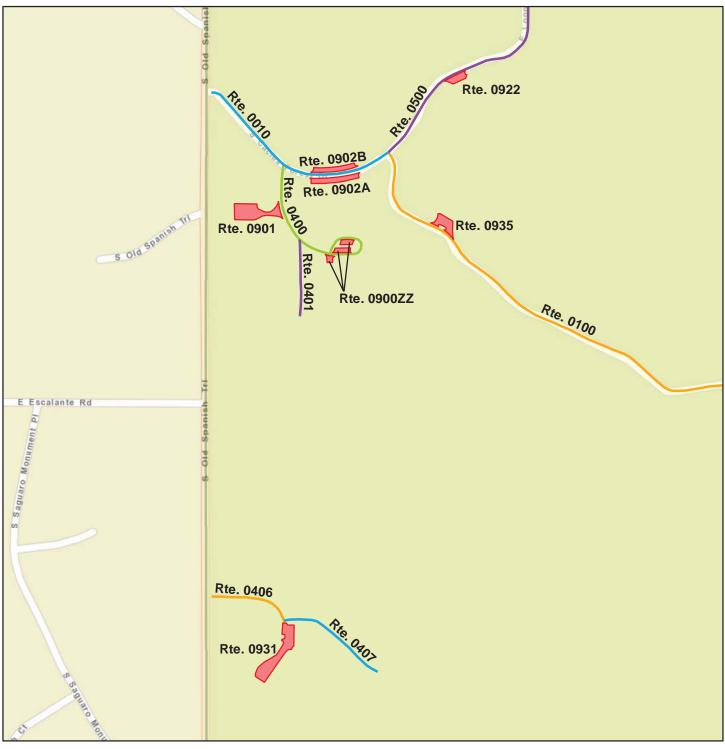
Non-NPS Collected Routes

Miles 2



ROUTE LOCATION MAP

Map 2A



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User

Note: Unique colors are used to differentiate roads

Non-NPS Collected Routes

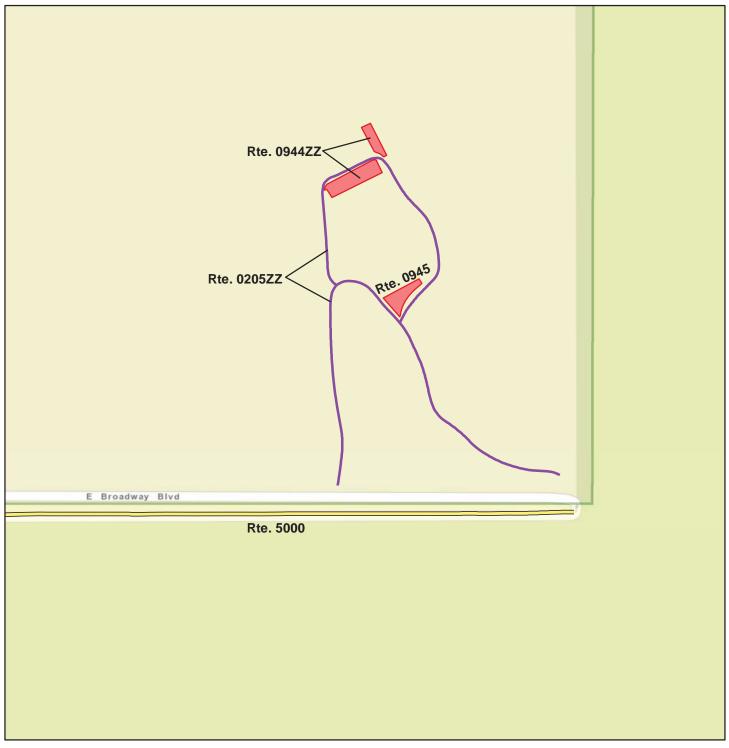
M_1	les
0.	2

0.4

N

ROUTE LOCATION MAP

Map 2B



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User

Note: Unique colors are used to differentiate roads

0

Non-NPS Collected Routes

Miles

N

ROUTE CONDITION MAP PCR - MILE BY MILE

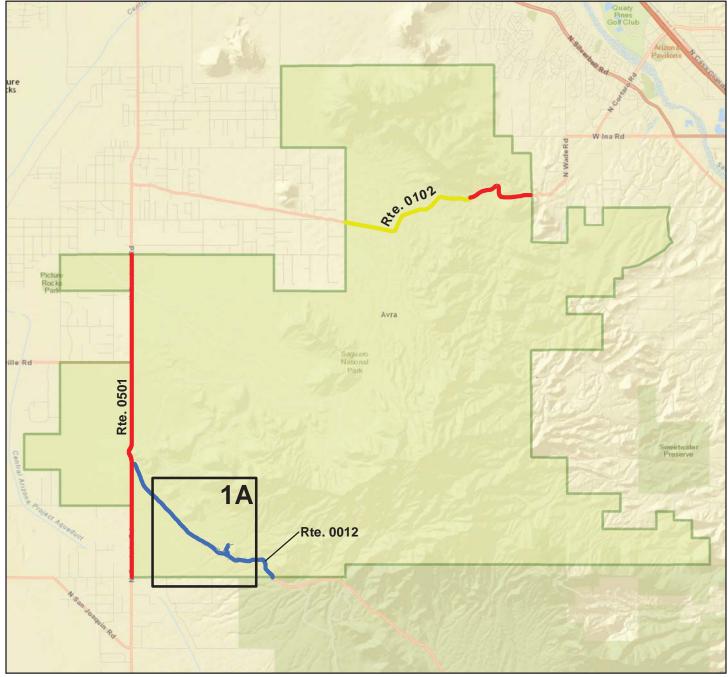
Кеу Мар



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

	Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)								
	Poor (0 - 60)	Fair (61- 84)	Good (85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated				
-		11	endix for definitions and						
		Only Data Collection V	Vehicle and Manually Rat	ed Roads are displayed					
		Miles			Ņ				
0		20		40					
0		20		40					
					4-7				

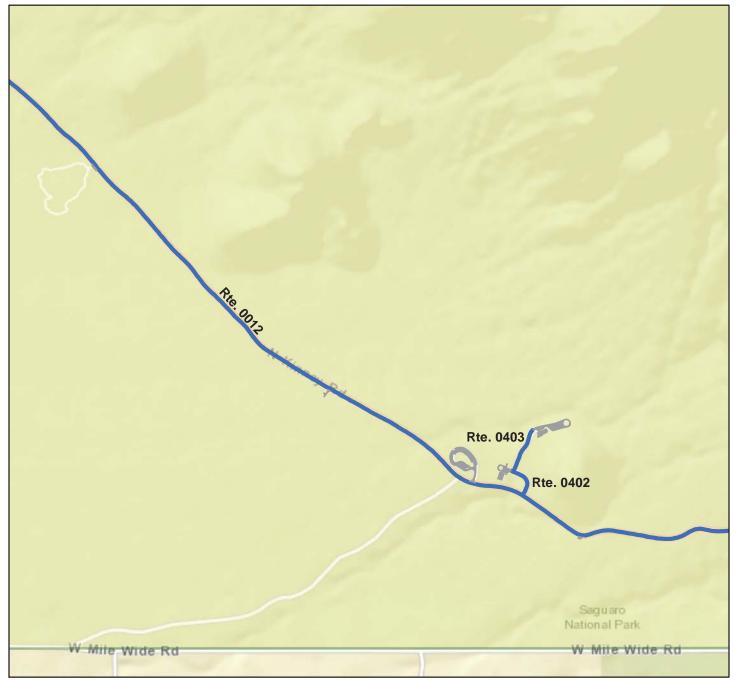
ROUTE CONDITION MAP PCR - MILE BY MILE Area Map 1



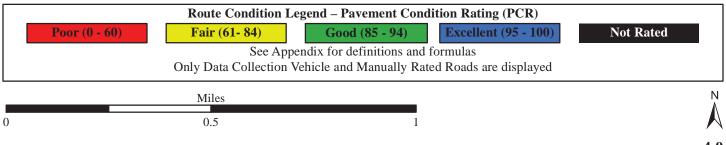
Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

	Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)Poor (0 - 60)Fair (61- 84)Good (85 - 94)Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated							
	See Appendix for definitions and formulas Only Data Collection Vehicle and Manually Rated Roads are displayed								
	Miles] Ņ							
0	4 8	\wedge							

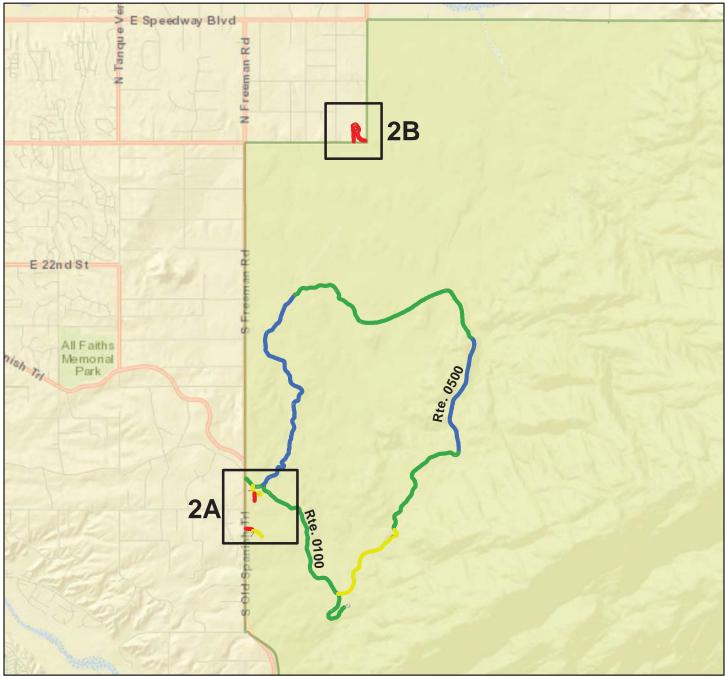
ROUTE CONDITION MAP PCR - MILE BY MILE Area Map 1A



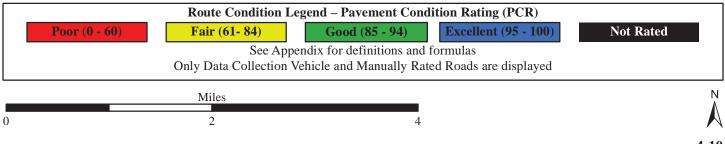
Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



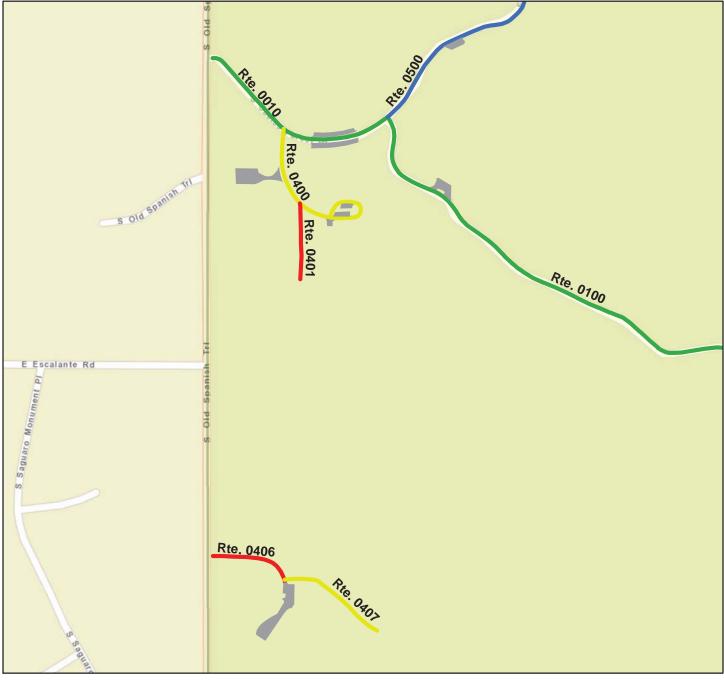
ROUTE CONDITION MAP PCR - MILE BY MILE Area Map 2



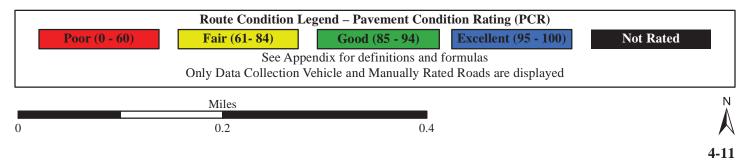
Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



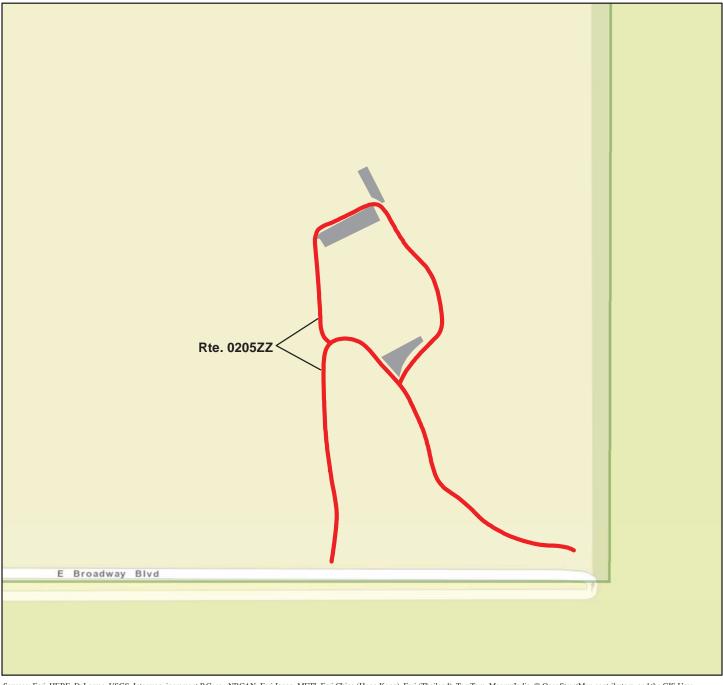
ROUTE CONDITION MAP PCR - MILE BY MILE Area Map 2A



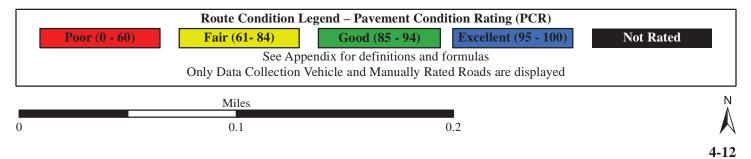
Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



ROUTE CONDITION MAP PCR - MILE BY MILE Area Map 2B



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, USGS, Intermap, increment P Corp., NRCAN, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), Esri (Thailand), TomTom, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community



Section 5 Paved Road Condition Rating Sheets



Saguaro National Park



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0010: RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (61- 84) Good	(85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated		
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0				
Paved Length (Miles): 0.17	Section Length (MI)	0.17				
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary		• •	•		
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	90	90				
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	90	90				
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A				
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	93	93				
Alligator Crack Index	100	100				
Longitudinal Crack Index	93	93				
Transverse Cracking Index	90	90				
Patching Index	100	100				
Rutting Index	94	94				
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A				
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	2	2				
Paved Width (ft)	24.2	24.2				
Lane Width (ft)	11.2	11.2				

ROUTE 0012: KINNEY ROAD



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated	
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0	1	2		
Paved Length (Miles): 2.74	Section Length (MI)	1	1	0.74		
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary				•	
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	100	100	100	100		
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	100	100	100	100		
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	100	100	100	100		
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	100	100	100	100		
Alligator Crack Index	100	100	100	100		
Longitudinal Crack Index	100	100	100	100		
Transverse Cracking Index	100	100	100	100		
Patching Index	100	100	100	100		
Rutting Index	100	100	100	100		
International Roughness Index (IRI)	98	90	106	99		
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	2	2	2	2		
Paved Width (ft)	22.9	23.1	22.8	22.8		
Lane Width (ft)	9.7	10	9.4	9.5		

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0100: JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)					
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95	- 100)	Not Rated
	See Appendix for def	initions and f	ormulas		
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0	1		
Paved Length (Miles): 1.65	Section Length (MI)	1	0.65		
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary				ł
Roadway Condition Information					
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	91	91	92		
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	96	96	96		
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	84	84	85		
Distress Index Values					
Structural Crack Index	98	98	99		
Alligator Crack Index	100	100	100		
Longitudinal Crack Index	98	98	99		
Transverse Cracking Index	96	96	96		
Patching Index	100	100	100		
Rutting Index	98	97	99		
International Roughness Index (IRI)	157	158	155		
Lane & Width Information					
Number of Lanes	2	2	2		
Paved Width (ft)	22	22.2	21.7		
Lane Width (ft)	10.9	11	10.6		

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0102: PICTURE ROCKS ROAD

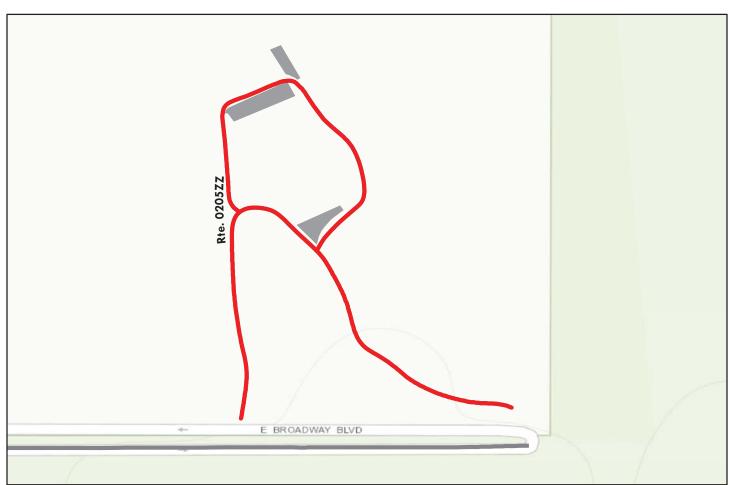


Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rat	ted
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0	1	2	3	
Paved Length (Miles): 3.01	Section Length (MI)	1	1	1	0.01	
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary					
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	56	63	61	46	37	
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	52	63	60	34	49	
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	63	63	63	65	20	
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	70	77	75	57	73	
Alligator Crack Index	99	100	99	98	100	
Longitudinal Crack Index	71	77	76	59	73	
Transverse Cracking Index	52	63	60	34	49	
Patching Index	100	100	100	100	100	
Rutting Index	95	95	96	94	90	
International Roughness Index (IRI)	226	225	229	221	507	
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	
Paved Width (ft)	25	24.4	25.4	25.2	24.4	
Lane Width (ft)	10.4	10.4	10.4	10.5	10.5	

Saguaro National Park Route 0205zz: Rincon Mountain Fire / Sodn Kingston Road

Summary Route



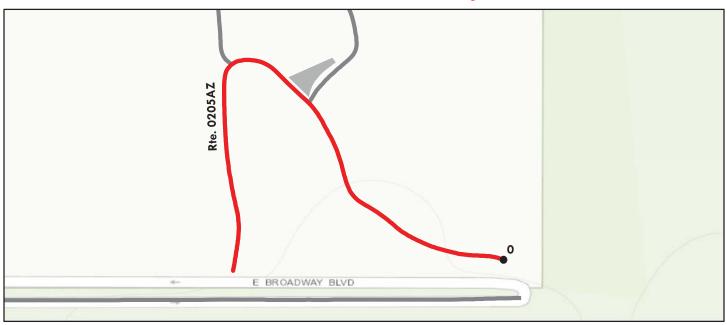
Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Note: The weighted average summary PCR value is calculated from only the sections of road where the PCR was collected. The overall PCR for the summary route may not reflect individual subcomponent ratings.

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)					
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (61-84)	Good (85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated	
	See Appendix f	for definitions and f	formulas		
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017					
Paved Length (Miles): 0.37					
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary				
Roadway Condition Information					
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	0				
Lane & Width Information					
Number of Lanes	1				
Paved Width (ft)	10.8				
Lane Width (ft)	9.2				

Saguaro National Park route 0205az: sodn kingston road / front loop

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0205ZZ Data Collection Vehicle (DCV) Rating



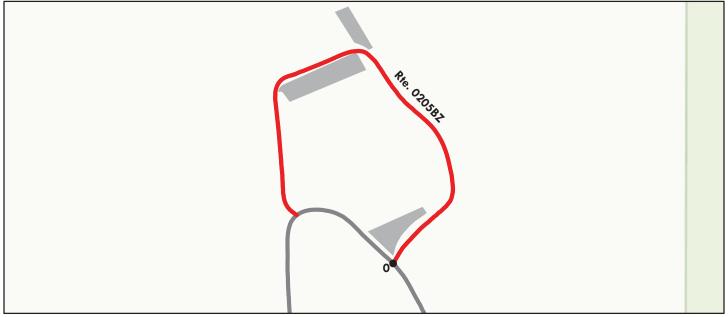
Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Internap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated		
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0				
Paved Length (Miles): 0.23	Section Length (MI)	0.23				
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary					
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	0	0				
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	N/A	N/A				
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A				
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	N/A	N/A				
Alligator Crack Index	N/A	N/A				
Longitudinal Crack Index	N/A	N/A				
Transverse Cracking Index	N/A	N/A				
Patching Index	N/A	N/A				
Rutting Index	N/A	N/A				
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A				
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	1	1				
Paved Width (ft)	8.9	8.9				
Lane Width (ft)	8.9	8.9				

Badly degraded Asphalt.

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0205BZ: SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0205ZZ Data Collection Vehicle (DCV) Rating

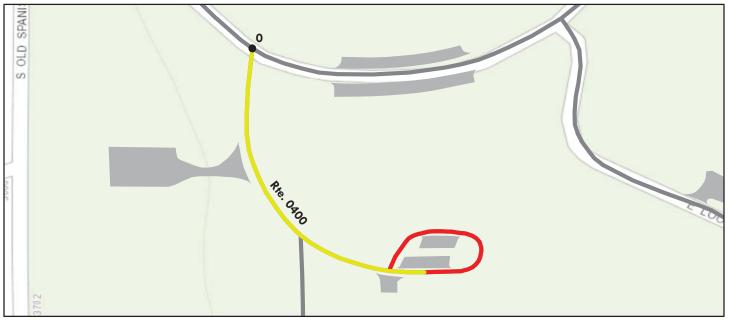


Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated		
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0				
Paved Length (Miles): 0.15	Section Length (MI)	0.15				
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary			•		
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	0	0				
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	N/A	N/A				
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A				
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	N/A	N/A				
Alligator Crack Index	N/A	N/A				
Longitudinal Crack Index	N/A	N/A				
Transverse Cracking Index	N/A	N/A				
Patching Index	N/A	N/A				
Rutting Index	N/A	N/A				
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A				
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	2	2				
Paved Width (ft)	13.8	13.8				
Lane Width (ft)	9.6	9.6				

Badly degraded Asphalt.

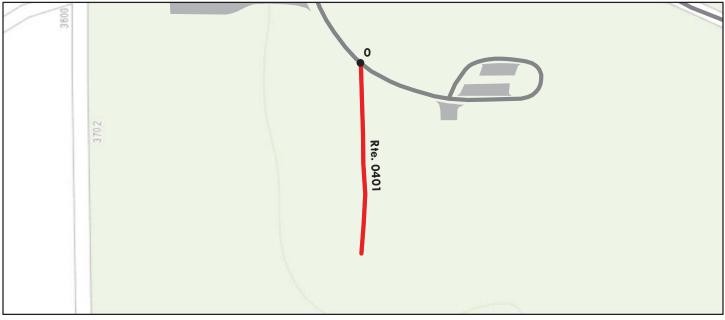
Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0400: HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated		
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0				
Paved Length (Miles): 0.15	Section Length (MI)	0.15				
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary					
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	64	64				
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	64	64				
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A				
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	91	91				
Alligator Crack Index	100	100				
Longitudinal Crack Index	91	91				
Transverse Cracking Index	64	64				
Patching Index	100	100				
Rutting Index	92	92				
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A				
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	1	1				
Paved Width (ft)	14.1	14.1				
Lane Width (ft)	14.1	14.1				

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0401: RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED)



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)							
Poor (0 - 60) Fai	r (61- 84) Good	(85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated			
	See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0					
Paved Length (Miles): 0.06	Section Length (MI)	0.06					
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary						
Roadway Condition Information							
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	60	60					
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	60	60					
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A					
Distress Index Values							
Structural Crack Index	68	68					
Alligator Crack Index	100	100					
Longitudinal Crack Index	68	68					
Transverse Cracking Index	60	60					
Patching Index	100	100					
Rutting Index	93	93					
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A					
Lane & Width Information							
Number of Lanes	2	2					
Paved Width (ft)	17	17					
Lane Width (ft)	8.5	8.5					

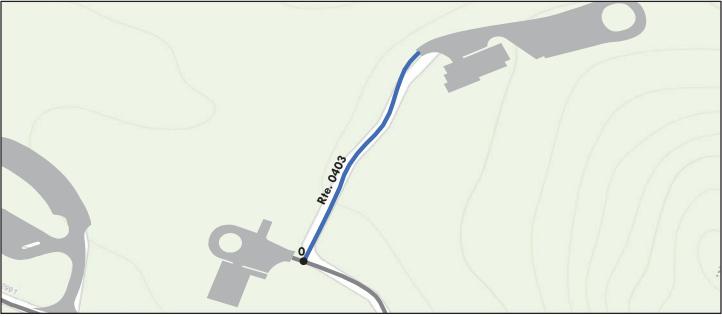
Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0402: RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)							
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	61-84) Good	(85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated			
	See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0					
Paved Length (Miles): 0.07	Section Length (MI)	0.07					
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary		•	•			
Roadway Condition Information							
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	100	100					
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	100	100					
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A					
Distress Index Values							
Structural Crack Index	100	100					
Alligator Crack Index	100	100					
Longitudinal Crack Index	100	100					
Transverse Cracking Index	100	100					
Patching Index	100	100					
Rutting Index	100	100					
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A					
Lane & Width Information							
Number of Lanes	2	2					
Paved Width (ft)	20.9	20.9					
Lane Width (ft)	9.4	9.4					

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0403: RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD

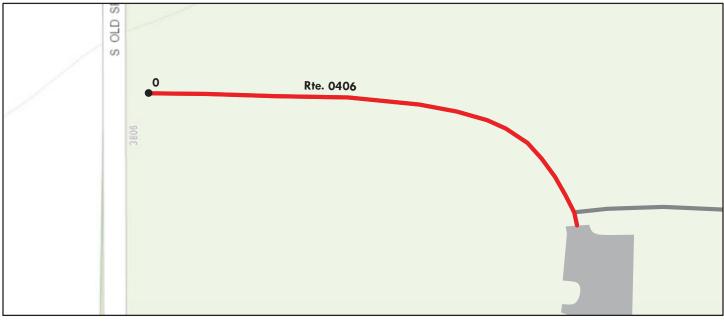


Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	1- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated		
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0				
Paved Length (Miles): 0.1	Section Length (MI)	0.1				
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary					
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	99	99				
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	99	99				
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A				
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	100	100				
Alligator Crack Index	100	100				
Longitudinal Crack Index	100	100				
Transverse Cracking Index	100	100				
Patching Index	100	100				
Rutting Index	99	99				
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A				
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	2	2				
Paved Width (ft)	22.5	22.5				
Lane Width (ft)	11.3	11.3				

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0406: HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD



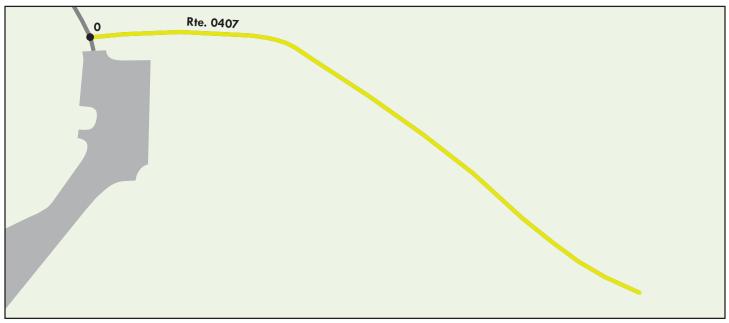


Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)							
Poor (0 - 60) Fai	r (61- 84) Good	(85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Rated			
	See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0					
Paved Length (Miles): 0.07	Section Length (MI)	0.07					
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary		• •	• •			
Roadway Condition Information							
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	45	45					
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	45	45					
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A					
Distress Index Values							
Structural Crack Index	99	99					
Alligator Crack Index	100	100					
Longitudinal Crack Index	99	99					
Transverse Cracking Index	45	45					
Patching Index	99	99					
Rutting Index	94	94					
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A					
Lane & Width Information							
Number of Lanes	1	1					
Paved Width (ft)	11.2	11.2					
Lane Width (ft)	11.2	11.2					

Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0407: HELI-BASE FLIGHTLINE ACCESS ROAD

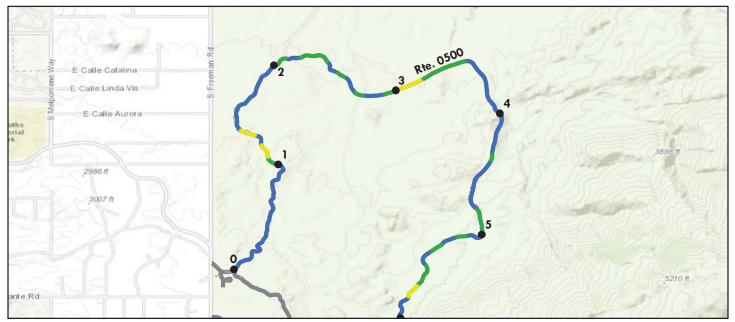




Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)					
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (61- 84) Good) Good (85 - 94)		Not Rated	
See Appendix for definitions and formulas					
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0			
Paved Length (Miles): 0.09	Section Length (MI)	0.09			
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary		•		
Roadway Condition Information					
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	66	66			
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	66	66			
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A			
Distress Index Values					
Structural Crack Index	99	99			
Alligator Crack Index	100	100			
Longitudinal Crack Index	99	99			
Transverse Cracking Index	66	66			
Patching Index	100	100			
Rutting Index	96	96			
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A			
Lane & Width Information					
Number of Lanes	2	2			
Paved Width (ft)	15.1	15.1			
Lane Width (ft)	7.6	7.6			

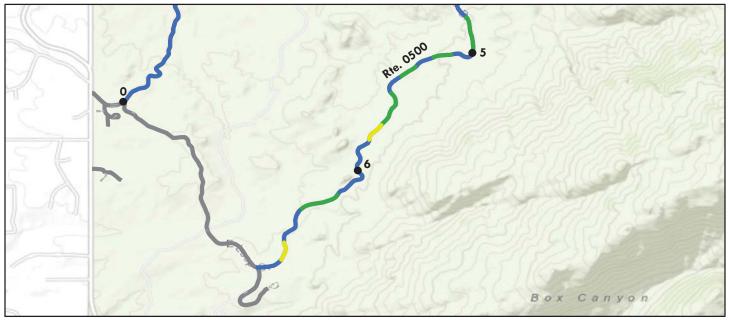
ROUTE 0500: CACTUS FOREST DRIVE



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair	(61- 84) Good	(85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Ra	ted
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0	1	2	3	4
Paved Length (Miles): 6.82	Section Length (MI)	1	1	1	1	1
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary				•	
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	97	99	96	94	93	95
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	97	99	96	94	93	98
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	90
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	100	100	100	100	100	100
Alligator Crack Index	100	100	100	100	100	100
Longitudinal Crack Index	100	100	100	100	100	100
Transverse Cracking Index	97	99	96	94	93	98
Patching Index	100	100	100	100	100	100
Rutting Index	99	99	99	99	99	100
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	140
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	1	1	1	1	1	1
Paved Width (ft)	14.4	15.7	14	13.7	14.3	14.9
Lane Width (ft)	14.4	15.7	14	13.7	14.3	14.9

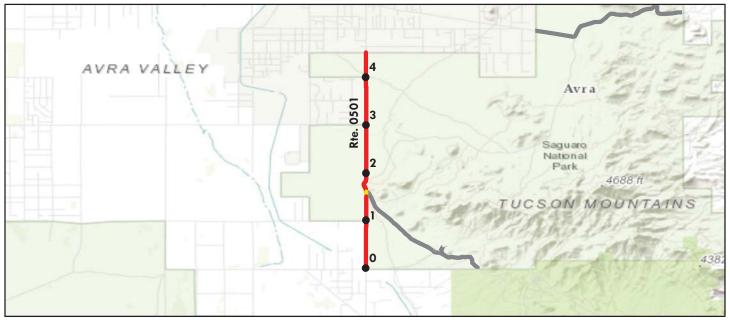
ROUTE 0500: CACTUS FOREST DRIVE



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route	Condition Legend – Pav	ement Condi	tion Rating (P	C R)		
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (6	(61- 84) Good (85 - 94)		Excellent (95 - 100)		Not Rated	
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	5	6			
Paved Length (Miles): 6.82	Section Length (MI)	1	0.82			
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary			•	•	
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	97	88	83			
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	97	98	98			
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	N/A	74	60			
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	100	100	99			
Alligator Crack Index	100	100	100			
Longitudinal Crack Index	100	100	99			
Transverse Cracking Index	97	98	98			
Patching Index	100	100	100			
Rutting Index	99	100	99			
International Roughness Index (IRI)	N/A	187	241			
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	1	1	1			
Paved Width (ft)	14.4	13.6	14.6			
Lane Width (ft)	14.4	13.6	14.6			

ROUTE 0501: SANDARIO ROAD



Sources: Esri, HERE, DeLorme, TomTom, Intermap, increment P Corp., GEBCO, USGS, FAO, NPS, NRCAN, GeoBase, IGN, Kadaster NL, Ordnance Survey, Esri Japan, METI, Esri China (Hong Kong), swisstopo, MapmyIndia, © OpenStreetMap contributors, and the GIS User Community

Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60) Fair (61- 84) Good ((85 - 94)	Excellent (95 - 100)	Not Ra	ted
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						
Inspection Date: 1/7/2017	Beginning Section MP	0	1	2	3	4
Paved Length (Miles): 4.52	Section Length (MI)	1	1	1	1	0.52
Surface Type: ASPHALT	Route Summary					
Roadway Condition Information						
Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)	37	40	39	44	32	32
Surface Condition Rating (SCR)	0	0	5	6	0	0
Roughness Condition Index (RCI)	92	99	91	100	81	81
Distress Index Values						
Structural Crack Index	79	79	83	86	72	70
Alligator Crack Index	100	100	100	100	100	100
Longitudinal Crack Index	79	79	83	86	72	70
Transverse Cracking Index	0	0	5	6	0	0
Patching Index	100	100	100	100	100	100
Rutting Index	98	99	98	98	97	98
International Roughness Index (IRI)	135	116	138	106	166	166
Lane & Width Information						
Number of Lanes	2	2	2	2	2	2
Paved Width (ft)	20.8	20.2	20.1	21.5	21	21.5
Lane Width (ft)	9.5	9.5	9.3	9.6	9.7	9.2

Section 6 Paved Parking Area Condition Rating Sheets



Saguaro National Park



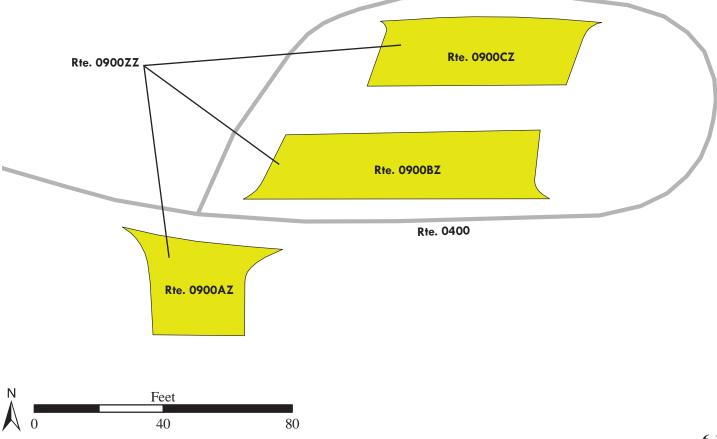
Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0900ZZ: HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREAS

Summary Route Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)

Inspection Date	FMSS Number	User Access	Surface Type			
1/25/2016	89923	NONPUBLIC	ASPHALT			
Area (Sq. Ft.)	Lane Miles (11' Widths)	Condition R	ating / PCR			
3,331	0.058	SUMMA	/IARY / 84			
Route Condition Legend – Pavement Condition Rating (PCR)						
Poor (0 - 60)	Fair (61- 84) Good	(85 - 94) Excellent (95 - 10	0) Not Rated			
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						

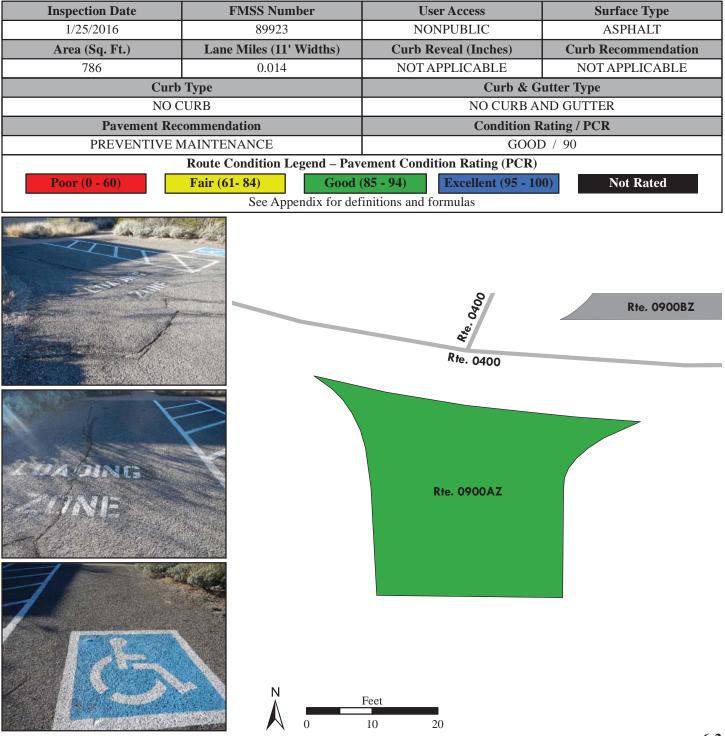
The condition shown on this page reflects the overall route condition and may not reflect individual subcomponent ratings.



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0900AZ: HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA A

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0900ZZ Manual Rating

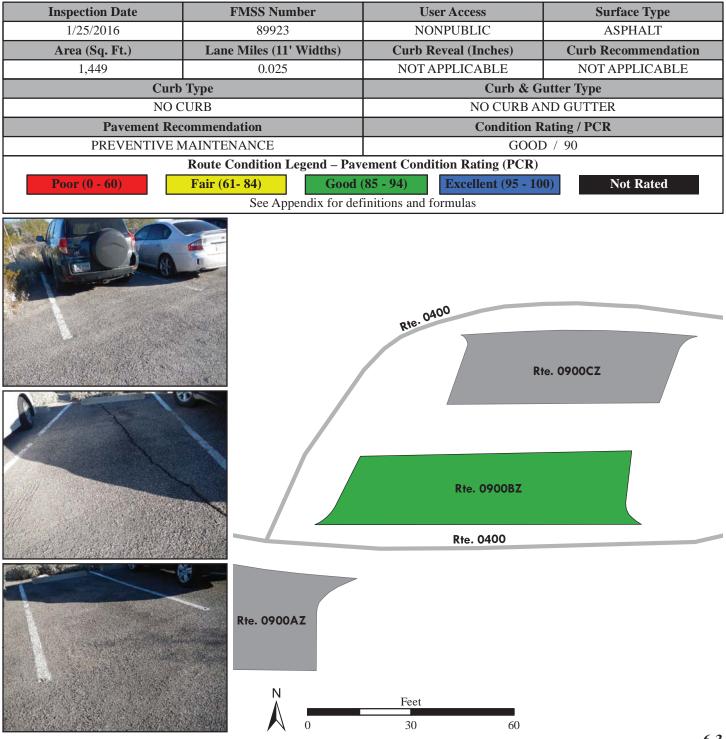
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD) ON RIGHT



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0900BZ: HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA B

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0900ZZ Manual Rating

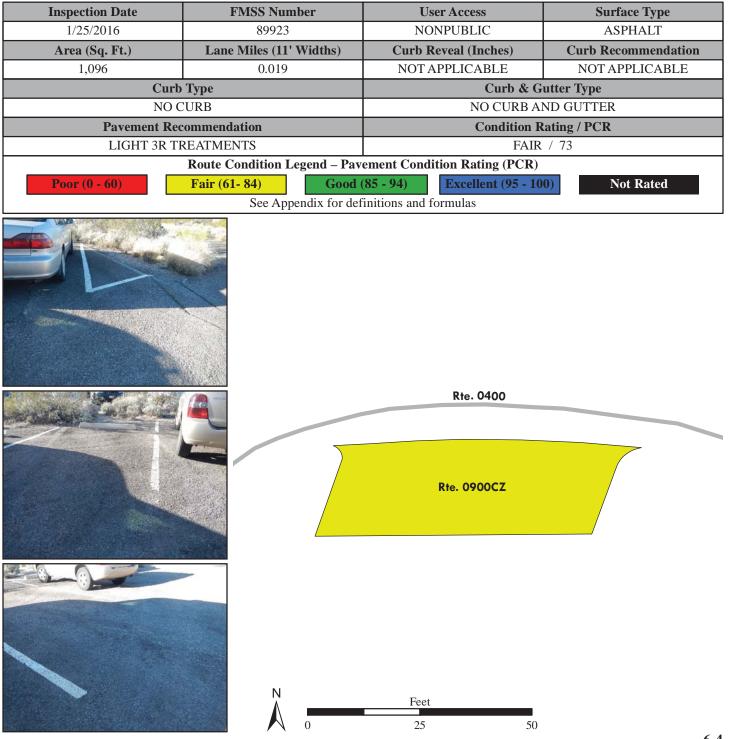
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD) ON LEFT



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0900CZ: HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA C

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0900ZZ Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD) ON LEFT

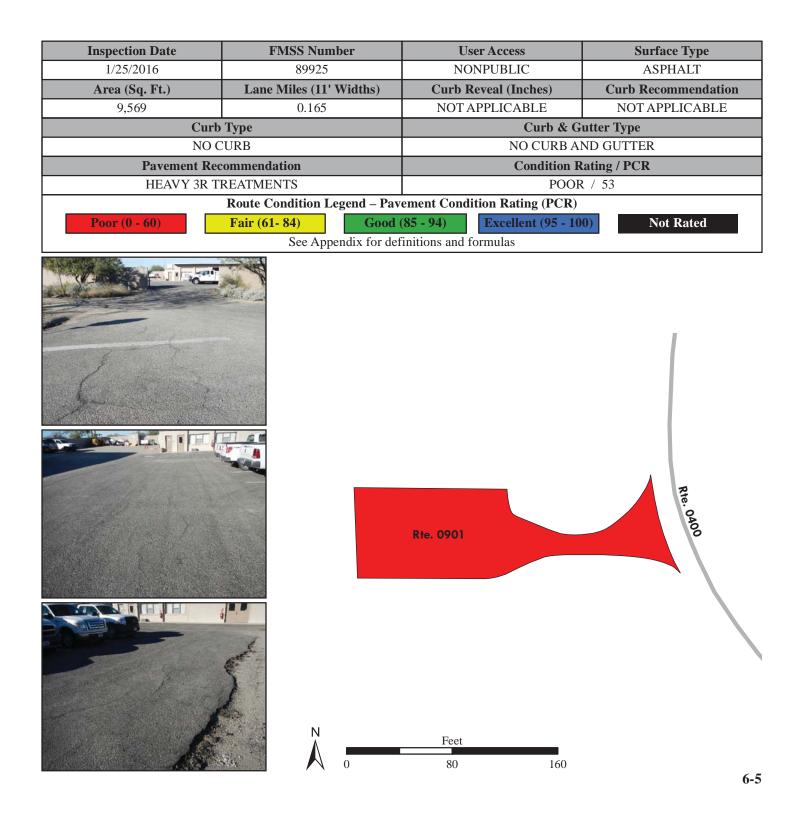


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0901: MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)

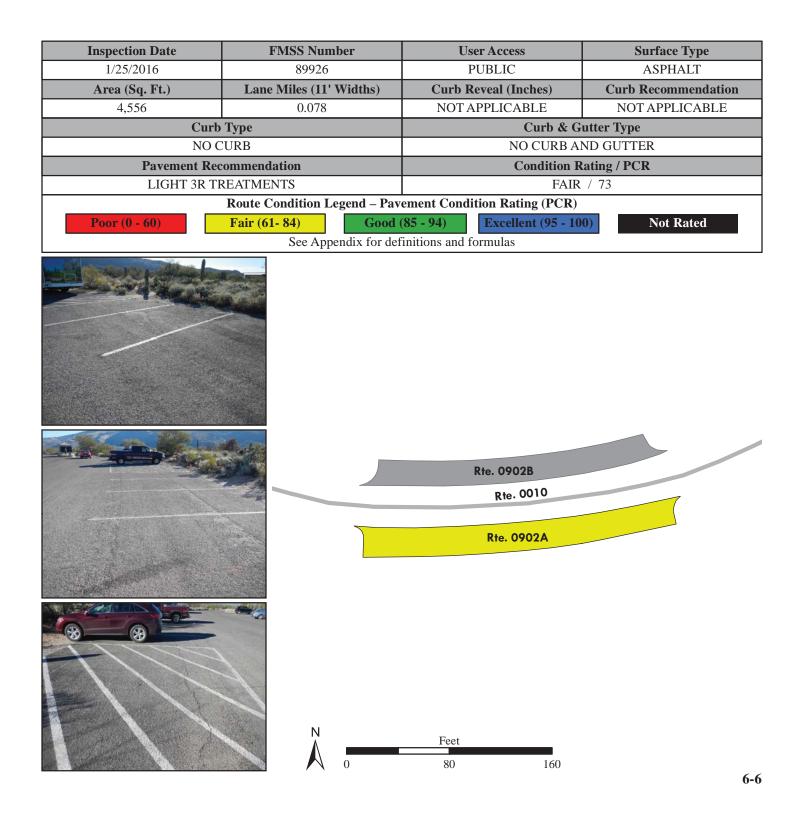
TO MAINTENANCE AREA AND ROUTE 0936 (RINCON MOUNTAIN MAINTENANCE EMPLOYEE PARKING)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0902A: EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING A

Manual Rating

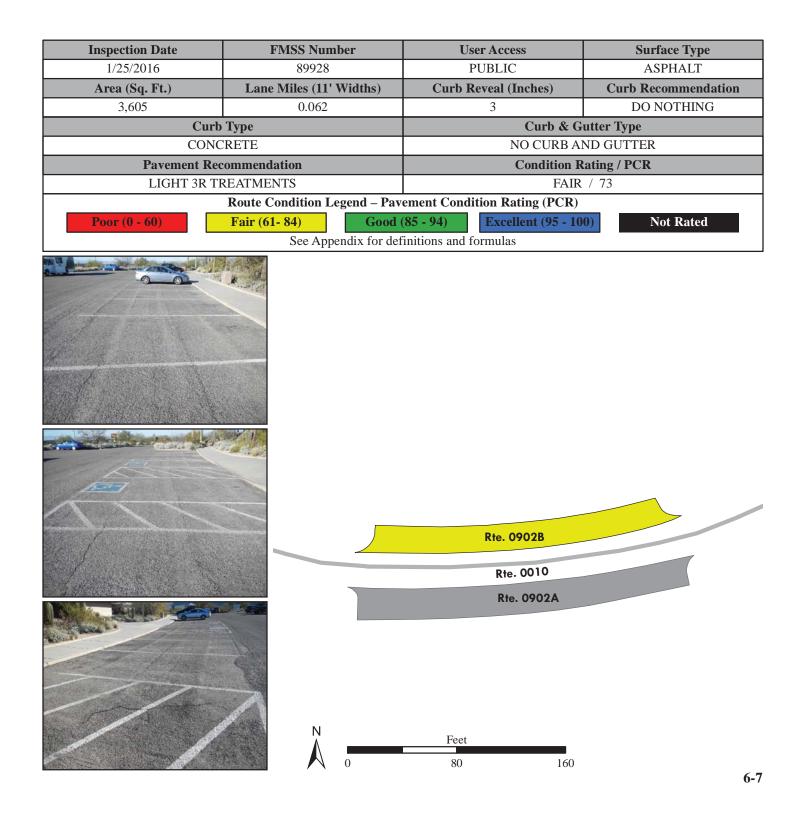
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AT MP 0.13 ON RIGHT



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0902B: EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING B

Manual Rating

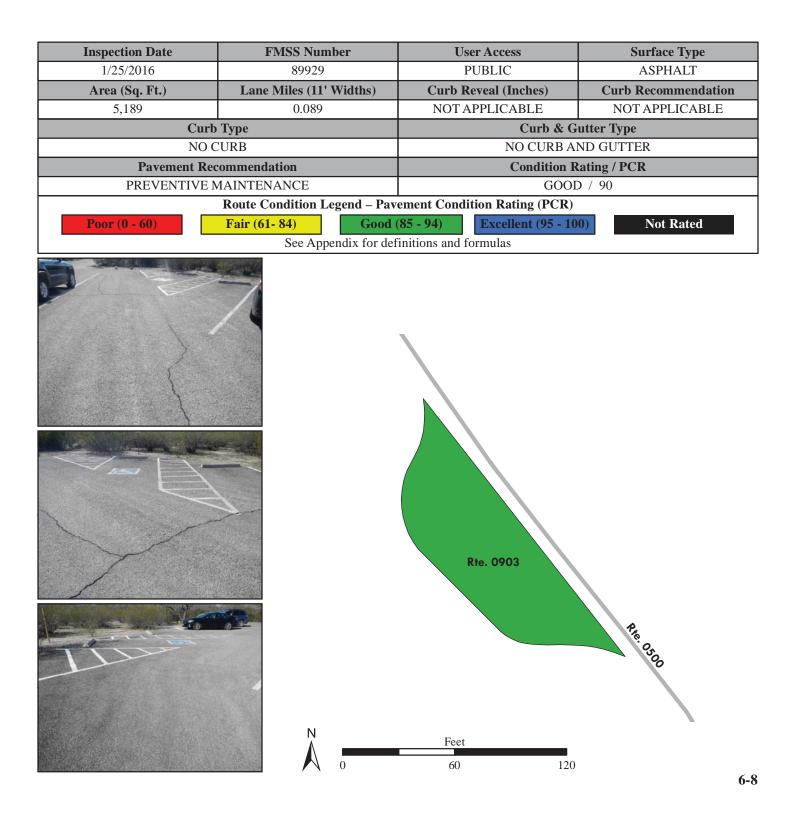
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD) AT MP 0.13 ON LEFT



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0903: DESERT ECOLOGY TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 2.40

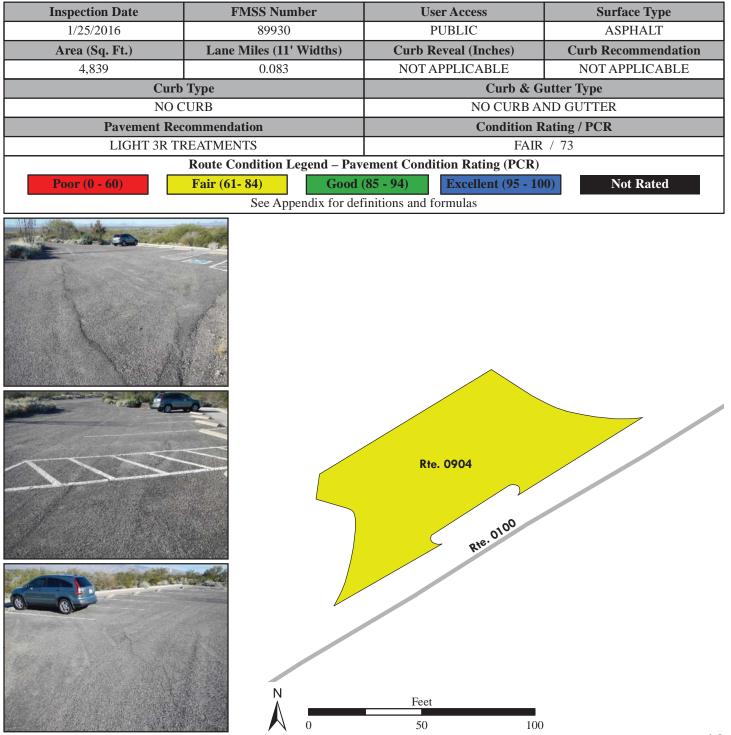


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0904: FREEMAN HOMESTEAD TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 1.39

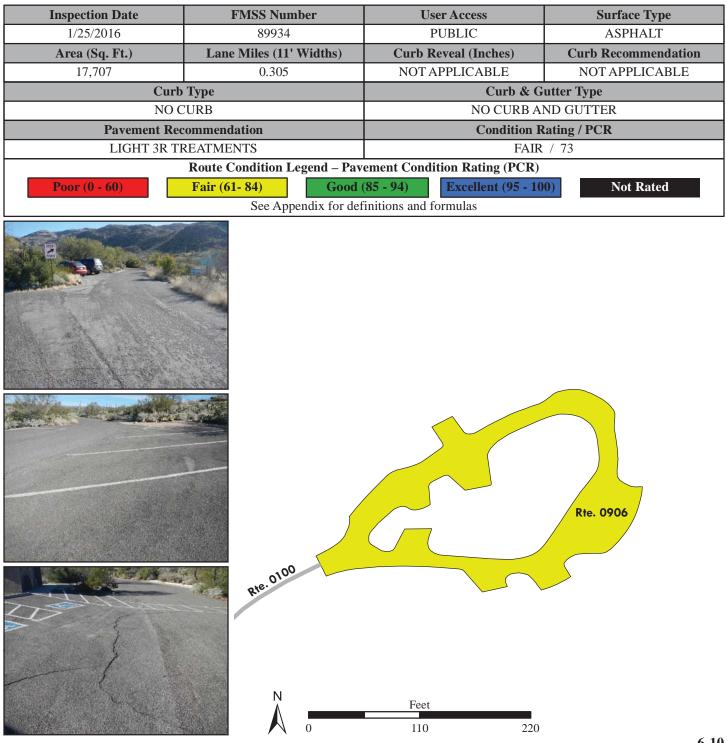
TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0906: JAVELINA PICNIC AREA PARKING

Manual Rating

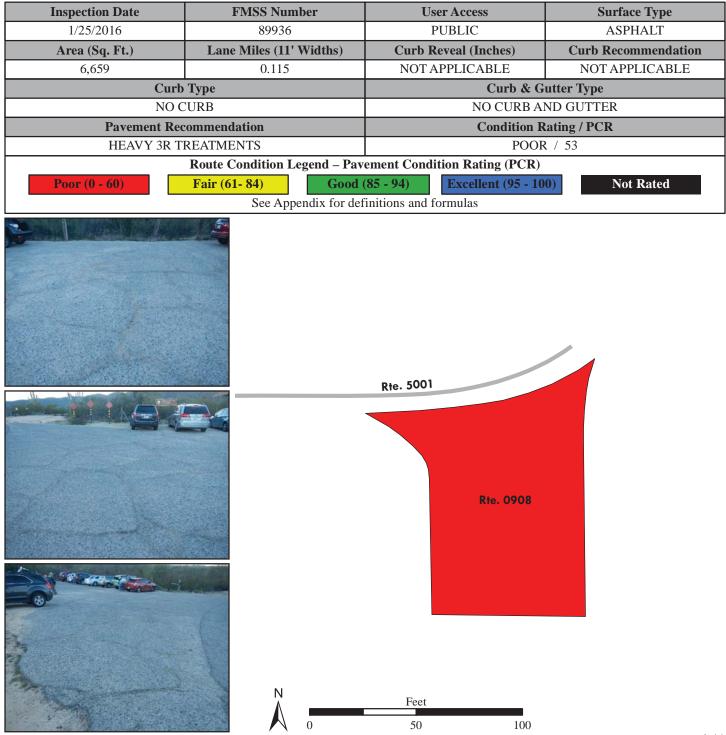
FROM END OF ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0908: DOUGLAS SPRINGS TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

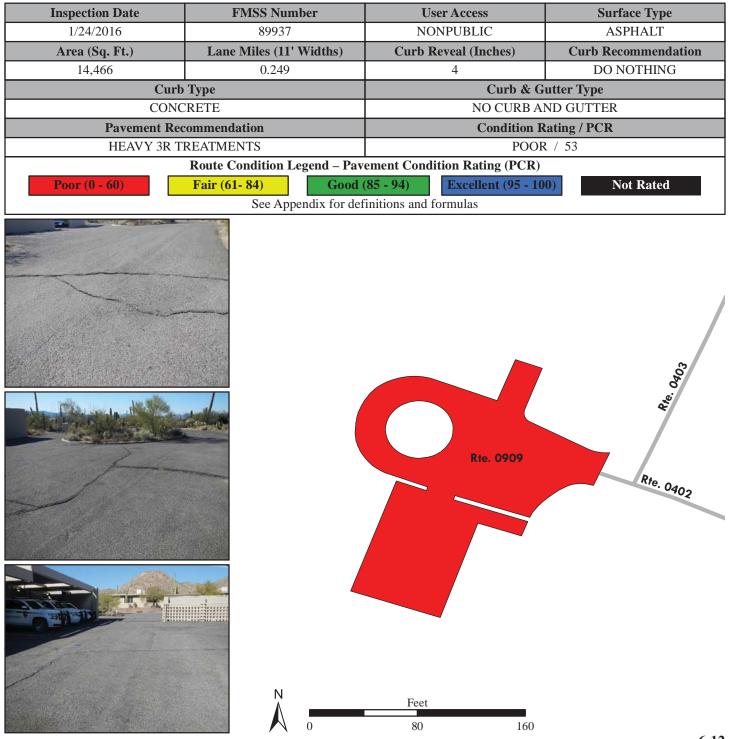
FROM END OF ROUTE 5001 (SPEEDWAY BOULEVARD)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0909: RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE PARKING

Manual Rating

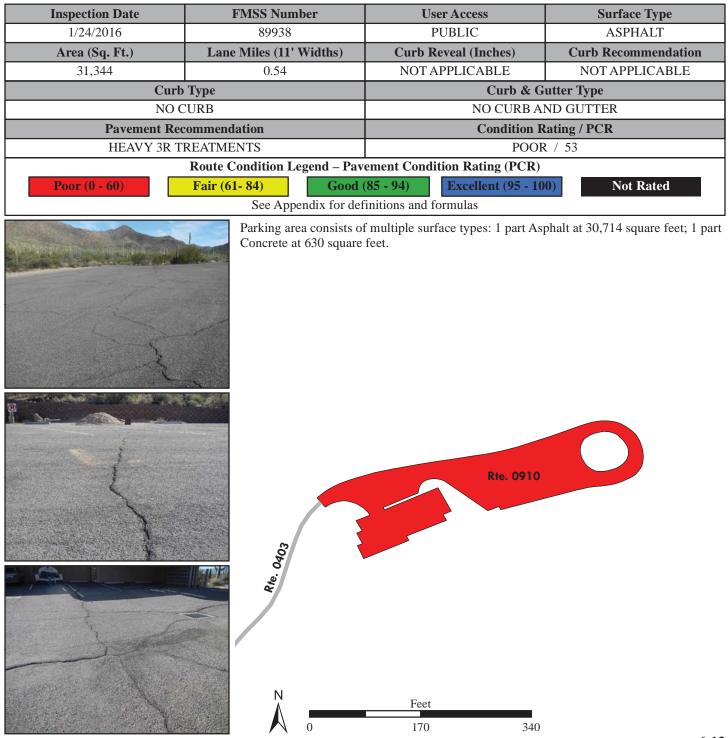
FROM END OF ROUTE 0402 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0910: RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING

Manual Rating

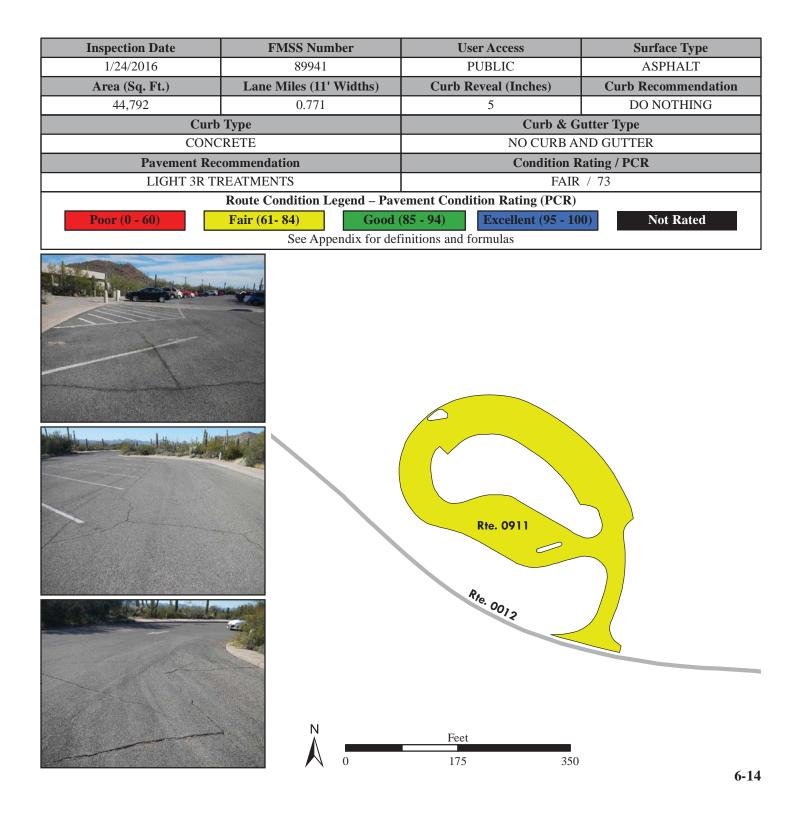
FROM END OF ROUTE 0403 (RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0911: RED HILLS VISITOR CENTER PARKING

Manual Rating

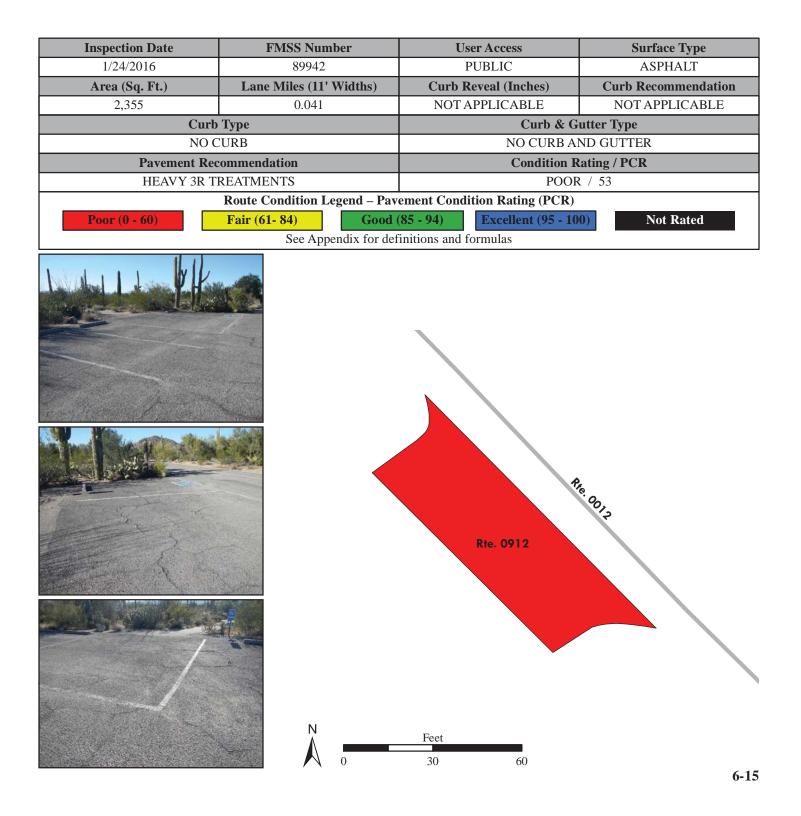
FROM ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 0.94



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0912: DESERT DISCOVERY NATURE TRAIL PARKING

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 1.97

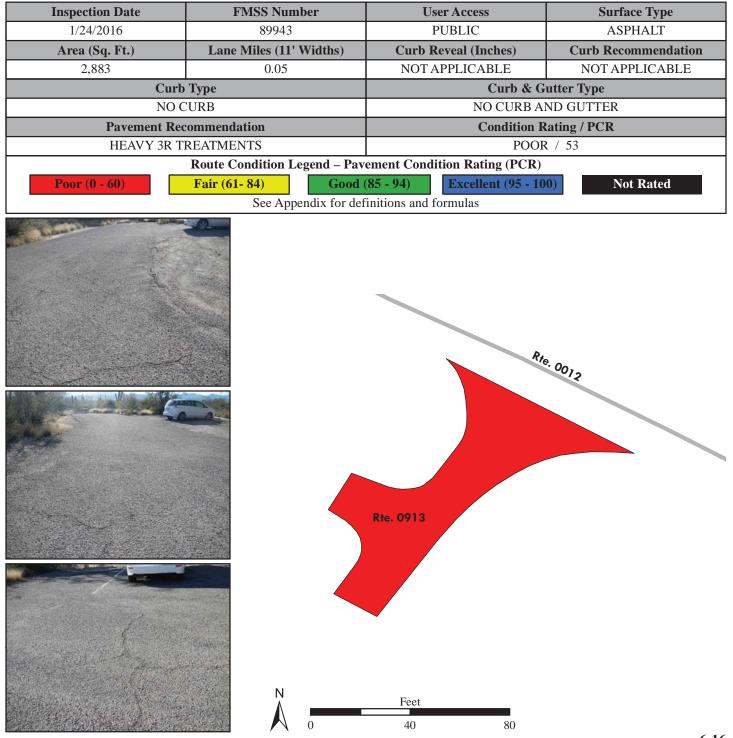


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0913: WILDLIFE WATERHOLE PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 1.30

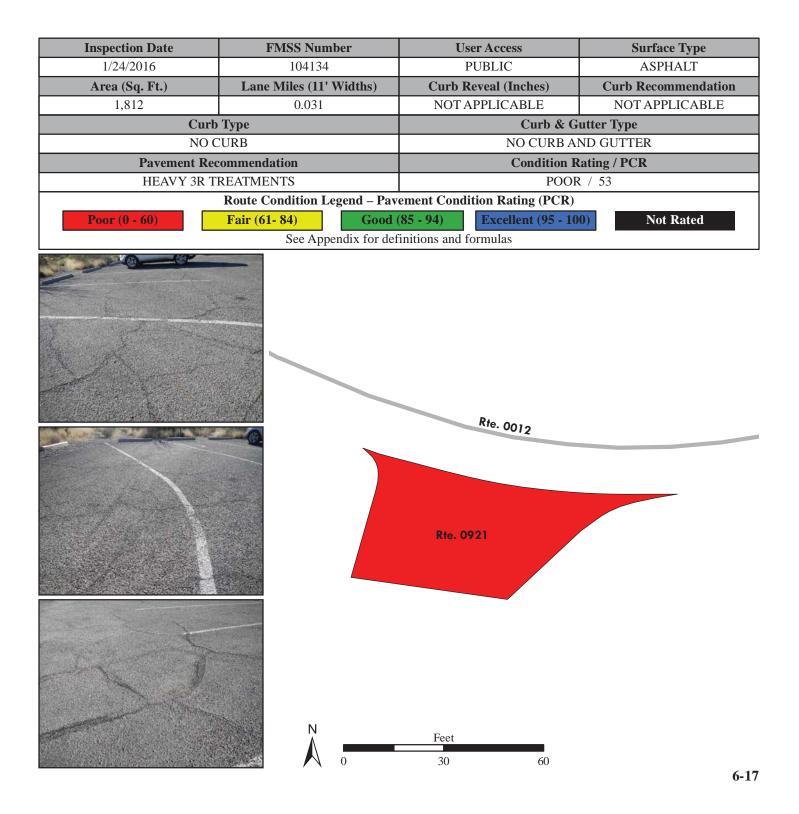
TO PARKING



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0921: DESERT VIEW PARKING

Manual Rating

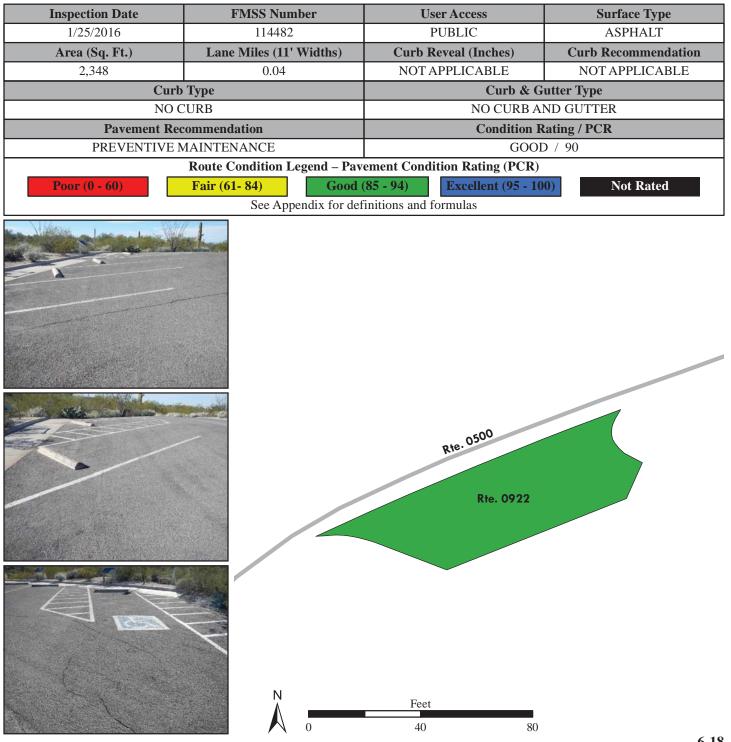
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD) AT MP 0.69



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0922: FUTURE GENERATIONS OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

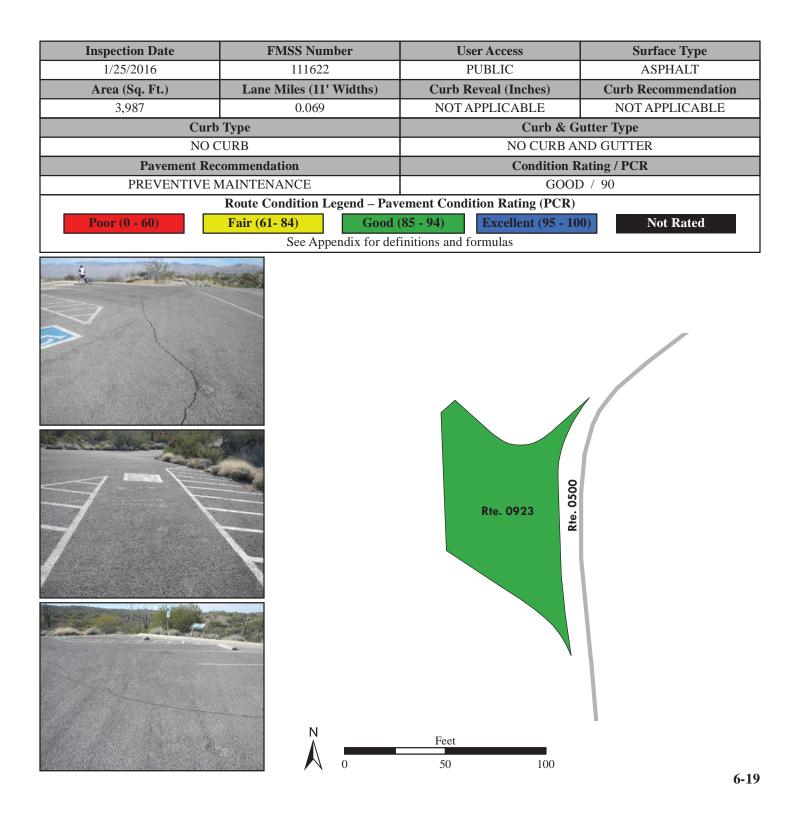
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 0.09



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0923: SONORAN DESERT OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

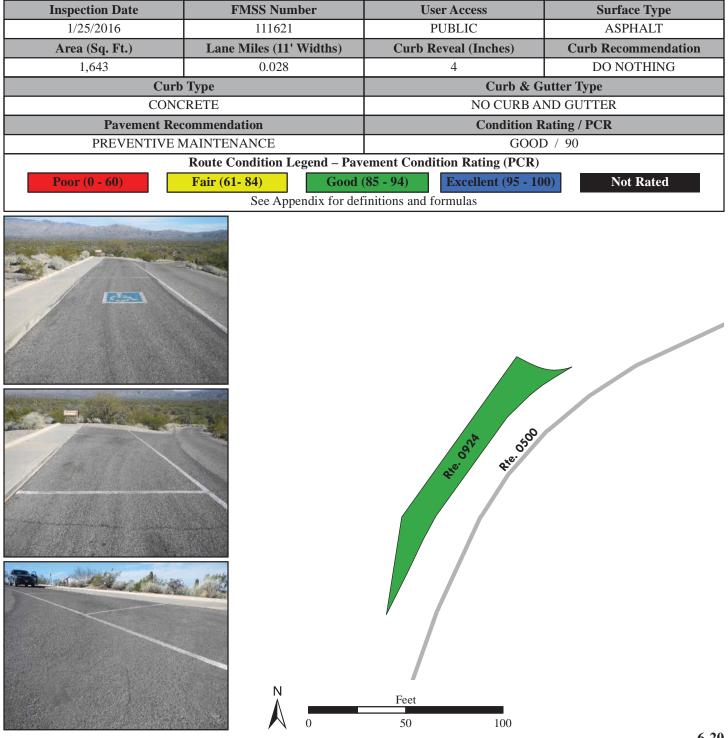
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 0.81



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0924: CACTUS FOREST OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

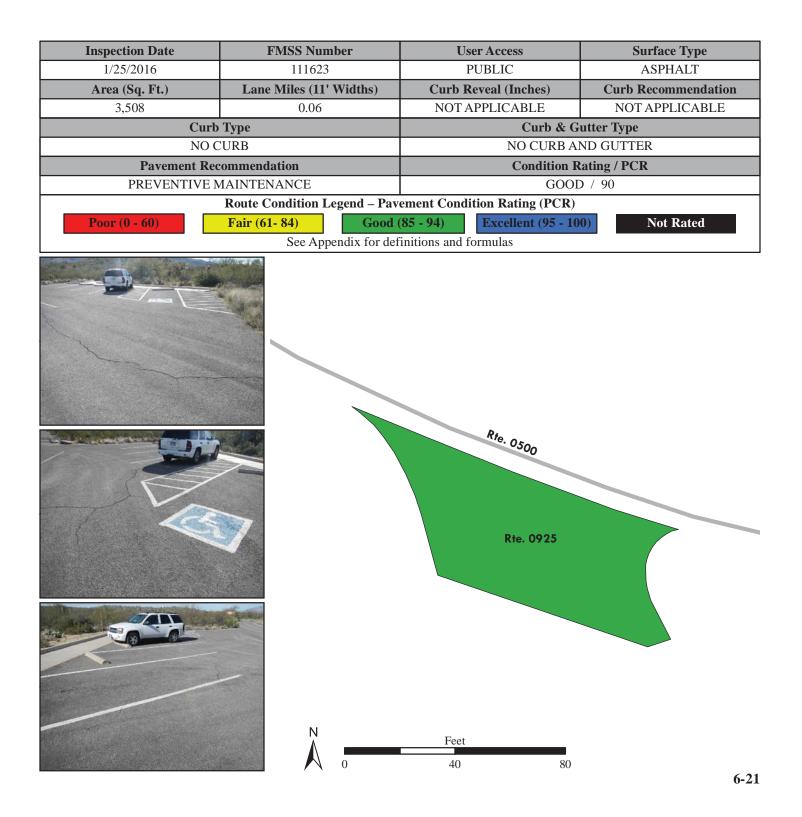
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 1.59



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0925: CACTUS FOREST NORTH TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

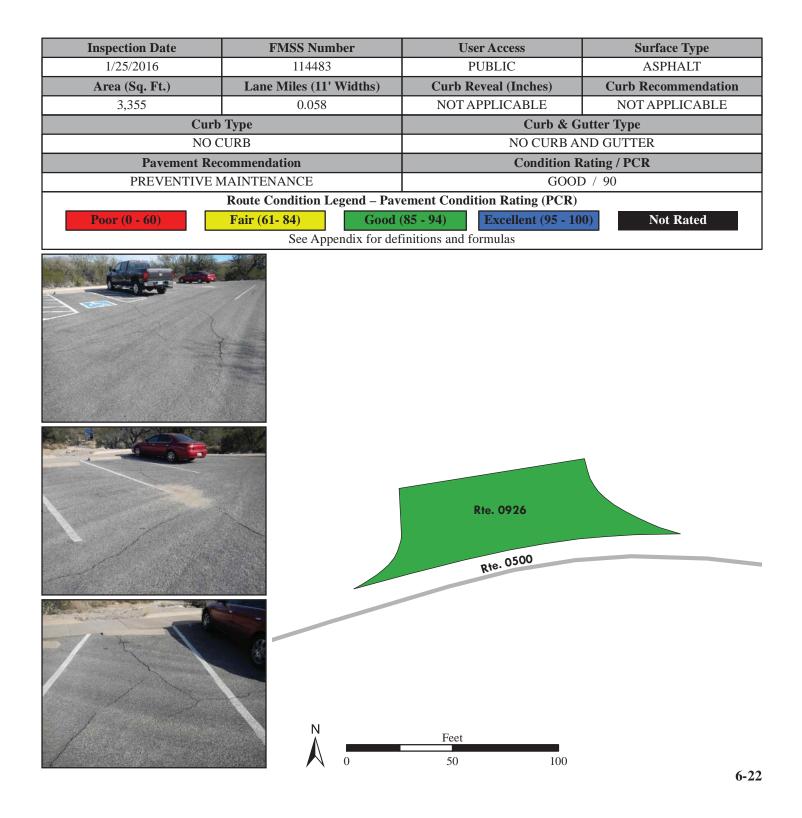
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 2.75



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0926: LOMA VERDE TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

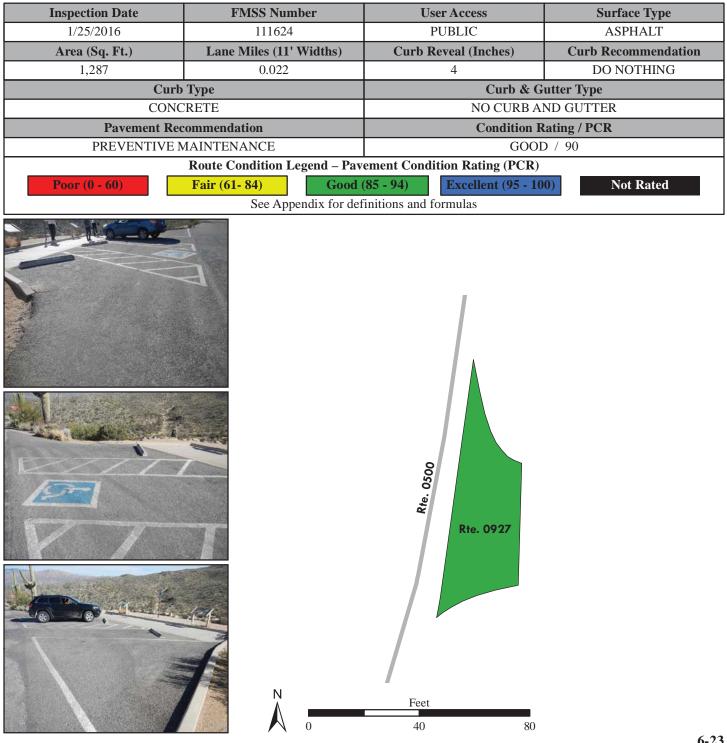
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 3.50



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0927: RIPARIAN OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

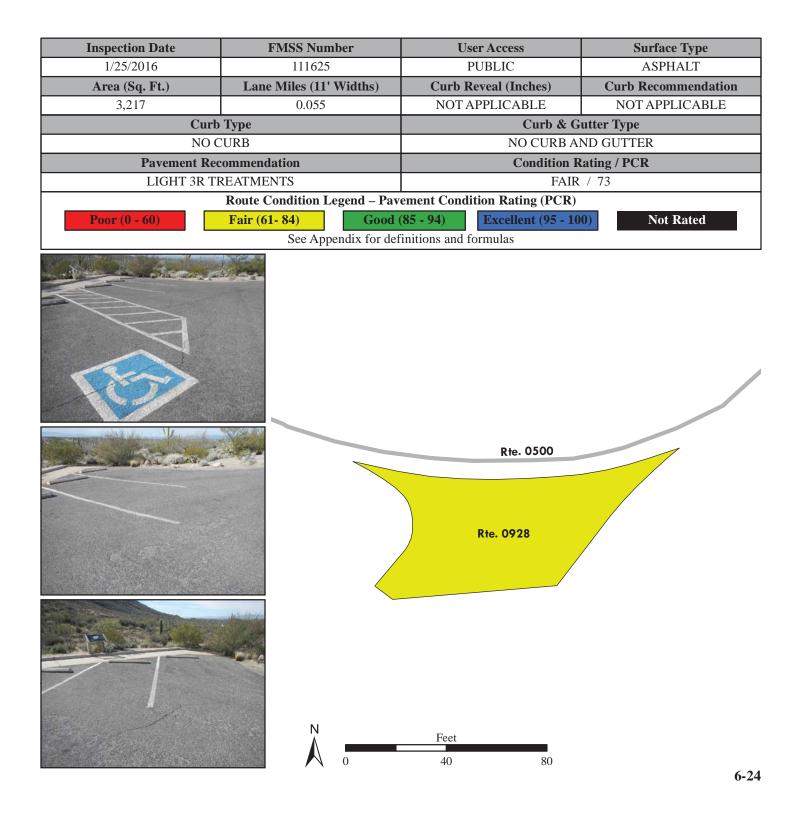
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 4.06



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0928: RINCON MOUNTAINS OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 5.03

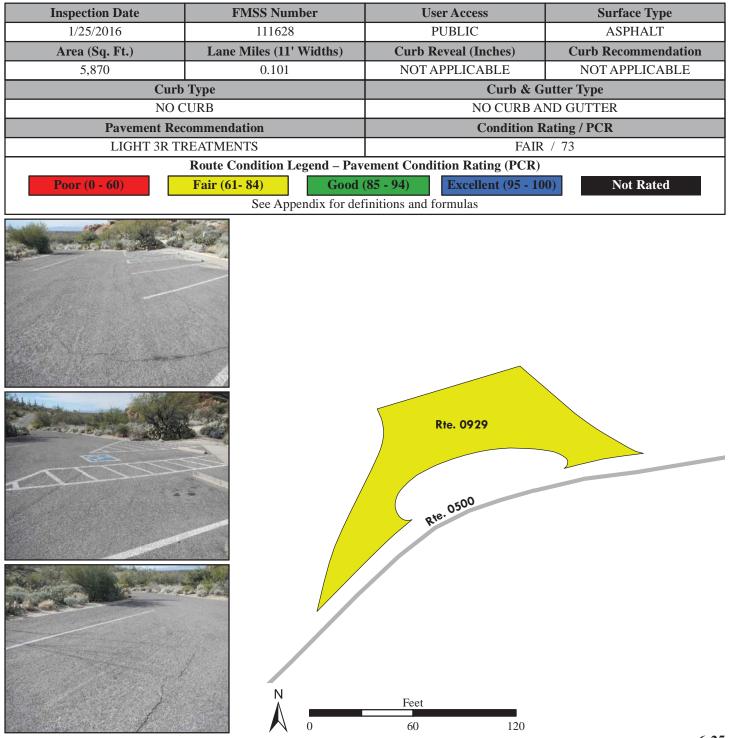


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0929: JAVELINA ROCKS OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE) AT MP 6.07

TO ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)

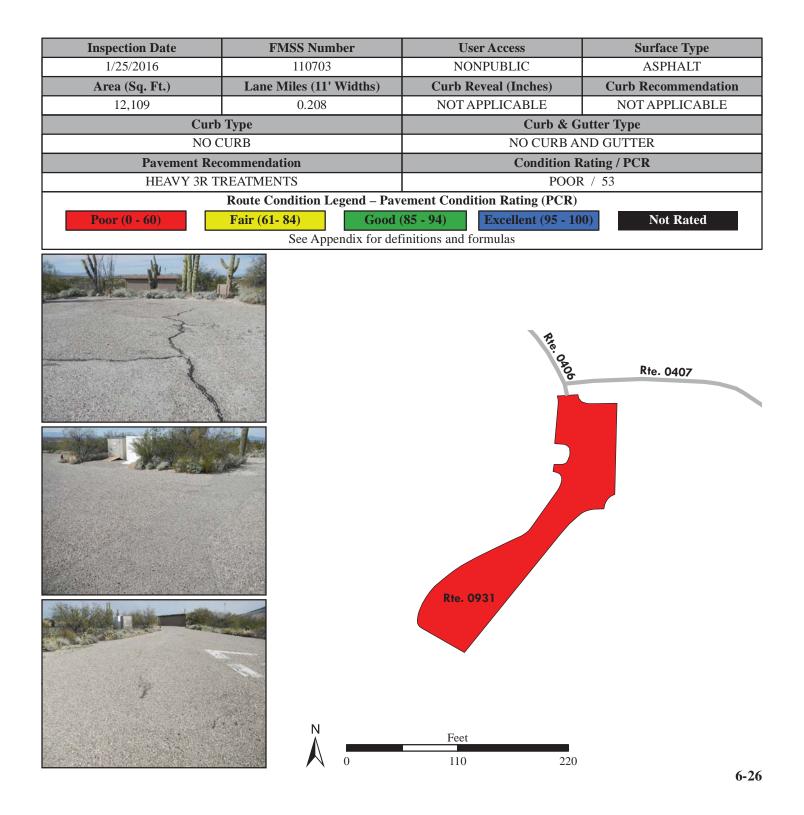


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0931: HELI-BASE PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM END OF ROUTE 0406 (HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD)

TO PARKING

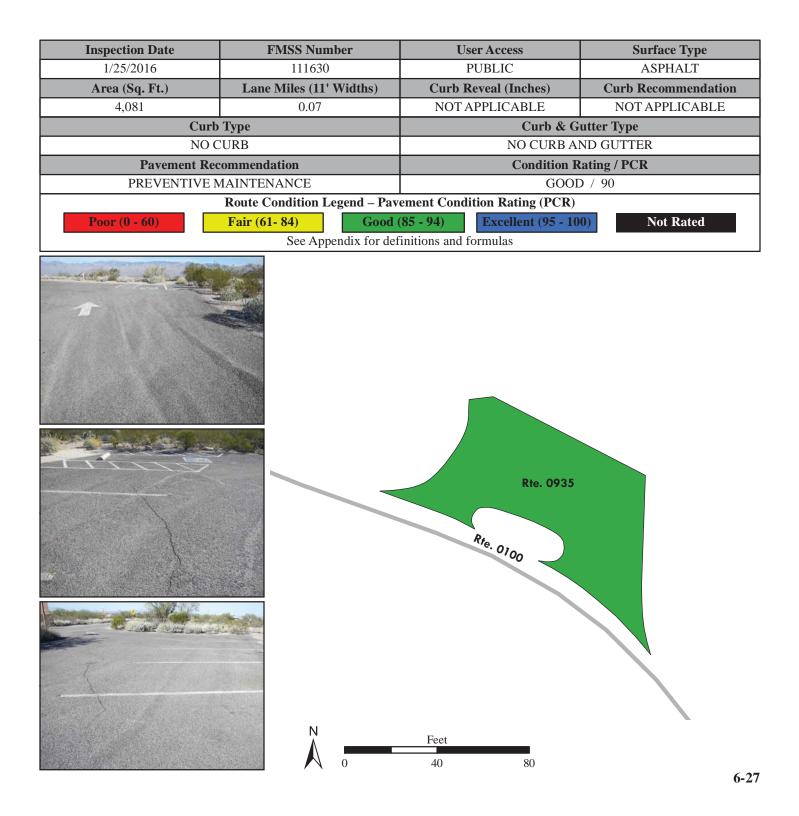


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0935: DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.08

TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0939ZZ: CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING

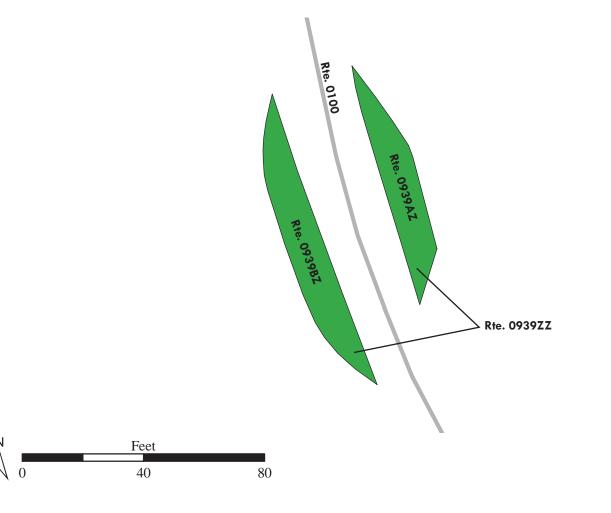
Summary Route

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90

Inspection Date	FMSS Number	User Access	Surface Type				
1/25/2016	111629	PUBLIC	ASPHALT				
Area (Sq. Ft.)	Lane Miles (11' Widths)	Condition Rating / PCR					
1,398	0.024	SUMMARY / 90					
	Route Condition Legend – Pav	ement Condition Rating (PCR)					
Poor (0 - 60)	Fair (61- 84) Good	(85 - 94) Excellent (95 - 10	0) Not Rated				
See Appendix for definitions and formulas							

The condition shown on this page reflects the overall route condition and may not reflect individual subcomponent ratings.

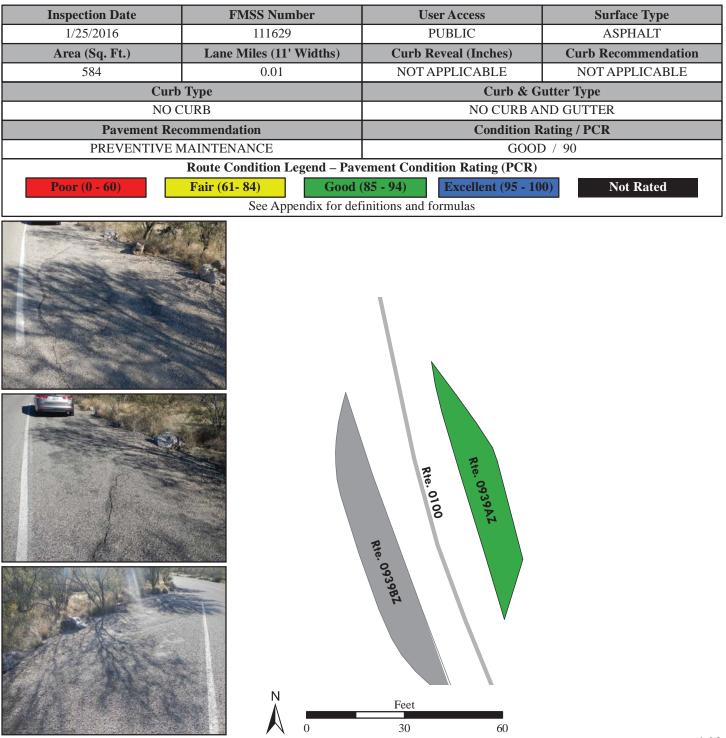


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0939AZ: CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING A

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0939ZZ

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90 ON LEFT

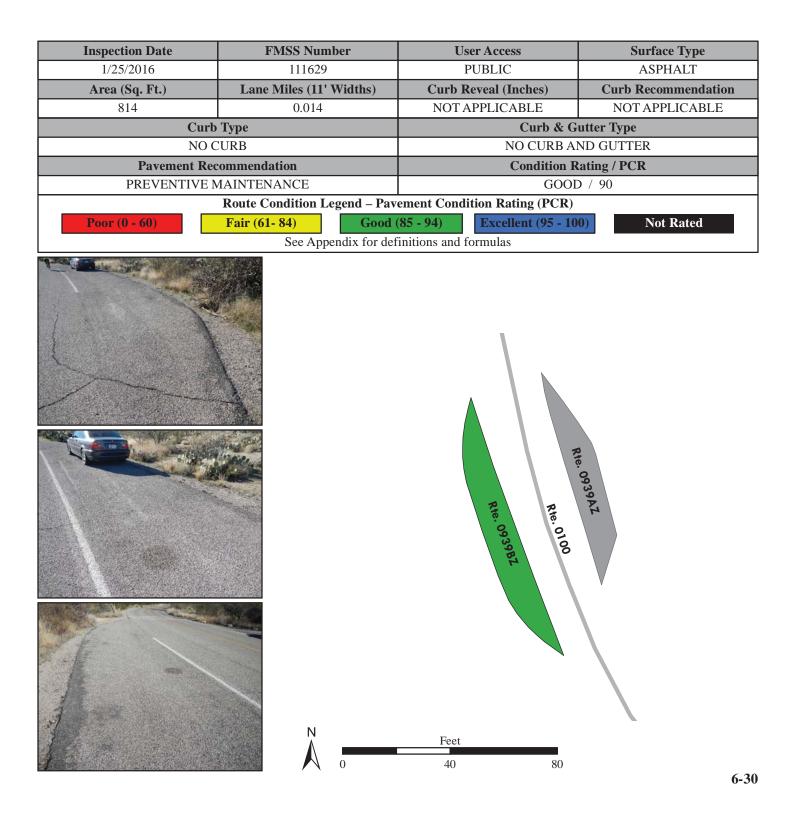


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0939BZ: CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING B

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0939ZZ

Manual Rating

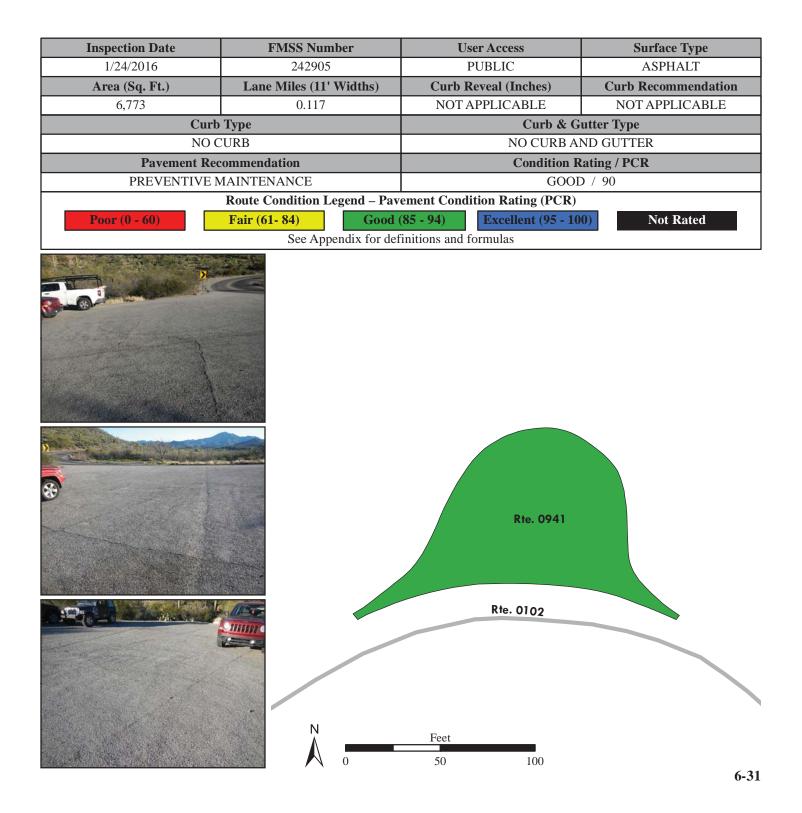
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD) AT MP 0.90 ON RIGHT



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0941: CONTZEN PASS TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0102 (PICTURE ROCKS ROAD) AT MP 2.42

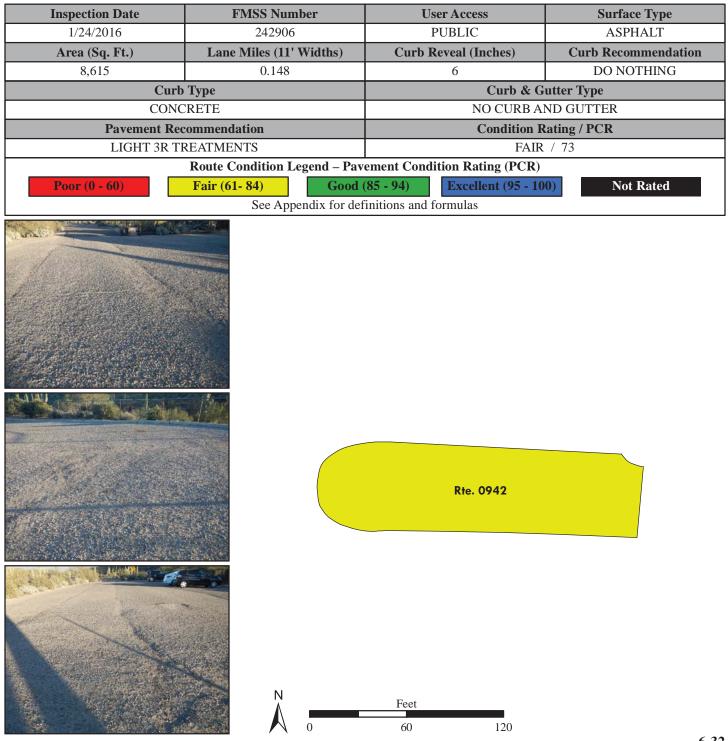


Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0942: EL CAMINO DEL CERRO TRAILHEAD PARKING

Manual Rating

FROM END OF EL CAMINO DEL CERRO

TO PARKING



Saguaro National Park

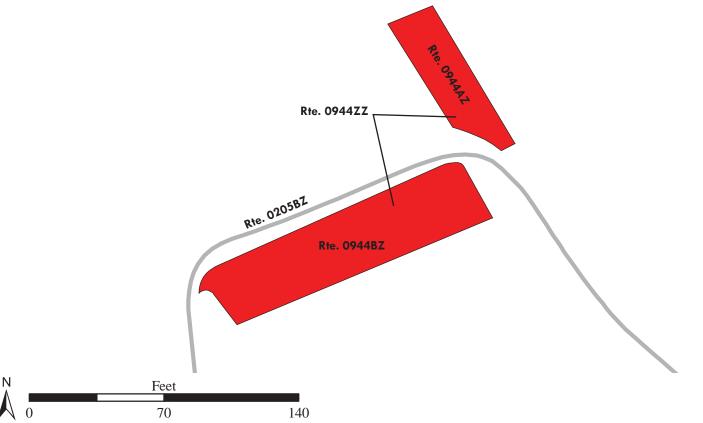
ROUTE 0944ZZ: RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING AREAS

Summary Route Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205ZZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD)

Inspection Date	FMSS Number	User Access	Surface Type			
1/25/2016	242792	NONPUBLIC	ASPHALT			
Area (Sq. Ft.)	Lane Miles (11' Widths)	Condition Rating / PCR				
5,734	0.099	SUMMARY / 24				
	Route Condition Legend – Pav	ement Condition Rating (PCR)				
Poor (0 - 60)	Fair (61- 84) Good	(85 - 94) Excellent (95 - 10	0) Not Rated			
See Appendix for definitions and formulas						

The condition shown on this page reflects the overall route condition and may not reflect individual subcomponent ratings.

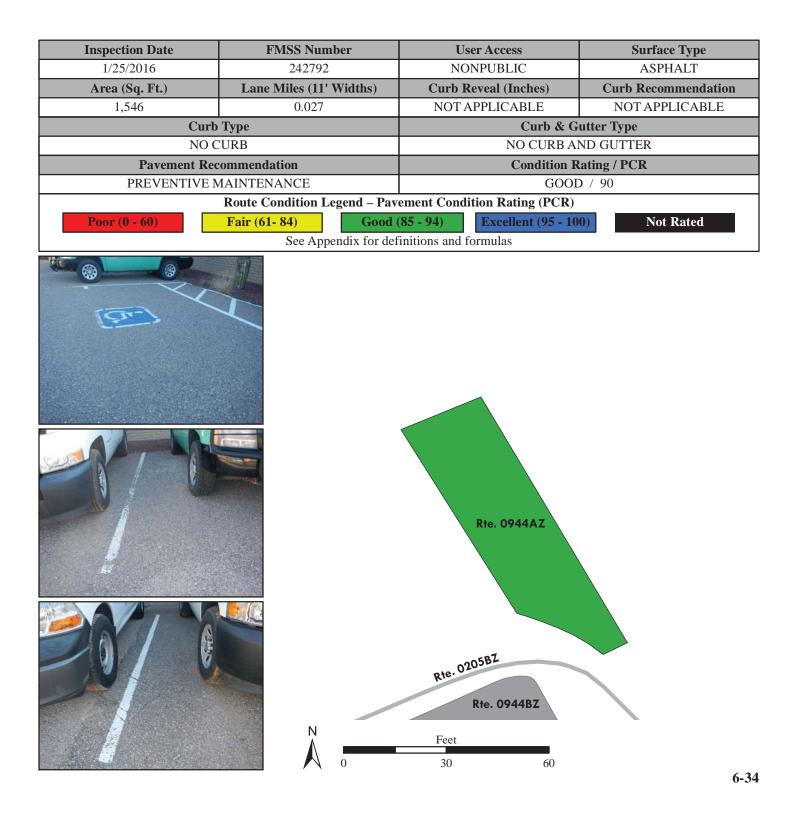


Saguaro National Park

ROUTE 0944AZ: RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING A

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0944ZZ Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205BZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP) ON RIGHT

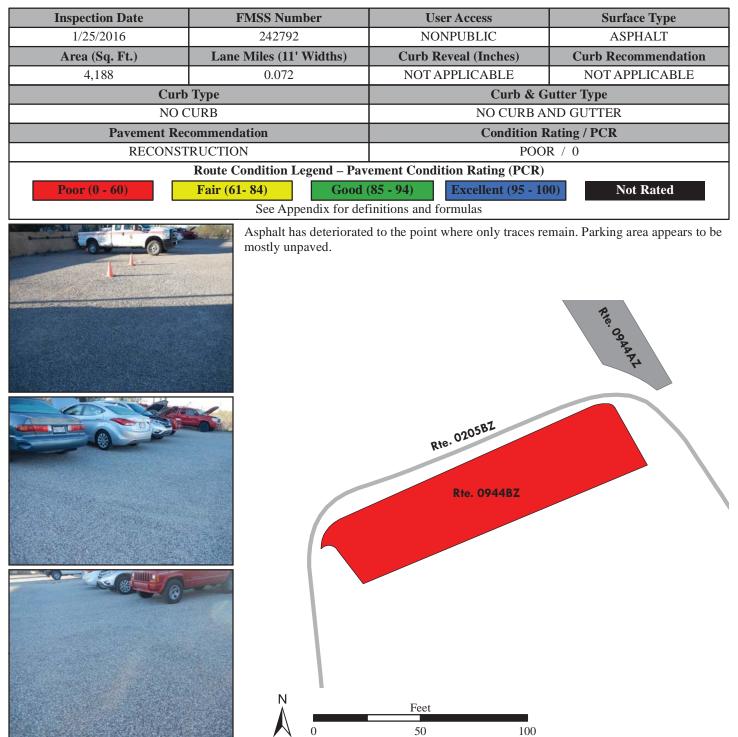


Saguaro National Park

ROUTE 0944BZ: RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING B

Subcomponent of Route SAGU-0944ZZ Manual Rating

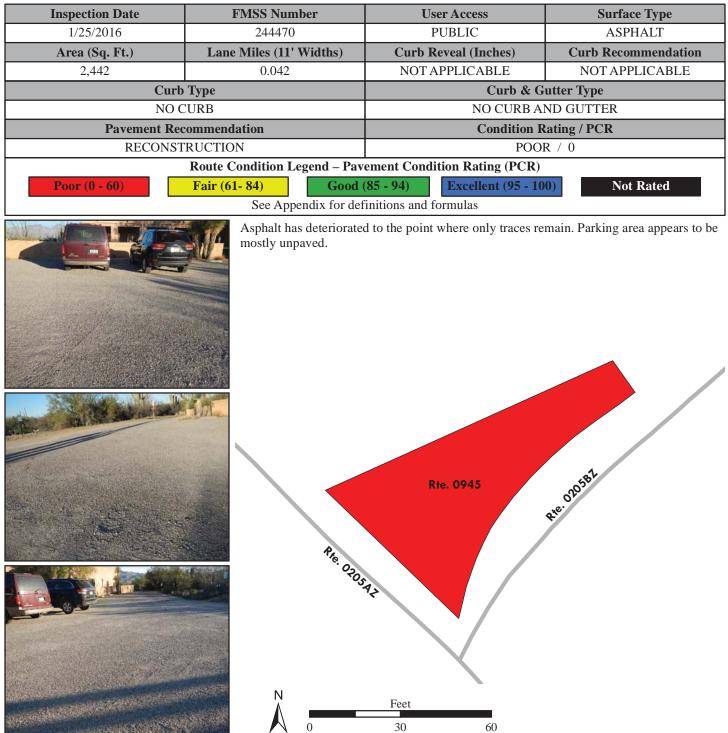
ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205BZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP) ON LEFT



Saguaro National Park ROUTE 0945: SONORAN DESERT NETWORK / KINGSTON PARKING LOT

Manual Rating

ADJACENT TO ROUTE 0205ZZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE / SODN KINGSTON ROAD)



Section 7 Road Milepost Information



Saguaro National Park



Road Milepost Information

This report section contains road milepost information for all paved roads in the park that were collected with the Data Collection Vehicle (DCV). The milepost data is obtained from the DCV by using a distance measuring instrument (DMI) that is calibrated to record mileage to the nearest thousandth of a mile. Park roads that were manually rated did not have milepost data collected, and thus are not included in this report section.

For Cycle 6, the information presented in this section differs from previous RIP cycles in that it does not contain the roadside features inventories for the paved park roads. Some examples of the features previously collected are signs, culverts/drop inlets, guardrails, curbing, pullouts, etc. If the park was collected in a previous RIP cycle, then the latest features data can be obtained by referencing the following:

Where to find the latest Features Inventories for NPS Parks:

- For Small Parks (parks with less than 10 miles of paved roads):
 - Refer to Cycle 5 data (collected 2010 2014)
 - Features were reported in Section 9 of the *Cycle 5* RIP report
 - Video of features can be viewed using the *PathViewVO* program and *Cycle 5* data
- For Large Parks (parks with more than 10 miles of paved roads):
 - Refer to Cycle 4 data (collected 2006 2009)
 - Features were reported in Section 9 of the *Cycle 4* RIP report
 - Video of features can be viewed using the *VisiData* program and *Cycle 4* data
 - Note: Features inventories were updated in Large Parks in *Cycle 5* only on a route by route basis if the route was new or modified in *Cycle 5*. If this is the case for a particular route, then features for the route can be obtained using the *PathViewVO* program and *Cycle 5* data (same as above for Small parks).

Milepost Events Verified in Cycle 6

In Cycle 6, the following events were collected and reported in Section 7 of this report:

- Intersections with roads and parking areas
- All bridges and culverts with BIP Numbers (bridge inspection program numbers)
- Mile Marker Signs
- One-Way travel directions
- Overpasses
- Tunnels
- Low Water Crossings (LWCR)
- Surface type changes
- Construction areas where no pavement condition data was obtained

GPS Mileage Matching

A consistent survey milepost and constant route length as recorded by the Data Collection Vehicle (DCV) is a challenge to maintain from one collection cycle to the next. The challenge is due to many factors such as driver characteristics, DMI calibration, tire pressure etc. After Cycle 4 (~2010), a decision was made to hold constant the length of roads so long as there was no physical change from reconstruction projects or realignments that would result in a change to the length of a road. Consequently, the "GPS Mileage Match" was implemented to specify which cycle the route length is being matched. Route mileages and GPS are matched to a previous collection whenever there is no physical change to a route alignment. The route mileage and GPS is not matched to previous cycles whenever it is determined that a road length and GPS needs to be updated. When this happens the GPS and length is updated to the cycle that displays the change, and that collection cycle is used as the matching cycle in subsequent collections of the road. Thus, the Cycle 6 GIS could be either the survey length collected in Cycle 4, Cycle 5, or Cycle 6 and therefore, may not match the survey milepost displayed in the latest Cycle 6 DCV video which is viewable in *PathView VO*.

The features inventories and road logs collected on NPS routes contain mileposts that are determined from the corresponding cycle that the GPS is matched to. Therefore, the mileposts contained in the Cycle 4 or 5 features inventories or the Cycle 6 road logs may not exactly match the survey milepost collected in the latest Cycle 6 video of the road.

Locating Mile Marker Signs

For routes that have mile marker signs along them, the milepost reported by RIP will most likely not line up exactly with the sign located in the field. This could be happening for many reasons, most likely due to either the error falling within the acceptable calibration range of the vehicle, or the level of accuracy that the mile marker signs were placed in the field.

Because mile marker signs are important features in many project plans and location descriptions, RIP is reporting locations of mile marker signs in three ways in Cycle 6:

- 1. Mileposts from Cycle 6 GIS: the official RIP milepost taken from the features inventories and the matching GPS/mileage cycle as described above. This is the milepost that should be used on project plans and when finding locations in the field
- 2. Mileposts from Cycle 6 Video: milepost shown to help locate the mile marker sign in the latest *PathView VO* video.
- 3. Latitude / Longitude: a constant way of locating a mile marker sign so long as the park has not moved the sign

The mileposts from Cycle 6 Video and GIS should be nearly the same, but on longer roads it has been observed that the Video milepost deviates more from the official GIS milepost that comes from the matching cycle.

ROUTE 0010: RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	PAVED ROUTE (SOUTH OLD SPANISH TRAIL) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	PAVED ROUTE (SOUTH OLD SPANISH TRAIL) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	PARK BOUNDARY	N/A	WEST PARK BOUNDARY
0.09	0.09	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)
0.13	0.13	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0902A (EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING A)
0.13	0.13	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0902B (EAST SIDE VISITOR CENTER PARKING B)
0.17	0.17	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)
0.17	0.17	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)

ROUTE 0012: KINNEY ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	PAVED ROUTE (MILE WIDE ROAD) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	PAVED ROUTE (KINNEY ROAD) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	PARK BOUNDARY	N/A	SOUTH BOUNDARY
0.69	0.69	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0921 (DESERT VIEW PARKING)
0.84	0.84	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0402 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD)
0.94	0.94	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0911 (RED HILLS VISITOR CENTER PARKING)
0.97	0.97	INTERSECTION	L	UNPAVED ROUTE (GATED)
1.06	1.10	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
1.30	1.30	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0913 (WILDLIFE WATERHOLE PARKING)
1.40	1.46	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
1.97	1.97	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0912 (DESERT DISCOVERY NATURE TRAIL PARKING)
1.99	2.02	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
2.55	2.55	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0300 (HOHOKAM ROAD)
2.74	2.74	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0501 (SANDARIO ROAD)
2.74	2.74	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0501 (SANDARIO ROAD)

Data Collected on 1/2017

ROUTE 0100: JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD)
0.08	0.08	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0935 (DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING)
0.09	0.09	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0935 (DESERT LIVING OVERLOOK PARKING)
0.90	0.90	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0939AZ (CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING A)
0.90	0.90	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0939BZ (CACTUS FOREST SOUTH TRAILHEAD PARKING B)
1.24	1.24	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0500 (CACTUS FOREST DRIVE)
1.39	1.39	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0904 (FREEMAN HOMESTEAD TRAILHEAD PARKING)
1.41	1.41	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0904 (FREEMAN HOMESTEAD TRAILHEAD PARKING)
1.65	1.65	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0906 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA PARKING)

ROUTE 0102: PICTURE ROCKS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	N/A	PAVED ROUTE (PICTURE ROCKS ROAD) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	PARK BOUNDARY	N/A	WEST PARK BOUNDARY
0.04	0.04	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0201 (CAM-BOH PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)
0.71	0.71	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0101 (GOLDEN GATE ROAD)
2.42	2.42	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0941 (CONTZEN PASS TRAILHEAD PARKING)
3.01	3.01	INTERSECTION	N/A	PAVED ROUTE (PICTURE ROCKS ROAD) NON-NPS
3.01	3.01	PARK BOUNDARY	N/A	EAST PARK BOUNDARY

ROUTE 0205AZ: SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 6.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)
0.00	0.00	ONE-WAY START	N/A	N/A
0.10	0.10	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0205BZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP)
0.11	0.11	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0945 (SONORAN DESERT NETWORK / KINGSTON PARKING LOT)
0.14	0.14	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0205BZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP)
0.23	0.23	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)
0.23	0.23	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 5000 (BROADWAY BOULEVARD)
0.23	0.23	ONE-WAY END	N/A	N/A

ROUTE 0205BZ: SODN KINGSTON ROAD / BACK LOOP

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 6.

TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0205AZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP)
0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0205AZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP)
0.00	ONE-WAY START	N/A	N/A
0.01	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0945 (SONORAN DESERT NETWORK / KINGSTON PARKING LOT)
0.05	INTERSECTION	L	UNPAVED PARKING
0.05	INTERSECTION	R	UNPAVED PARKING
0.08	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0944AZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING A)
0.09	INTERSECTION	R	UNPAVED PARKING
0.09	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0944BZ (RINCON MOUNTAIN FIRE MANAGEMENT BUILDING PARKING B)
0.15	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0205AZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP)
0.15	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0205AZ (SODN KINGSTON ROAD / FRONT LOOP)
0.15	ONE-WAY END	N/A	N/A
	MILEPOST 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.05 0.05 0.05 0.08 0.09 0.09 0.15 0.15 0.15	MILEPOSTFEATURE0.00INTERSECTION0.00INTERSECTION0.00ONE-WAY START0.01INTERSECTION0.05INTERSECTION0.05INTERSECTION0.08INTERSECTION0.09INTERSECTION0.15INTERSECTION0.15INTERSECTION	MILEPOSTFEATURESIDE0.00INTERSECTIONN/A0.00INTERSECTIONL0.00ONE-WAY STARTN/A0.01INTERSECTIONL0.05INTERSECTIONL0.05INTERSECTIONR0.08INTERSECTIONR0.09INTERSECTIONL0.15INTERSECTIONL0.15INTERSECTIONN/A

ROUTE 0400: HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD)
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD)
0.04	0.04	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0901 (MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING)
0.07	0.07	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0401 (RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED))
0.09	0.09	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)
0.09	0.09	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0900AZ (HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA A)
0.10	0.10	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0900BZ (HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA B)
0.13	0.13	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0900CZ (HEADQUARTERS PARKING AREA C)
0.15	0.15	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)
0.15	0.15	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)

ROUTE 0401: RESIDENCE ROAD (PAVED)

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0400 (HEADQUARTERS ACCESS ROAD)
0.06	0.06	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0410 (RESIDENCE ROAD (UNPAVED))

ROUTE 0402: RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD)
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD)
0.06	0.06	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0403 (RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD)
0.07	0.07	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0909 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE PARKING)

Data Collected on 1/2017

ROUTE 0403: RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA ACCESS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0402 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD)
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0402 (RED HILLS ADMINISTRATIVE ACCESS ROAD)
0.10	0.10	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0910 (RED HILLS MAINTENANCE AREA PARKING)

ROUTE 0406: HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM	ТО			
MILEPOST	MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	PAVED ROUTE (SOUTH OLD SPANISH TRAIL) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	PAVED ROUTE (SOUTH OLD SPANISH TRAIL) NON-NPS
0.07	0.07	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0407 (HELI-BASE FLIGHTLINE ACCESS ROAD)
0.07	0.07	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0931 (HELI-BASE PARKING)

ROUTE 0407: HELI-BASE FLIGHTLINE ACCESS ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0406 (HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD)
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0406 (HELI-BASE ACCESS ROAD)
0.09	0.09	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0409 (MAGNETIC OBSERVATORY ACCESS ROAD)

ROUTE 0500: CACTUS FOREST DRIVE

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 4.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	N/A	ROUTE 0010 (RINCON MOUNTAIN DISTRICT ENTRANCE ROAD)
0.00	0.00	ONE-WAY START	N/A	N/A
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)
0.09	0.09	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0922 (FUTURE GENERATIONS OVERLOOK PARKING)
0.22	0.22	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
0.54	0.56	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
0.81	0.81	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0923 (SONORAN DESERT OVERLOOK PARKING)
1.31	1.32	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
1.59	1.59	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0924 (CACTUS FOREST OVERLOOK PARKING)
2.09	2.09	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0200 (MICA VIEW ACCESS ROAD)
2.36	2.38	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
2.40	2.40	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0903 (DESERT ECOLOGY TRAILHEAD PARKING)
2.75	2.75	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0925 (CACTUS FOREST NORTH TRAILHEAD PARKING)
3.50	3.50	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0926 (LOMA VERDE TRAILHEAD PARKING)
4.06	4.06	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0927 (RIPARIAN OVERLOOK PARKING)
5.03	5.03	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0928 (RINCON MOUNTAINS OVERLOOK PARKING)
5.47	5.48	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
6.07	6.07	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0929 (JAVELINA ROCKS OVERLOOK PARKING)
6.09	6.09	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0929 (JAVELINA ROCKS OVERLOOK PARKING)
6.43	6.44	LOW WATER CROSSING	N/A	HIGH WATER FLOW AREA
6.82	6.82	ONE-WAY END	N/A	N/A
6.82	6.82	INTERSECTION	L	ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)
6.82	6.82	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0100 (JAVELINA PICNIC AREA ACCESS ROAD)

ROUTE 0501: SANDARIO ROAD

Road logs are verified in Cycle 6 and mileposts for this route are matched to GPS collected in Cycle 6.

FROM MILEPOST	TO MILEPOST	FEATURE	SIDE	COMMENT
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	L	PAVED ROUTE (MILE WIDE ROAD) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	R	PAVED ROUTE (MILE WIDE ROAD) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	INTERSECTION	N/A	PAVED ROUTE (SANDARIO ROAD) NON-NPS
0.00	0.00	PARK BOUNDARY	N/A	SOUTH PARK BOUNDARY
0.99	0.99	INTERSECTION	L	UNPAVED ROUTE (FORT LOWELL ROAD) NON-NPS
1.58	1.58	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0012 (KINNEY ROAD)
1.83	1.83	INTERSECTION	R	ROUTE 0101 (GOLDEN GATE ROAD)
3.01	3.01	INTERSECTION	L	PAVED ROUTE (MANVILLE ROAD) NON-NPS
4.52	4.52	INTERSECTION	N/A	PAVED ROUTE (SANDARIO ROAD) NON-NPS
4.52	4.52	INTERSECTION	L	PAVED ROUTE (RUDASILL ROAD) NON-NPS
4.52	4.52	INTERSECTION	R	PAVED ROUTE (RUDASILL ROAD) NON-NPS
4.52	4.52	PARK BOUNDARY	N/A	NORTH PARK BOUNDARY

Section 8 Appendix



Saguaro National Park



Improvements to the RIP Index Equations and Determination of PCR

In 2005, the Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) began implementing the use of a Pavement Management System (PMS) to assist the National Park Service (NPS) in prioritizing Pavement Maintenance and Rehabilitation activities. The PMS used by FHWA is the Highway Pavement Management Application (HPMA) which has the ability to store inventory and condition data from the Road Inventory Program (RIP) and forecast future performance using prediction models. Outputs include performance and condition reports at the National, Region, Park, or Route level. A regional prioritized list and optimization have been produced for most regions and the Federal Highway Deferred Maintenance is calculated via the HPMA as well.

In an effort to improve the accuracy of treatment recommendations and pavement condition descriptions the distresses and indexes that comprise the Pavement Condition Rating (PCR), an extensive study was completed throughout 2010 that has resulted in changes to the RIP condition reporting method and specifically, the calculation of PCR. It was determined that a better representation of PCR could be achieved by modifying the relative impact certain distresses would have on the overall rating.

Through the use of HPMA data, it was noted that false failure indicators existed with the existing PCR model, and that it would be necessary to reduce their impact. The distresses affected in this way were Rutting and Roughness. Conversely, experience showed that roadways with extensive cracking present were often shown to have a high PCR. Therefore, the crack index models were adjusted to be more sensitive to changes in crack severity or quantity. It was also determined that these issues were not due to a problem with data acquisition (i.e. the RIP "van"), but with the way the collected data was processed. The final change was to provide guidance on when to use the Roughness Condition Index (RCI) in the PCR calculation. Roughness data is of little value to determining overall condition on routes that, due to their length or geometrics, have lower vehicle operating speeds. Therefore, in Cycle 5, only routes that have lengths of one half mile or greater and posted speed limits of 25 mph or greater will have RCI reported and included in the PCR calculations.

Additionally, methodologies were updated in 2013 for Manually Rated Routes (paved routes that the collection vehicle is unable to drive) as well as Parking Areas to provide more accurate condition data to the HPMA. These updated methodologies allow for the efficient assessment of pavement conditions using a visual inspection method to denote specific distresses. These distresses are indicative of current conditions, the causes for current and future deterioration, and identify the level of targeted repair and rehabilitation practices required.

The changes that were implemented were endorsed by management at both the FHWA and NPS. In order to show the effectiveness of these changes, several sites were ground truth tested in early 2014 to ensure that an improvement was achieved between the relationship of PCR and the actual Maintenance and Rehabilitation needs that were represented. The changes will allow greater use of RIP and HPMA data for not simply condition data reporting, but also as a reliable tool for project identification and selection.

Description of the Rating System

The Federal Highway Administration, National Park Service Road Inventory Program (NPS-RIP), collects roadway condition data on paved surfaces (asphalt, concrete, brick, and cobblestone) on roads, parkways, and parking areas in national parks nationwide. The road surface condition data is collected using an automated Data Collection Vehicle (DCV) and manually using Manually Rated Route (MRR) procedures. Roads having brick or cobblestone surfacing are not normally surveyed with the DCV, but are manually rated for condition rating.

The FHWA RIP is implemented based on the premise that an accurate pavement surface condition assessment can be accomplished using automated crack detection technology as applied to digital images. Various methods of pavement condition assessment have been developed over the years with varying degrees of accuracy and acceptance. The use of digital photography to record pavement images and subsequent crack detection and classification has undergone continuous improvements over the past decade. Digital cameras with increasingly superior resolution and high definition have become more affordable, and the proprietary programming code and algorithms have been improved in crack detection software.

With the use of quality digital photography and automated crack detection software, FHWA RIP is tasked with executing a pavement condition assessment on a network of roughly 5,700 miles of National Park Service roads and parkways. Because a subset of roads will be collected multiple times this cycle, the total collection length will be around 13,000 miles. Foremost in setting up the basis of pavement distress identification is employing the distress identification protocols used by FHWA. There is no single distress identification system that is universal among entities conducting a program of distress identification. For the purpose of the NPS RIP, FHWA employs distress identification protocols that are specific to this program.

FHWA has referenced the "Distress Identification Manual for the Long-Term Pavement Performance Program", Publication No. FHWA-RD 03-031, June 2003, as the point-of- reference for distress types on NPS pavement. In truth, the FHWA RIP distress types are similar to those described in the LTPP manual with some modifications. This document, "Distress Identification Manual for the NPS Road Inventory Program, Cycle 6, 2014-2020" was developed using the "Distress Identification Manual for the Long-Term Pavement Performance Program" as a guideline. Definitions of severity levels based on crack width contained in this document adhere to the LTPP Distress ID Manual. Modifications have been made to the definition of Alligator and Longitudinal Cracking and determination of Alligator Cracking severity. This manual also addresses Rutting and Roughness and its application to RIP.

Cycle 6 has launched in the spring of 2014 and will again comprise all parks, large and small, that are served by paved roads and/or parking areas. For Cycle 6, roughly 333 large and small parks will have all paved routes and parking areas collected at least once in the cycle, some will have multiple collections depending on the size of the park and the functional class of the route.

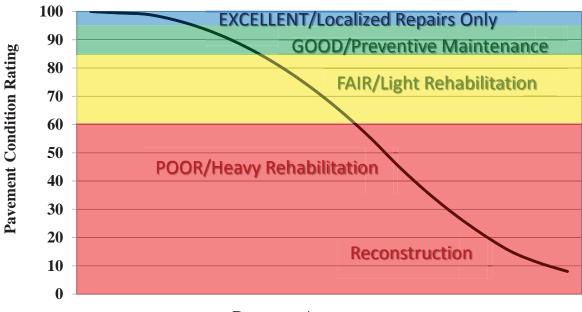
This "Distress Identification Manual for the NPS Road Inventory Program, Cycle 6, 2014-2020" will be used as a reference resource in crack detection and classification, determination of distress severity and extent, and in the calculation of distress index values for the FHWA RIP Cycle 6.

Explanation of the Condition Descriptions

In addition to the RIP Index changes that were implemented in Cycle 5, we will also aim to provide greater assistance in translating good/fair/poor categories into pavement needs categories. The PCR can be used to indicate the place in the Pavement Life Cycle and the types of treatments that should be considered now and into the future.

- Excellent/New: PCR of 95-100. Pavements in this range will require only spot repairs
- Good: PCR of 85-94. Pavements in this range will likely be candidates for preventive maintenance. Examples include Chip and Slurry Seals, Micro Surfacing and Thin Overlays.
- Fair: PCR of 61-84. Pavements in this range will likely be candidates of Light Rehabilitation (L3R). Examples include single-lift overlays up to 2.5 inches in total thickness, milling and overlays.
- Poor: PCR of 60 or below. Pavements in this range will likely be candidates of Heavy Rehabilitation or Reconstruction (H3R or 4R). Examples include Pulverization, Multiple Lift Overlays, and Reconstruction.

At this time, specific maintenance and rehabilitation activities should be evaluated and recommended at the project level. Site-specific conditions that influence treatment type should be determined based on performing a subsurface investigation and/or pavement condition survey, and not be based solely on RIP data. Additionally, RIP produces a snapshot of conditions the year in which the data was collected. For further information or to obtain additional PMS data from our (HPMA) please contact the Eastern Federal Lands pavement team.



Condition Categories and Treatments

Pavement Age

Description of Pavement Treatment Types

- 1. **Preventive Maintenance** is a planned strategy of cost-effective treatments to an existing roadway system and its appurtenances that preserves the system, retards future deterioration, and maintains or improves the functional condition of the system (without significantly increasing the structural capacity). Preventive maintenance is typically applied to pavements in good condition having significant remaining service life. As a major component of pavement preservation, preventive maintenance is a strategy of extending the service life by applying cost-effective treatments to the surface or near-surface of structurally sound pavements. Examples of preventive treatments include asphalt crack sealing, chip sealing, slurry or micro-surfacing, thin and ultrathin hot-mix asphalt overlay, concrete joint sealing, diamond grinding, dowel-bar retrofit, and isolated, partial and/or full-depth concrete repairs to restore functionality of individual slabs.
- 2. Pavement Rehabilitation consists of structural enhancements that extend the service life of an existing pavement and/or improve its load carrying capacity. Rehabilitation techniques include restoration treatments and structural overlays. Rehabilitation projects extend the life of existing pavement structures either by restoring existing structural capacity through the elimination of age-related, environmental cracking of embrittled pavement surface or by increasing pavement thickness to strengthen existing pavement sections to accommodate existing or projected traffic loading conditions. Two sub-categories result from these distinctions, which are directly related to the restoration or increase of structural capacity.
 - Light Rehabilitation (L3R) Examples include single-lift overlays up to 2.5 inches in total thickness and milling and overlays for flexible pavements
 - Heavy Rehabilitation (H3R) Requires rehabilitation with grade improvement. H3R stands for resurfacing, restoration, and rehabilitation projects. H3R projects typically involve multi-depth (overlays greater than 2.5 inches) pavement improvement work (short of full-depth replacement) and targeted safety improvements. H3R projects generally involve retention of the existing three-dimensional alignment.
- 3. **Reconstruction** (4**R**) is defined as the replacement of the entire existing pavement structure by the placement of the equivalent or increased pavement structure. Reconstruction usually requires the complete removal and replacement of the existing pavement structure. Reconstruction may utilize either new or recycled materials incorporated into the materials used for the reconstruction of the complete pavement section. Reconstruction is required when a pavement has either failed or has become functionally obsolete.

Appendix A

Methodology for Determining Condition Ratings with the Data Collection Vehicle (DCV)

Surface Distresses Identified by the Data Collection Vehicle

Surface Condition Rating – SCR

Surface distresses are measured in the primary lane only. In the classification and measurement of all paved surface condition data, results will be reported in the database in record intervals of 0.02 miles (105.6 feet) (smallest granularity) along the route.

Surface distresses and rutting are determined from digital images that provide both the longitudinal and transverse profile. The images also provide an elevation profile of the road, creating a 3-dimensional image of the paved surface.

- Transverse Cracks
- Longitudinal Cracks
- Alligator Cracks
- Patching/Potholes
- Rutting

Each of the five surface distresses is assigned a computed surface distress index

- Transverse Crack Index
- Longitudinal Crack Index
- Alligator Crack Index
- Patching/Pothole Index
- Rutting Index

Surface distress data are classified as listed above, measured for severity, and quantified for extent. Classification, severity, and extent of these five surface distresses comprise the three main elements for calculation of Surface Condition Rating (SCR).

In addition to the five surface distresses, a Structural Crack Index is computed, which is a combination of the Longitudinal Crack Index and the Alligator Crack Index. The Structural Crack Index is then used in lieu of the LC and AC indices to compute SCR.

Roughness Condition Index - RCI

Additional condition data measured by DCV (lasers and accelerometers)

• Roughness (IRI)

Roughness is measured by FHWA's DCV and reported as International Roughness Index (IRI) in inches/mile. Using IRI, the Roughness Condition Index (RCI) is computed.

Pavement Condition Rating - PCR

Using the SCR (computed from the five surface distresses) and the RCI, an overall Pavement Condition Rating (PCR) is computed. The formula for PCR is:

Asphalt PCR = (0.60 * SCR) + (0.40 * RCI)Concrete PCR = RCI

A detailed description of each distress index formula, roughness index formula, SCR and PCR is provided in this document.

Each classified surface distress will fall into one or more severity - LOW, MEDIUM, or HIGH based on criteria listed. For each severity, an extent is established based on the measured quantity of the distress within that severity. Within each severity individual distresses are assigned a Maximum Allowable Extent (MAE). For example, LOW severity transverse cracking may be allowed up to 21.1 cracks within a 0.02 mile interval before it reaches MAE and fails.

The index formulas are based on a scale of 0 to 100. A PCR index value of 100 would indicate a "new" road with no measurable distresses or rough ride. A PCR value of 60 is determined to be terminable serviceability and the road is considered failed. The range of index values with condition descriptors is:

POOR = (less than or equal to 60), **FAIR**= (61 – 84), GOOD= (85 - 94), **EXCELLENT**= (95 - 100)

Index values are generally computed based on cumulative deducts of the measured severities. As shown in the index formulas below, as any single severity reaches or exceeds MAE, the index computes to a value of 60 or less, and the road fails for that 0.02 interval.

<u>Note:</u> As a result of a unique combination of measured surface distresses and IRI, index values occasionally compute to less than 0 or greater than 100. In this instance, an index value less than 0 defaults to 0. Index values greater than 100 defaults to 100. For all indices, a higher value indicates a better road condition, and a lower value indicates a poorer road condition.

On the following page, Table 1 summarizes the different types of distresses measured.

ASPHALT-SURFACED PAVEMENT DISTRESS TYPES WITH RUTTING AND ROUGHNESS				
Distress Type	Units Of Measure	Converted To	Defined Severity Levels?	Measured By
Alligator Cracking	Square Feet	Percent of Lane Per 0.02 Mile	Yes	3 Dimensional pavement imaging system
Transverse Cracking	Linear feet	Number of Cracks Per 0.02 Mile	Yes	3 Dimensional pavement imaging system
Longitudinal Cracking	Linear feet	Percent of Lane Length Per 0.02 Mile	Yes	3 Dimensional pavement imaging system
Patching / Potholes	Square Feet	Percent of Lane Per 0.02 Mile	No	3 Dimensional pavement imaging system
Rutting	Inches	Rut Depth Per 0.02 Mile	Yes	3 Dimensional pavement imaging system
Roughness	IRI	*RCI Per 0.02 Mile	No	DCV – Lasers / Accelerometers

*Note: *Roughness is measured on concrete roadways, but surface distresses and rutting are not measured.* For concrete, PCR = RCI

Table 1. Distress summary

Alligator Cracking

Description:

Alligator cracking is considered a combination of fatigue and block cracking. It is a series of interconnected cracks in various stages of development. Alligator cracking develops into a many-sided pattern that resembles chicken wire or alligator skin. It can occur anywhere in the road lane. Alligator cracking must have a quantifiable area.

Severity Levels:

LOW

An area with little to no interconnecting cracks with no visible spalling. Cracks are less than or equal to a mean width of 0.25 in. (6mm). Cracks in the pattern are no further apart than 1 foot (0.328 m). May be sealed cracks with sealant in good condition and a crack width that cannot be determined.

MEDIUM

An area of interconnected cracks that form a complete pattern. Cracks may be slightly spalled. Cracks are greater than 0.25 in. (6 mm) but less than or equal to 0.75 in. (19 mm) or any crack with a mean width less than or equal to 0.75 in. (19 mm) and adjacent low severity cracking. Cracks in the pattern are no further apart than 6 in. (150 mm).

HIGH

An area of interconnected cracks forming a complete pattern. Cracks are moderately or severely spalled. Cracks are greater than 0.75 in. (19mm) or any crack with a mean width less than or equal to 0.75 in. (19mm) and adjacent medium to high severity random cracking.

A combination of observed crack width and crack pattern is used to determine overall severity of alligator cracking. Based on above description of each severity, the highest level of crack width and crack pattern determines overall severity as shown in Table 2.

ALLIGATOR CRACKING SEVERITY LEVELS				
	CRACK	CRACK PATTERN		
	SEVERITY	LOW	MED	HIGH
	LOW	LOW	MED	HIGH
CRACK WIDTH	MED	MED	MED	HIGH
	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH

 Table 2. Alligator Crack Severity Levels

Longitudinal Cracking

Description:

Longitudinal cracking occurs predominantly parallel to the pavement centerline. It can occur anywhere within the lane. Longitudinal cracks occurring in the wheelpath may be noteworthy.

Severity Levels:

LOW

Cracks with a mean width less than or equal to 0.25 in. (6 mm). This also includes sealed cracks with sealant in good condition and a width that cannot be determined.

MEDIUM

Cracks with a mean width greater than 0.25 in. (6 mm) but less than 0.75 in. (19 mm). Also, any crack with a mean width less than 0.75 in. (19 mm) and adjacent random low severity cracking.

HIGH

Cracks with a mean width greater than 0.75 in. (19 mm). Also, any crack with a mean width less than 0.75 in. (19 mm) and adjacent random medium to high severity cracking.

Transverse Cracking

Description:

Transverse cracking occurs predominantly perpendicular to the pavement centerline. It can occur anywhere within the lane.

Severity Levels:

LOW

Cracks with a mean width of less than or equal to 0.25 in. (6 mm). Sealed cracks with sealant in good condition and a width that cannot be determined.

MEDIUM

Cracks with a mean width greater 0.25 in. (6 mm) and less than or equal to 0.75 in. (19 mm). Also, any crack with a mean width less than 0.75 in. (19 mm) and adjacent random low severity cracking.

HIGH

Cracks with a mean width greater than 0.75 in. (19 mm). Also, any crack with a mean width less than 0.75 in. (19 mm) and adjacent random medium to high severity cracking.

Patching and Potholes

Description:

Patching is an area of pavement surface that has been removed and replaced with patching material or an area of pavement surface that has had additional patching material applied. Patching may encompass partial lane or full lane width. On full lane width patching; the total, contiguous length of patch may not exceed 0.100 mi. (0.161 km). (Any full-lane patch exceeding 0.100 mi. in length is considered a pavement change). Patching must have a quantifiable area.

Potholes are bowl-shaped holes of various sizes occurring in the pavement surface.

Manhole covers should not be rated as patches unless there is obvious patching around the manhole.

Speed bumps should not be rated as patches

Severity Levels:

There are no stratified severities for Patching and Potholes. They either are present or they are not.

RUTTING

Description:

Rutting is a longitudinal surface depression in the wheelpath.

Severity Levels:

LOW

Ruts with a measured depth of 0.20 inches to 0.49 inches Ruts less than 0.20 in. are not included in the distress calculations.

MEDIUM

Ruts with a measured depth of 0.50 inches to 0.99 inches

HIGH

Ruts with a measured depth greater than 1.00 inch

ROUGHNESS

Description:

Roughness is the measurement of the unevenness of the pavement in the direction of travel. It is measured in units of IRI (International Roughness Index), inches per mile, and is indicative of ride comfort.

Severity Levels:

There are no stratified severity levels for roughness. The roughness (or smoothness) of a road surface can be defined by IRI in the following table.

IRI DESCRIPTIONS		
Type of Road	Typical IRI (in/mile)	
New Road, no noticeable roughness	<90	
Small level of roughness	90 - 126	
Road of average roughness	126 - 190	
Road with above average roughness	190 – 253	
Road with severe roughness	253 - 380	
Nearly impassable	>380	

Table 3. International Roughness Index

Roughness Collection Parameters

On shorter roads with a lower speed limit the usefulness in collecting and reporting IRI is negligible. Lower, inconsistent speeds can lead to a less accurate IRI value. Therefore RIP has put in place the following protocols for reporting IRI.

International Roughness Index (IRI) is not reported on routes with the following criteria:

- Posted speed limit is less than 25 mph
- Length of route is less than 0.50 miles

When a collected route has a posted speed limit of at least 25 mph and length of at least 0.50 miles, IRI will be collected except on road sections where the speed is less than 20 mph

Other situations may arise where the speed and length factors are met, but reporting IRI could lead to an inaccurate PCR. RIP will determine whether or not it is reasonable to report IRI on these routes on a case by case basis.

Index Formulas

Note: All index formulas listed below contain MAE applicable to 0.02 mile (105.6 feet) interval.

Alligator Crack Index

 $AC_{INDEX} = 100 - 40 * [(\% LOW / 35) + (\% MED / 15) + (\% HI / 5)]$

Where:

The values %LOW, %MED and %HI report the percentage of the observed pavement (0.02 mile, primary lane) that contains alligator cracking within the respective severities. These values range from 0 to 100.

%LOW = Percent of total area (primary lane, 0.02 in length), low severity %MED = Percent of total area (primary lane, 0.02 in length), medium severity %HI = Percent of total area (primary lane, 0.02 in length), high severity

Percent of total area is computed as:

square foot area of alligator crack severity (0.02 mile)*(lane width)

In AC_INDEX, the denominators 35, 15, and 5 are the Maximum Allowable Extents (MAE) for each severity. In other words, we will allow up to 35% of low severity alligator cracking for a 0.02 interval before failure, 15% for medium severity, and so on. As you can see, if any single severity reaches MAE the resulting index value is 60, or failure.

Longitudinal Crack Index

 $LC_INDEX = 100 - 40 * [(\% LOW / 175) + (\% MED / 75) + (\% HI / 25)]$

Where:

The values %LOW, %MED, and %HI report the length of longitudinal cracking within each severity as a percent of the section length (0.02 mile, primary lane). These values are greater than or equal to 0 and can exceed 100.

%LOW = Percent of interval length (primary lane, 0.02 in length), low severity %MED = Percent of interval length (primary lane, 0.02 in length), medium severity %HI = Percent of interval length (primary lane, 0.02 in length), high severity

Percent of interval length is computed as:

length of respective longitudinal cracking (0.02 mile)*(105.6 ft.)

In LC_INDEX, the denominators 175, 75, and 25 are the Maximum Allowable Extents (MAE) for each severity. In other words, we will allow up to 175% of low severity longitudinal cracking for a 0.02 interval before failure, 75% for medium severity, and so on. As you can see, if any single severity reaches MAE the resulting index value is 60, or failure.

Structural Crack Index

 $SC_INDEX = [100 - ((100 - AC_INDEX) + (100 - LC_INDEX))]$

Structural Crack Index is a combination of Alligator Cracking and Longitudinal Cracking, and is used in the SCR formula in lieu of AC and LC separately.

Transverse Crack Index

 $TC_INDEX = 100 - 40 * [(LOW / 21.1) + (MED / 4.4) + (HI / 2.6)]$

Where:

The values LOW, MED and HI report a count of the total number of transverse cracks (reported to three decimals) within each severity level, where one transverse crack is equal to the lane width. These values are greater than or equal to 0.

LOW = Number of cracks in interval (primary lane, 0.02 in length), low severity MED = Number of cracks in interval (primary lane, 0.02 in length), medium severity HI = Number of cracks in interval (primary lane, 0.02 in length), high severity

Number of cracks is computed as:

Total length of transverse cracks Lane width

In TC_INDEX, the denominators 21.1, 4.4, and 2.6 are the Maximum Allowable Extents (MAE) for each severity. In other words, we will allow up to 21.1 low severity transverse cracks for a 0.02 interval before failure, 4.4 cracks for medium severity, and so on. As you can see, if any single severity reaches MAE the resulting index value is 60, or failure.

Patching Index

PATCH_INDEX = (100 - 40) * (% PATCHING / 80)

Where:

The value %PATCHING reports the percentage of the observed pavement (0.02 mile, primary lane) that contains patching/potholes. This value ranges from 0 to 100.

%PATCHING = Percent of total area (primary lane, 0.02 in length)

Percent of total area is computed as:

square foot area of patching/potholes (0.02 mile)*(lane width)

There are no severity levels for patching. It either exists or does not.

There are no severity levels for patching. It either exists or does not. In PATCH_INDEX, the denominator 80 is the Maximum Allowable Extent (MAE) for each severity. In other words, we will allow up to 80% patching for a 0.02 interval before failure. As you can see, if patching/potholes reaches MAE the resulting index value is 60, or failure.

Rutting Index

RUT_INDEX = 100 - 40 * [(% LOW / 535) + (% MED / 205) + (% HI / 40)]

Where:

20 rut depth measurements are taken per 0.02 interval for each of 2 wheel paths (left and right), resulting in a total of 40 measurements taken for both wheel paths. Each wheelpath is analyzed independently for rut severities. The values %LOW, %MED and %HI report the percentage of the 40 measurements within that severity. These values range from 0 to 200.

- %LOW = Percent of LOW ruts in left wheelpath based on 20 ruts, plus percent of LOW ruts in right wheelpath based on 20 ruts.
- %MED = Percent of MED ruts in left wheelpath based on 20 ruts, plus percent of MED ruts in right wheelpath based on 20 ruts.
- %HI = Percent of HI ruts in left wheelpath based on 20 ruts, plus percent of HI ruts in right wheel path based on 20 ruts.

Percent of rut measurements within each severity can also be computed as:

(total number of ruts within each severity in both wheelpaths) 20 × 100

In RUT_INDEX, the denominators 535, 205, and 40 are the Maximum Allowable Extents for each severity; Low, Medium, and High, respectively. Only the MAE for high severity rutting can fail a section, since 200% of *only* low severity ruts would yield a rut index of 85 and 200% of *only* medium severity ruts would yield a rut index of 61.

Roughness Condition Index (Asphalt)

$$\mathbf{RCI} = 32 * [5 * (2.718282^{(-.0041 * AVG IRI)})]$$

Where:

The value AVG IRI reports the average value of the Left IRI and Right IRI measurements for the interval (0.02 mile, primary lane). This value can range from approximately 40 to 999.0.

Average IRI is computed as:

(Left wheelpath IRI) + (Right wheelpath IRI) 2

There is no applicable threshold for failure for this index.

Roughness Condition Index (Concrete)

 $\mathbf{RCI} = (-0.0012)(\mathbf{IRI}^2) + (0.0499)(\mathbf{IRI}) + 99.542$

For concrete, PCR = RCI

Surface Condition Rating Index

SCR = Lowest Index Value Of: [SC_INDEX, TC_INDEX, PATCH_INDEX, RUT_INDEX]

Note: The modified SCR equation above combines AC_INDEX and LC_INDEX, and considers that a single AC/LC index value of the Structural Crack Index (SC_INDEX). The lowest of the four computed index values (SC_INDEX, TC_INDEX, PATCH_INDEX, or RUT_INDEX) becomes the SCR.

Where:

See above for determinations of SC_INDEX, TC_INDEX, PATCH_INDEX and RUT_INDEX.

The threshold for failure for this index is SCR = 60.Data Collection Vehicle Subsystems

Data on paved roads is collected by FHWA using a Pathway Services Inc. Data Collection Vehicle (DCV), called a PathRunner. The DCV is driven in the primary-direction lane at posted speed limits and less.

Cameras

Forward-facing and rear-facing video is collected as jpeg digital imagery files at a frequency of every 26.4feet.

Two forward-facing cameras are mounted above the vehicle cab, one pointed straight ahead and the other to the right shoulder providing seamless roughly 120 degree viewing. A third camera is mounted in the rear of the vehicle, recording the left shoulder.

CAMERA SPECIFICATIONS TWO FORWARD / ONE REAR FACING CAMERA		
Camera lens/type	Prosilica GT 2750 (GigE Technology)	
Image format	*.jpg	
Image resolution	2750 x 2200, 18 frames/second	
Image pixel size	depends on distance	
Zoom ratio	16mm Fixed	
	Aperture Range F 1.8 – Infinity (P-Iris,	
Iris range	Automatic	

Pavement Imaging and Rutting

High resolution rutting data and surface imaging are collected in a single data stream using a threedimensional (3D) pavement surface transverse profile data acquisition system. The 3D camera captures a laser line as it is projected over the pavement surface and uses the location of this line to measure the height deviations of the pavement surface. These height deviations can be used to calculate rutting in both wheelpaths. These deviations also provide a grayscale image detailing the change in height throughout the surface, i.e. providing depth measurements for cracking.

PAVEMENT SURFACE AND TRANSVERSE PROFILE DATA ACQUISITION SYSTEM		
Surface Image Specifications		
Image size	1536 pixels/scan @3000 Hz	
Image width	4 meters (3950 mm nominal)	
Laser class	3B	
Power	16W (Two lasers @ 8W Ea)	
Vehicle speed limitations	62 mph	
Environment	Dry pavement, day or night	
Sensor size (approximate)	1536 pixels x 512 pixels	
Image display length	26.4 feet	
Rutting Specifications		
Reported rut depth units	Inches	
Vehicle speed limitations	Up to 62 mph	
Sampling rate	3000 profiles/second	
Transverse resolution	1536 points/profile	
Transverse field-of-view	14 feet	
Depth accuracy (nominal)	<1mm	
Environment	Dry pavement, day or night, above 32 degrees F	
Adherence to specifications	ASTM E1703M-95 (reapproved 2005)	

THREE-DIMENSIONAL

Distance Measuring Instrument (DMI)

The DMI (Distance Measuring Instrument) obtains road length measurements that are accurate to 0.15%for speeds up to 60 mph. The DMI is connected to the hub of the rear wheel on the driver's side, and is calibrated to the revolutions of the rear vehicle axle on a regular basis.

Roughness (IRI)

IRI SPECIFICATIONS		
Reported IRI units	Inches/mile	
Vehicle speed limitations	12-62 mph	
IRI equipment certification	Texas Transportation Institute (TTI)	
Wavelengths accommodated	0.5 feet to 300 feet	
IRI computed & reported	World Bank Technical Paper Number 46	
Environment	Dry pavement, day or night, above 32 degrees	
Adherence to specifications	ASTM E950 Class 1 & AASHTO M 328	

The collection system includes a South Dakota type laser profiler manufactured based on active Class 1 ASTM E950 standards. The dynamic profile of the pavement surface is collected from which the IRI roughness data is computed. The sensors include one accelerometer on each wheelpath, one height sensor (laser) on each wheelpath, and a distance transducer.

GPS & Inertial Systems

GPS is collected by an onboard system employing Omnistar real time correction and a spinning gyroscope to provide accurate positioning data in instances of satellite obstruction. All GPS coordinates are tied to an image and linear distance measurements.

GPS SPECIFICATIONS		
Static accuracy	Sub-meter	
Dynamic accuracy	2-3 meters	
Receiver	12 satellite tracking	
Coordinate system	Lat Lon WGS 84	
Environment	Day or night	
Cross-slope	$\pm 1.75\%$	
Grade	$\pm 1.75\%$	
Adherence to specifications	ASTM E1703M-95 (reapproved 2005)	

*NOTE – GPS accuracy is dependent on many different factors. Satellite constellation, tree coverage, GPS receiver quality, and real-time correction availability can all affect the locational and elevation accuracies. The elevation (z coordinate) accuracy is less dependable than locational or horizontal accuracy (x/y coordinates or latitude/longitude). In areas of heavy tree coverage or poor satellite constellations, elevation data can vary by as much as +/- 100 feet.

Appendix B

Methodology for Determining Condition Ratings Using Manual Rating Procedures

Description of Manual Rating Methods

In 2013, the Federal Highway Administration updated existing Manual Rating Procedures in an effort to better align pavement conditions for Manually Rated Routes and Parking with the Highway Pavement Management Application (HPMA). HPMA is the Pavement Management System used by the FHWA to store inventory and condition data from the Road Inventory Program (RIP) and forecast future performance using prediction models. HPMA uses pavement condition data (collected by the Road Inventory Program) to develop life cycles for pavements and recommend treatments to maximize useable pavement life while minimizing costs associated with maintenance and repair.

The Federal Highway Administration (FHWA) developed a set of manual rating methods for pavement that are appropriate for Federal Roadways. Two different methods were developed for linear roads and a separate method was developed for parking areas and nonlinear roads. These methods employ a 0 to 100 rating scale and improve consistency and objectivity in the manual evaluation of surface distresses. They are compatible with ratings that are collected by the automated Data Collection Vehicle (DCV).

- The first of the two manual evaluation methods for roads uses rating criteria to assign index values to each distress type based on a visual evaluation of severity and extent.
- The second manual evaluation method for roads is very time demanding and is best employed on only a select set of routes which may have the highest visitor use and require a more intensive assessment. This method will be used for the Manual Rating of Function Class 1, 2, 7, and 8 Roads. This method is based on measurements that are recorded for each instance of a surface distress. These measurements are converted into index values using conversion formulas.
- Parking areas and non-linear roads are rated similar to the first method shown above, however, there are some slight differences due to the non-linear nature.

The details and criteria used for each of these rating methods are outlined below.

Visual Inspection Method for Manually Rating Secondary Roads

The visual inspection method for manually rated roads uses condition rating criteria that have been developed by FHWA. This criteria is based on a visual evaluation of the severity and extent of distresses to determine the overall condition of the roadway. This method is used for secondary roads that are Functional Class 3, 4, 5, and 6. This constitutes the majority of manually rated roads collected by the Road Inventory Program.

Rating Section Lengths

For this method, Manually Rated Roads are rated in sections. These sections may be made based on length of changes in surface type or condition as described below. The ratings are then aggregated to give an overall rating for the Route:

- Rating sections should be no longer than 0.25 miles in order to keep the area being rated manageable.
- A new rating section may be started based on changes in condition, width, or surface type if these changes represent a significant portion of the route (are not isolated instances).
- If the road condition, width, and surface type remain constant then new sections do not need to be created unless the road exceeds 0.25 miles.

Rating Criteria

For this method, Manually Rated Roads are evaluated using a visual inspection of the six distress types listed below. Each distress is assigned one of five index values. An overall Surface Condition Rating (SCR) and Pavement Condition Rating (PCR) are calculated based on these index values.

- Alligator Cracking
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected
- Longitudinal Cracking
 - o Rating based on severity level (crack width) and percentage of road section length of longitudinal cracks
- Transverse Cracking
 - o Rating based on crack width, crack spacing, and percentage of surface affected
- Patching
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected
- Rutting
 - o Rating based on percentage of road section length affected by visible rutting (>1 inch depth) that requires remediation
- Roughness
 - o Manual assessments of roughness are not made due to the subjectivity of the measurement. Therefore, roughness is not incorporated into the PCR calculation of manually rated roads.

Concrete Routes also receive a PCR rating based on visual evaluation of the following six distress types.

- Slab Faulting at Joints
- Slab Cracking and breakup
- Surface Delamination and Pop-outs
- Joint Distresses
- Patching

Distress Measurement Method for Manually Rating Primary Roads

A more intensive and time demanding assessment than our standard method was developed for Primary roads that are functional class 1, 2, 7, or 8. These high visitation roads are usually accessible by the automated Data Collection Vehicle but in rare instances may need to be manually rated. The method developed is based on measuring each instance of a distress. These measurements are totaled over each section length being measured and are then converted into index values between 0 and 100 (100 being a road with no distress) using index formula equations outlined below. The goal of this method is to produce measured index values which are directly comparable to the automated DCV.

Rating Section Lengths

For the distress measurement method roads are broken into sections in order to rate. Distress measurements are totaled for each section separately in order to determine the index value for that particular section. The section length to be rated is determined based on the following rules:

- Rating sections are between 0.25 and 0.50 miles long
- A new rating section is created if there is a significant change in condition or pavement width
- If there are no significant changes in condition or pavement width, rating sections are broken at equal intervals, typically 0.50 miles

Manual Distress Measurements

Alligator Cracking

- Alligator cracking is measured by area (square feet). Instances of Alligator cracking are measured along the length and multiplied by the average width of the distressed area.
- The index for alligator cracking takes the total area of cracking compared to the interval length and converts it to a percentage. That percentage is then input into an index formula that yields a value between 0 and 100 (0 being the most distressed).
- Severity levels are not defined for manually measured Alligator cracks. The Alligator Crack Index formula is calculated based on an assumption of medium severity.

Longitudinal Cracking

- Longitudinal cracking (cracking in the direction parallel to the roadway) is measured by length (ft.).
- The index for longitudinal cracking takes the total length of cracking compared to the interval length and converts it to a percentage broken down by severity. That percentage is then input into a formula that yields a value between 0 and 100 (0 being the most distressed).
- Two severity levels are defined for manually measured Longitudinal Cracks. Lower severity cracks are those with a mean width of less than 0.25 inches. Sealed cracks with sealant in good condition are also considered lower severity. Higher severity cracks are those with a mean width of greater than 0.25 inches.

Transverse Cracking

- Transverse cracking (cracking in the direction perpendicular to the roadway) is measured by length (ft).
- The index for transverse cracking takes the total number of cracks (1 crack would encompass the full lane) broken down by severity. The total numbers of each severity are then put into a formula that yields a value between 0 and 100 (0 being the most distressed).
- Two severity levels are defined for manually measured Transverse Cracks. Lower severity cracks are those with a mean width of less than or equal to 0.25 inches. Sealed cracks with sealant in

good condition are also considered lower severity. Higher severity cracks are those with a mean width of greater than 0.25 inches.

Patching and Potholes

- Patching and Potholes are measured by area (square feet). Instances of Patching are measured along the length and multiplied by the average width of the patch.
- Instances of full lane width patching cannot be longer than 0.100 miles, otherwise is should be considered a pavement change rather than a distress.
- There are no stratified severities for Patching. It is either present or it is not.

Rutting

- Visible rutting is measured by length (ft.) in each wheel path. Only visible ruts are rated, which are ruts greater than 1 inch deep.
- All rutting recorded in a manual rating is considered to be high severity (> 1 inch). Lesser severities are generally not distinguishable in a visual inspection.

Roughness

• Manual assessments of roughness are not made due to the subjectivity of the measurement. Therefore, roughness is not incorporated into the PCR calculation of manually rated roads.

Index Formulas for Distress Measurement Method:

The method used to convert distress measurements into index values is shown below. The Surface Condition Rating and Pavement Condition Rating are calculated based on these index values.

Alligator Crack Index for Manual Rating:

AC_INDEX = 100 – 40 * (% ALLIGATOR / 15)

Where:

%ALLIGATOR = Percent of total area of section being rated that contains Alligator cracking.

Longitudinal Crack Index for Manual Rating:

 $LC_{INDEX} = 100 - 40 * [(\% LOW / 175) + (\% MED / 75)]$

Where:

%LOW = Percent length of longitudinal cracks where crack width less than or equal to 0.25 inches

%HIGH = Percent length of longitudinal cracks where crack width greater than 0.25 inches

Transverse Crack Index for Manual Rating:

 $TC_INDEX = (100 - 40) * [(LOW / 21.1) + (MED / 4.4)]$

Where:

LOW = Count of the total number of transverse cracks within the section length whereone transverse crack is equal to the lane width and the crack width <= 0.25 inchesHIGH = Count of the total number of transverse cracks within the section length whereone transverse crack is equal to the lane width and the crack width > 0.25 inches Number of cracks is computed as: Total length of transverse cracks/Lane width

Patching Index for Manual Rating:

PATCH_INDEX =(100 – 40) * (%PATCHING / 80)

Where:

%PATCHING = Percentage of pavement section that contains patching/potholes.

Rutting Index for Manual Rating:

RUT_INDEX = 100 - 40 * (% RUTTING / 40)

Where:

%RUTTING = Percentage length of high severity rutting within the section being measured.

Method for Manually Rating Paved Parking Areas and Non-Linear Roads

Parking areas are evaluated based on a visual inspection using condition rating criteria that has been developed by FHWA. This criteria is based on a visual evaluation of the severity and extent of distresses to determine the overall condition of the parking area. This overall condition rating is linked to the level of repair and rehabilitation practices required.

A distress index is determined for each of the distresses listed below for Asphalt and Concrete Parking areas. The overall Pavement Condition Rating (PCR) of the parking lot is driven by the most severe distress present.

Rating Criteria:

Asphalt Parking Distress Types

- Alligator Cracking
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected
- Longitudinal, Transverse and Block cracking
 - o Rating based on crack width, crack spacing, and percentage of surface affected
- Rutting and Distortions
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected
- Hot Mix Asphalt Patches
 - o Rating based on overall percentage of HMA patches
- Potholes and Cold Patches
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected
- Surface Raveling and Bleeding
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected

Concrete Parking Distress Types

- Slab Faulting at Joints
 - o Rating based on height differential between adjacent slabs or pieces of broken slabs
- Slab Cracking and breakup
 - o Rating based on quantity of cracks and if slab is acting to able distribute load as designed
- Surface Delamination and Pop-outs
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected to include pop-outs, spalls and surface delamination
- Joint Distresses
 - o Rating based on sealant condition and concrete distresses at/or adjacent to joints
- Patching
 - o Rating based on percentage of road surface affected

Curb Inspection and Treatments

During inspections of manually rated parking lots and routes, the curb reveal and overall curb condition are evaluated. The curb condition is used to determine a recommendation.

Curb Reveal

The vertical distance on the curb face from the gutter flow line or pavement surface to the top of curb. When resurfacing adjacent to curb, the resulting curb reveal should be no less than 4 inches. Additionally, when resurfacing adjacent to a gutter, the resulting pavement surface should be flush with the gutter pan. In cases where a resurfacing would violate either of these parameters, the surface may need to be milled or removed to adjust to these field conditions.

Curb Recommendations

The following treatment categories are based on the overall percentage of distresses along the entire curb structure for a specific pavement structure. Distresses include spalling, cracking, loss of material and any other damage which prevents the curb from conveying storm runoff or failing to perform in its intended function.

- Overall curb damage ranging 0%-5%: o DO NOTHING
- Overall curb damage ranging 5%-20% o LIGHT REPAIR
- Overall curb damage ranging 20%-50% o MODERATE REPAIR
- Overall curb damage greater than 50%: o REPLACE

GPS for Manually Rated Roads and Parking

GPS information for Manually Collected Cycle 6 Routes will be recorded using the latest hardware and software by TRIMBLE 6000 Series GeoXT. Cycle 6 GPS collection units will allow access to GPS and GLONASS, improving overall GPS reliability, accuracy and precision to submeter accuracy. Additionally, the new GPS units have an enhanced ability to collect accurate signals underneath tree cover or adjacent to buildings or natural terrain with extreme vertical gradations that typically reduce GPS accuracy. Trees and buildings create "satellite shadows", limiting the areas where you can reliably collect high-accuracy GPS data. The updated GPS receiver will deliver improved usable data under tree canopy or in natural or urban canyons. Routes that were previously collected accurately will not be recollected in Cycle 6.

TRIMBLE 6000 SERIES GeoXT GPS SPECIFICATIONS		
Receiver	Trimble Maxwell [™] 6 GNSS chipset	
Channels	220 channels	
Systems	GPS / GLONASS / WAAS	
Accuracy	Sub-meter	
Operation Temperature	-20 °C to +60 °C (-4 °F to +140 °F)	
Cellular and Wireless	UMTS / HSDPA / GPRS / EDGE / Wi-Fi / Bluetooth	
Internal Still Camera w/ GEOTAG ability	Autofocus 5 MP (JPG) and WMV w/ Audio	

Appendix C Description of Cycle 6 Deliverables

Interim Report Delivery

Partial report will be primarily focused on manually collected routes. The report will be released approximately four months after manual collection of parking lots and other manually collected routes to provide NPS an immediate report on the condition of routes collected manually.

The Interim Report Delivery consists of an Interim Report PDF that contains the following:

- Parking lot and manually rated route conditions
- Route ID Reports
- Route ID Changes Report.

Please note that since the Data Collection Vehicle will have not collected data at this point in time, the following will not be in the Interim Report:

- No park summary information will be provided in the report
- No DCV data will be provided in report
- No road logs will be provided in report
- No maps will be provided in report
- Any mileages collected will be approximate

All data provided in the Interim Report will also be included in the Final Report.

Final Report Delivery

The Final Report will contain all data collected by Manual Inspection and the Data Collection Vehicle. All information provided in the Interim Report will be included in the Final report. Manually collected information reported in the Interim Report may be updated in the Final Report if pavement conditions have substantially changed between the Manual Inspection and Data Collection Vehicle Inspection or other unforeseen circumstances.

The final report will be released approximately 8 months after the Data Collection Vehicle completes its collection of that specific park.

Data included in the Final Report package consists of the following:

- Condition Photos: All photos taken during Cycle 6.
- **Data Video:** Data and video of each route collected by the DCV will viewable through PATHVIEW software. PATHVIEW Software and training will be provided to NPS personnel by Eastern Federal Lands.
- **GPS on All Rated Routes:** All GPS data collected from the DCV will be provided. Parking areas, some roads, and other paved areas that are not fully drivable with the DCV are collected manually by field technicians. GPS is collected for these routes using portable Trimble GPS units.
 - o GPS will be provided as Shapefiles and KMLs
 - o All GPS data related to road collection with be linear referenced to the collected length
- **Geodatabase Background and Metadata:** In addition to this park report, a geodatabase containing both tabular and spatial data specific to this park has been provided.
 - All data disseminated in the preceding report has been obtained from the tables and fields within said geodatabase. The geodatabase can be referenced for tabular data via Microsoft Access or for both tabular and spatial data via ESRI's ArcGIS Suite of software which consists of; ArcMap, ArcCatalog and ArcExplorer.
 - Consolidating the RIP data into one database creates a seamless relationship of tables and geographic data. It allows RIP to facilitate easier updates and enhancements in the future. A geodatabase can be thought of as simply a database containing spatial data. A complete and thorough description of the tables and fields contained within this geodatabase can be found in the metadata. The metadata is attached directly within the geodatabase and can be accessed via ESRI's ArcCatalog.
- **Report (RIP Report and Route ID):** A PDF report will be provided that includes a list of all routes and key data. Condition reports for each route will be included. All changes, additions and deletions to any route will be included in the report. Features along routes will not be collected in Cycle 6.

Partial DCV Collections

Additional Partial DCV Collections may be done on specific parks depending on their size and overall mileage of routes within its boundaries during Cycle 6. Parks with greater than 10 miles of paved roadways will receive at least one additional Partial DCV collection during Cycle 6. Data collected during these Partial DCV Collections will not result in the delivery of an additional report to the park.

Data collected by the DCV during Partial DCV Collection will be used to improve HPMA modeling by providing additional "snapshots in time" of park pavement conditions. This improved HMPA modeling will assist in the programing and budgeting of future projects which will help maximize the life of pavement infrastructures.

Instead of receiving a report of conditions collected during the Partial DCV collection, the park will receive a formal letter from the Road Inventory Program requesting coordination for the additional Partial DCV collection, identifying the dates of the Partial DCV Collection and will reinforce the purpose and importance of the Partial DCV Collection.

Appendix D

Glossary of Terms and Abbreviations

Glossary of Term	s and Abbreviations
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TERM OR ABBREVIATION	DESCRIPTION OR DEFINITION
AC	Alligator Cracking
CRS	Condition Rating Sheets (Section 5)
Curb Recommendation	Curb remediation based on overall percentage of curb distress
Curb Reveal	Height of curb exposed from gutter flow line to top of curb
DCV	Data Collection Vehicle
Excellent	Excellent rating with an index value of 95 to 100
Fair	Fair rating with an index value from 61 to 84
FUNCT_CLASS	Functional Classification (see Route ID, Section 2)
Good	Good rating with an index value from 85 to 94
IRI	International Roughness Index
НРМА	Highway Pavement Management Application
Lane Width	Width from road centerline to fogline, or from centerline to edge- of-pavement when no fogline exists
LC	Longitudinal Cracking
MRR	Manually Rated Route
MRL	Manually Rated Line
MRP	Manually Rated Polygon
N/A	Not Applicable
NC	Not Collected
РАТСН	Patching and Potholes
Paved Width	Width from edge-of-pavement to edge-of-pavement
PCR	Pavement Condition Rating
PKG	Parking Area
Poor	Poor rating with an index value of 0 to 60
RCI	Roughness Condition Index
SC	Structural Cracking
SCR	Surface Condition Rating
ТС	Transverse Cracking